Don’t just stand there…

Drawing by Ruth Meyers Laider

A Candidate’s Guide to the 2006 State Election

Published by

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Secretary of the Commonwealth

Elections Division, One Ashburton Place, Rm. 1705, Boston, MA 02108
(617) 727-2828 or 1-800-462-VOTE
www.sec.state.ma.us/ele

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Candidate’s Resources

Massachusetts General Laws,
Chapters 50 - 56 are available
in local libraries and on the internet at

Regulations for certifying signatures:
950 CMR §55.00*

State Ethics Commission
One Ashburton Place, Room 619
Boston, MA 02108
(617) 371-9500

The Office of Campaign and Political Finance
One Ashburton Place, Room 411
Boston, MA 02108
(617) 727-8353 or 1-800-462-OCPF

“Election Day Legal Summary”*

“Residence for Voting Purposes”*

“Objections Before the State
Ballot Law Commission”*

Voter Registration and
Absentee Voting Information*

* These materials are available from the
Elections Division or the State Bookstore,
State House, Boston, MA 02133
(617) 727-2834
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### Definitions

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Congress</strong></td>
<td>A term used to describe the United States Senate and House of Representatives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>County Office</strong></td>
<td>A public office that is filled by a vote of the registered voters in all or part of one or more counties. County offices include Sheriff and Clerk of Courts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>District Office</strong></td>
<td>A public office filled by a vote of the registered voters within a particular district of the state. District offices include Governor’s Councillors, State Senators and State Representatives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Election</strong></td>
<td>An event during which registered voters choose people to fill public offices and vote on ballot questions, where applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Federal Office</strong></td>
<td>A public office filled at state elections, held in November of even numbered years, by a vote of the registered voters throughout the state or within a particular district of the state. Federal offices include President, United States Senator and United States Representative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nomination Paper</strong></td>
<td>An official document which must be circulated for the signatures of registered voters and thereafter be properly filed before a candidate’s name may be printed on the ballot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-party Candidate</strong></td>
<td>A candidate who is not enrolled in any political party and who files nomination papers to appear directly on the November general election ballot. Such a candidate is sometimes referred to as an “unenrolled,” “independent,” “minor party,” or “political designation” candidate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Party Candidate</strong></td>
<td>A candidate who is an enrolled member of a recognized political party. Currently there are two recognized political parties in Massachusetts—Democratic and Republican.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Primary</strong></td>
<td>An election in which registered voters nominate party candidates: Democratic and Republican. The names of the winning Democratic and Republican candidates will appear on the November general election ballot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Statewide Office</strong></td>
<td>A public office filled by a vote of the registered voters throughout the state. Statewide offices includes Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Treasurer and Receiver General, and Auditor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unenrolled</strong></td>
<td>A term used to describe a registered voter who is not enrolled in any political party and who is often referred to as “independent.” An unenrolled voter must run for office as a “non-party candidate” (see above).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Offices on the Ballot, November 7, 2006

FEDERAL OFFICES
United States Senator, United States Representative

STATE OFFICES
Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, Treasurer and Receiver General, Auditor, Governor’s Council (all 8 districts) State Senator (all 40 districts) State Representative (all 160 districts)

COUNTY OFFICES
County Commissioner or Franklin Council of Government Committee (except Berkshire, Essex, Hampden, Hampshire, Middlesex, Nantucket, Suffolk, Worcester) District Attorney, Clerk of Courts, Register of Deeds Vacancies (which may occur)

2006 State Election Dates

The state primaries will be held on September 19, 2006.
The state election will be held on November 7, 2006.
# 2006 Massachusetts Election Calendar

## Calendar of Events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomination papers available*</th>
<th>Party and Non-Party Candidates for District and County Offices</th>
<th>Party Candidates For Federal and Statewide Offices</th>
<th>Non-Party Candidates for Federal and Statewide Offices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>February 14</strong></td>
<td><strong>February 14</strong></td>
<td><strong>February 14</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last day for a person running in a state primary to enroll in a party or for a person running only in a state election to unenroll from a party except for newly registered voters.</td>
<td>February 28</td>
<td>March 7</td>
<td>March 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>May 2</strong></td>
<td><strong>May 9</strong></td>
<td><strong>August 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 p.m. Last day and hour for submitting nomination papers to local Registrars of Voters and Election Commissioners for certification of signatures.</td>
<td>May 23</td>
<td>May 30</td>
<td>August 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 p.m. Last day and hour for registrars to complete certification of signatures.</td>
<td>May 25</td>
<td>June 1</td>
<td>August 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 p.m. Last day and hour for candidates to apply for review of non-certified signatures.</td>
<td>May 26</td>
<td>June 5</td>
<td>August 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 p.m. Last day and hour for registrars to complete review of non-certified signatures.</td>
<td>May 30</td>
<td>June 6</td>
<td>August 29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 p.m. Last day and hour for filing nomination papers (including party enrollment or voter registration certificate, Ethics Commission receipt and statement from Office of Campaign and Political Finance regarding campaign spending limits) with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

