

By Mr. Seibelli of Springfield, petition of Anthony M. Seibelli that the Department of Education be authorized to provide for the education of certain handicapped children in schools or hospitals within or without the Commonwealth. Education.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Four.

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE EDUCATION WITHIN OR WITHOUT THE COMMONWEALTH OF CERTAIN HANDICAPPED CHILDREN.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 Chapter 71 of the General Laws is hereby amended by insert-
2 ing after section 46J the following section:—

3 *Section 46K.* The department may, upon the request of the
4 parents or guardians and with the approval of the governor, send
5 such children afflicted with cerebral palsy and handicapped in
6 speech or hearing as it considers proper subjects for education
7 to any school, hospital, sanatorium or like institution, within
8 or without the commonwealth, affording remedial treatment for
9 children afflicted with cerebral palsy and handicapped in speech
10 or hearing for terms not exceeding twelve years under regulations
11 prescribed by the department. The department may, upon like
12 request and with like approval, continue for longer terms the
13 education of any children therein who are meritorious pupils
14 recommended by the principal or other chief administrative of-
15 ficer of such school, hospital, sanatorium or like institution.

16 The expenses of the instruction and support of such children
17 therein, actually rendered or furnished, including their necessary
18 traveling expenses, whether daily or otherwise, but not exceeding
19 ordinary and reasonable compensation therefor, shall be paid by
20 the commonwealth; but the parents or guardians of such chil-
21 dren, who are able wholly or in part to provide for their support
22 and care, to the extent of their ability may be required by the
23 department to reimburse the commonwealth therefor.

The Commission on Government

Report of the Commission on Government

The Commission on Government was organized by the President in 1955 to study the structure and functions of the Federal Government.

The Commission's report is divided into two main parts: the first part deals with the structure of the Government, and the second part deals with its functions.

The Commission's findings are based on a series of public hearings and a study of the operations of various Federal agencies.

The Commission believes that the present structure of the Federal Government is inefficient and costly.

It recommends that the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches be reorganized to eliminate overlapping functions.

The Commission also recommends that the Federal Government be reorganized to provide for a more efficient and economical operation.

The Commission's recommendations are based on the principle of the separation of powers and the need for a more unified Government.

The Commission believes that these changes are essential for the better government that the people deserve.

The Commission's report is a landmark study of the Federal Government and its future.

The Commission's findings and recommendations are set forth in detail in the report.

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