
By Mr. Kelleher of Boston, petition of Robert H. Quinn (Attorney General) and John G. Kelleher relative to the penalty for certain fraudulent welfare claims. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-Three.

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR CERTAIN CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR FRAUDULENT WELFARE CLAIMS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 Chapter 18 of the General Laws is hereby amended by
2 striking out section 5B as added by section 6 of chapter 885 of
3 the acts of 1969, and inserting in place thereof the following
4 section: —

5 *Section 5B.* Any person or institution which knowingly
6 makes a false representation to the department of public
7 welfare or the agents, for the purpose of causing any person,
8 including the person making such representations, to be sup-
9 ported in whole or in part by the commonwealth, or for the
10 purpose of procuring a payment under any assistance program
11 administered by the department, shall be punished by a fine of
12 not less than two hundred nor more than five hundred dollars
13 or by imprisonment for not more than one year.

14 Nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent the
15 institution of criminal proceedings for the violation of any
16 other criminal statute of the commonwealth.

of the Committee on Education and Labor, House of Representatives, in response to a resolution of the Senate, passed July 1, 1911, relating to the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

THE AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

As proposed by the President of the United States, and approved by the Senate, July 1, 1911.

1. That the President of the United States shall have the power to nominate and, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint and to remove as many Justices of the Supreme Court as may be necessary.

2. That the President of the United States shall have the power to nominate and, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint and to remove as many Justices of the Supreme Court as may be necessary.

3. That the President of the United States shall have the power to nominate and, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint and to remove as many Justices of the Supreme Court as may be necessary.

4. That the President of the United States shall have the power to nominate and, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint and to remove as many Justices of the Supreme Court as may be necessary.

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