*Nomination papers may be released earlier; check with the Elections Division.
### Calendar of Events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party and Non-Party Candidates for District and County Offices</th>
<th>Party Candidates For Federal and Statewide Offices</th>
<th>Non-Party Candidates for Federal and Statewide Offices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 p.m. Last day and hour for filing withdrawals of or objections to nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.</td>
<td>June 2</td>
<td>June 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 p.m. Last day and hour for filling vacancies caused by withdrawals.</td>
<td>June 7</td>
<td>June 14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ALL DATES and DEADLINES are the SAME FOR ALL CANDIDATES FROM THIS POINT**

### State Primaries

**SEPTEMBER 19**

| 5 p.m. Last day and hour for filing withdrawals of or objections to nominations at the state primaries. | September 25 |
| 5 p.m. Last day and hour for filling vacancies caused by withdrawals at the state primaries. | September 28 |
| 5 p.m. Last day and hour for filing a written acceptance by write-in or sticker candidates who won a state primary. | October 2 |

**Last day to register voters for the state election: 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. except in towns under 1500 voters – at least 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.**

### State Election

**NOVEMBER 7**

**Last day to register voters for the state primaries and to change party enrollment:** 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. except in towns under 1500 voters – at least 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Age, Residence and Signature Requirements to Run for Office

★ You must be at least 18 years old (exceptions: U.S. Senator – 30 years old; U.S. Representative – 25 years old).

★ You must be a registered voter in Massachusetts.

★ You must fulfill the residence and signature requirements below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Office</th>
<th>Residence Requirements Prior to Date of Election</th>
<th>Signatures Required for Nomination Papers¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>FOR FEDERAL OFFICE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Senator (30 years old)</td>
<td>United States citizen for 9 years, inhabitant of Massachusetts when elected</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Representative (25 years old)</td>
<td>United States citizen for 7 years, inhabitant of Massachusetts when elected</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FOR STATEWIDE OFFICE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governor and Lieutenant Governor</td>
<td>7 years in Massachusetts</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attorney General (must be a member of Massachusetts Bar)</td>
<td>5 years in Massachusetts</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretary of the Commonwealth</td>
<td>5 years in Massachusetts</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treasurer and Receiver General</td>
<td>5 years in Massachusetts</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditor</td>
<td>5 years in Massachusetts</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FOR STATE DISTRICT OFFICE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governor's Councillor</td>
<td>5 years in Massachusetts</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Senator</td>
<td>5 years in Massachusetts, inhabitant of district when elected</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Representative</td>
<td>one year in district</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office</td>
<td>Residence Requirements Prior to Date of Election</td>
<td>Signatures Required for Nomination Papers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District Attorney (must be member of Massachusetts Bar)</td>
<td>resident in district</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>County Commissioner,(^2) or Franklin County of Government Committee (except Berkshire, Essex, Hampden, Hampshire, Middlesex, Nantucket, Suffolk and Worcester Cts.)</td>
<td>(no requirement)</td>
<td>1,000(^{3,4})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>County Treasurer(^5) (except Barnstable, Berkshire, Essex, Franklin, Hampden, Hampshire, Nantucket, Suffolk and Worcester Cts.)</td>
<td>resident in district</td>
<td>1,000(^{3,4})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register of Deeds</td>
<td>resident in district</td>
<td>1,000(^{3,4})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerk of Courts</td>
<td>(no requirement)</td>
<td>1,000(^{3,4})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register of Probate(^5)</td>
<td>(no requirement)</td>
<td>1,000(^{3,4})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff(^5)</td>
<td>(no requirement)</td>
<td>1,000(^{3,4})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. State party rules may impose additional requirements on party candidates.  
   For more information, contact:  
   Massachusetts Democratic Party  
   56 Roland Street,  
   North Lobby, Suite 203  
   Boston, MA 02129  
   (617) 776-2676  
   
   Massachusetts Republican Party  
   85 Merrimac Street, Suite 400  
   Boston, MA 02114  
   (617) 523-5005  

2. Not more than one commissioner may be elected from the same city or town in the county.  
3. Dukes and Nantucket candidates for county office need only 25 signatures.  
4. Barnstable, Berkshire, Franklin and Hampshire candidates for county office, except District Attorney, need only 500 signatures.  
5. To fill vacancies only.
Getting on the Ballot

All candidates for election in November 2006, whether party candidates or non-party or minor party candidates, must file nomination papers in order to have their name printed on the ballot.

A candidate may gain access to the general election ballot in one of two ways:

1. A candidate who is a member of a party and who was nominated in the state primary; OR

2. A non-party candidate who may run in the general state election only.

Caution

Please be aware that you may only qualify in one of the above ways. A candidate must fulfill specific enrollment requirements when running for office.

The filing dates for submitting nomination papers are the same whether a candidate plans to run in the state primary as a party candidate or in the state election as an unenrolled candidate (except for statewide and federal offices).
### Nomination Papers

#### Availability
Nomination papers are available from the Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth in Boston, Springfield, and Fall River and may be picked up or requested by telephone or mail. Candidates may also make exact copies of the official nomination papers for gathering signatures.

#### Time of filing
All candidates for election in November, 2006, whether party candidates or non-party or minor party candidates, must file their nomination papers according to the following schedule.

Nomination papers for party and non-party candidates for district and county offices must be submitted to local registrars of voters or election commissioners for certification of names no later than 5 p.m., Tuesday, May 2, 2006. The papers must then be picked up and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth no later than 5 p.m., Tuesday, May 30, 2006.

Party candidates for federal and statewide offices have one additional week to circulate papers. Their papers must be submitted to local registrars of voters or election commissioners for certification no later than 5 p.m., Tuesday, May 9, 2006. The papers must then be picked up and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth no later than 5 p.m., Tuesday, June 6, 2006.

Non-party candidates for federal and statewide offices must submit their papers to local registrars of voters or election commissioners for certification no later than 5 p.m., Tuesday, August 1, 2006. The papers must then be picked up and filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth no later than 5 p.m., Tuesday, August 29, 2006.

#### File Early
If possible, file nomination papers earlier than the deadline. This allows identification of any errors in time to collect additional signatures if necessary.

At least three of the local registrars of voters or election commissioners must complete certification of names on each nomination paper. Papers must be submitted to local registrars of voters and election commissioners for certification of signatures twenty-eight days before the deadline for filing with the Secretary of the Commonwealth. See the election calendar on pages 4 and 5 for specific dates.

#### Fill in all required information on front of nomination paper.
The name of the candidate, residence,* the office for which he/she is running, political party or political designation and the district name or number must be placed on the nomination paper BEFORE any signatures are gathered (gray areas on nomination papers). Nomination papers without this information cannot be counted!

* Residence must include the candidate's street name and number, if any, and the city or town or some clearly identifiable reference to the city or town. To avoid confusion, this Office recommends using the full name of the city or town.
# How to Run in a Party Primary

## Enrollment requirements

Party candidates for nomination in state primaries must be enrolled members of the party whose nomination they seek and, except for newly registered voters, must be enrolled members of the party throughout the 90 days before the deadline for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth. In addition, no person shall be a candidate for nomination by one party if that person was enrolled in any other party during the one year period preceding the filing date for this election.

## Certificate of Enrollment

Party candidates must PROVE party affiliation by filing with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate of party enrollment signed or stamped by at least three of the local registrars of voters or election commissioners of the city or town where the candidate is a registered voter. At least one such certificate, which is printed on the nomination papers, must be completed and filed no later than the last day for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth. No candidate’s name may appear on a primary ballot without this certificate of enrollment.

## Primary Nomination Papers

Primary nomination papers will place a party candidate’s name on the Democratic or Republican primary ballot. These papers are white in color.

## Name on Ballot Once

Party candidates may not have their name printed on a state primary ballot for nomination for more than one office. They may circulate and file nomination papers for more than one office, but if they do not withdraw from all but one office by the deadline date for withdrawals, that party candidate’s name will not be printed on the ballot at all.

## Fill in Heading

The proper title of the office, district name, name and residence* of the candidate and political party affiliation must be printed or typed, correctly spelled and in the proper place on the front of each nomination paper BEFORE signatures are solicited. Any nomination paper filed without all this information will not be counted (gray areas on nomination papers).

## Statement on Primary Nomination Papers

There is space on the nomination paper where a party candidate may make a statement in not more than eight words listing public offices** they hold or previously held. If they are a former incumbent, the word “former” must be used. If the candidate is now an elected incumbent seeking the same nomination, they may include the phrase “candidate for re-nomination.” The word “veteran” may be used if the candidate is a veteran as defined in section 1 of chapter 31 of the General Laws.

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*Residence must include the candidate’s street name and number, if any, and the city or town or some clearly identifiable reference to the city or town. To avoid confusion, this Office recommends using the full name of the city or town.

**Not every government employee holds a “public office.” Holders of public office must have entrusted to them in some degree the exercise of the power and authority of government. The duties must not be merely clerical, but must involve the exercise of some significant discretion or judgment. The position must not be merely advisory or a political party position. The position must be one which is established by law. A political party position is not a “public office.”
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Statement on Ballot</strong></th>
<th>The statement submitted on the primary nomination papers will appear only on the primary ballot. <em>The only statement which may appear on the state election ballot is “candidate for re-election,”</em> which will appear after a candidate's name who is an elected incumbent.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Written Acceptance</strong></td>
<td>Before filing the papers, the candidate should ensure that at least one of the certified nomination papers contains a written acceptance of nomination personally signed by either the candidate or an attorney authorized by the candidate in writing. Although the candidate does not have to sign the acceptance space on all nomination papers, the candidate should sign several certified papers to be sure that ONE of the papers which is ultimately filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth will have the written acceptance on it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Receipt from State Ethics Commission</strong></td>
<td>For the papers to be valid, the candidate must also file a receipt from the State Ethics Commission showing that they have filed a statement of financial interest with them, unless they are a candidate for federal office. The receipt must be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth by the filing deadline. Forms and instructions for the statement of financial interest may be obtained from the State Ethics Commission, One Ashburton Place, Room 619, Boston, MA 02108, or call (617) 371-9500.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Receipt from Office of Campaign and Political Finance</strong> (for statewide candidates only)</td>
<td>Prior to the deadline for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, statewide candidates must file a statement with the Office of Campaign and Political Finance indicating whether the candidate agrees to limit campaign spending as outlined in Massachusetts General Laws chapter 55A. Candidates who DO NOT agree to limit spending may be required to file an additional statement of intended spending with the Office of Campaign and Political Finance prior to the deadline for filing withdrawals of nominations for the state primary. The name of a statewide candidate who does not file such statement(s) shall not appear on the state primary ballot and/or state election ballot. For more information, contact the Office of Campaign and Political Finance, One Ashburton Place, Room 411, Boston, MA 02108, or call (617) 727-8352.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of Signatures</strong></td>
<td>A candidate’s name will appear on the ballot only if they file nomination papers with the number of certified signatures as required on page 6 or 7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Who May Sign</strong></td>
<td>Primary nomination papers may be signed only by registered voters who are enrolled in the SAME political party as the candidate or who are not enrolled in any party (unenrolled). Other signatures will be disallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>On to the State Election</strong></td>
<td>Winners of the party primaries will be the party candidates in the election.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# How to Run as a Non-Party Candidate in the Election

## Non-Party Candidates
Candidates who are not enrolled in any political party (sometimes referred to as unenrolled, independent, minor-party candidates or political designation) must also circulate nomination papers. These papers will put candidates’ names directly on the state election ballot in November. These candidates do not run in the state primaries. Nomination papers are either yellow or beige depending on the office sought.

## Must be Unenrolled
Non-party candidates cannot be enrolled in any political party in order to qualify to have their name printed directly on the general election ballot. Furthermore, non-party candidates for the state election cannot have been enrolled in a political party between **February 28, 2006** (if they are a candidate for district or county office) or **March 7, 2006** (if they are a candidate for federal or statewide office) and the deadline for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

## Certificate of Registration
Non-party candidates must file a certificate proving that they are a registered voter and has not been enrolled in a political party during the proper period before the deadline for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth (see section above). At least one of these certificates of registration, which are printed on the nomination papers, must be signed or stamped by at least three of the local registrars of voters or election commissioners of the city or town where the candidate is a registered voter and filed no later than the last day for filing nomination papers. No non-party candidate’s name may appear on the general election ballot without this voter registration certificate.

## Fill in Heading
The proper title of the office, district name, residence* of the candidate and political designation must be printed or typed, correctly spelled and in the proper place on each nomination paper, **BEFORE** signatures are solicited. Any nomination paper filed without all this information will not be counted (gray areas on nomination papers).

*Residence must include the candidate’s street name and number, if any, and the city or town or some clearly identifiable reference to the city or town. To avoid confusion, this Office recommends using the full name of the city or town.
### Designation
Non-party candidates may state their political designation in no more than three words. Non-party candidates may NOT use the words “Democratic” or “Republican” as part of their designation on the nomination papers. If a non-party candidate places no political designation on their papers, the designation “unenrolled” will appear on the ballot.

### Written Acceptance
Before filing the papers, candidates should be sure that at least one of the certified nomination papers contains a written acceptance of nomination personally signed by either the candidate or an attorney authorized by the candidate in writing. Although the candidate does not have to sign the acceptance space on all nomination papers, the candidate should sign several certified papers to be sure that ONE of the papers which is ultimately filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth will have the written acceptance on it.

### Receipt from State Ethics Commission
For non-party papers to be valid, a candidate must also file a receipt from the State Ethics Commission showing that they have filed a statement of financial interest with them, unless they are a candidate for federal office. The receipt must be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth by the filing deadline. Forms and instructions for the statement of financial interest may be obtained from the State Ethics Commission, One Ashburton Place, Room 619, Boston, MA 02108, or call (617) 371-9500.

### Receipt from Office of Campaign and Political Finance (for statewide candidates only)
Prior to the deadline for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, statewide candidates must file a statement with the Office of Campaign and Political Finance indicating whether the candidate agrees to limit campaign spending as outlined in Massachusetts General Laws chapter 55A. Candidates who DO NOT agree to limit spending may be required to file an additional statement of intended spending with the Office of Campaign and Political Finance prior to the deadline for filing withdrawals of nominations for the state primary. The name of a statewide candidate who does not file such statement(s) shall not appear on the state primary ballot and/or state election ballot. For more information, contact the Office of Campaign and Political Finance, One Ashburton Place, Room 411, Boston, MA 02108, or call (617) 727-8352.

### Number of Signatures
A non-party candidate’s name will appear on the ballot only if they file nomination papers with the number of certified signatures as required on page 6 or 7.

### Who May Sign
The papers may be signed by any registered voter.
## Signatures on Nomination Papers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedures</th>
<th>The procedures described below are essentially the same for both types of papers. To be certified, all signatures on nomination papers must be legible and signed in person with the name substantially as registered, with the address at which they are registered. Signers must use street addresses, and not mailing addresses such as post office box numbers.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How Voter’s Name Should Be Written</td>
<td>The law allows a voter to insert or omit a middle name or initial. A married woman should sign “Helen Smith” not “Mrs. John Smith.” Do not use nicknames or initials in place of given names. To avoid legal objections it is wise to consult a voting list if available and sign as registered. Voters who are unsure of the way they are registered may sign in different ways on consecutive lines (with addresses each time) and the registrar will then certify only the valid name. The law directs registrars to certify the signature if they can reasonably determine the identity of the voter from the form of the signature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voter Must Sign for Self</td>
<td>Persons who are prevented from signing by physical disability may authorize another individual to sign for them in the voter’s presence. No person may sign for another unless the voter is physically disabled as above. One spouse may not sign for another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count How Many Signed</td>
<td>A voter may sign once for each candidate for an office. If a voter signs more than once for the same candidate, that voter’s name will be certified only once. Additional signatures will be disallowed. Voters may sign for as many different candidates as they wish, even for the same office.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Another Municipality, Another Paper</td>
<td>Each nomination paper should contain signatures of registered voters from only ONE city or town. At least three of the registrars of the city or town where the signers are registered voters may certify that each signature is that of a registered voter in their jurisdiction. Names from other communities on that sheet will be disallowed. If a candidate is running for an office in a district that crosses city or town lines, separate nomination papers should be circulated and submitted to each community.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collect Extra Signatures</td>
<td>Candidates should collect more signatures than required because many may be disallowed either in the certification process or through challenges. Registrars are required by law to certify two-fifths more than the number of signatures required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Review Procedures for Local registrars must complete certification of nomination papers seven
days before the deadline for filing with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

If the total number of signatures certified by the registrar is less than 10% in excess
of the number required for the office that the candidate seeks, the candidate may
request a review by the registrars of signatures not certified. The request for review
must be submitted to the registrars no later than 48 hours after their deadline for cer-
tifying your papers. A list of those signatures must be presented to the registrars, who
must complete their review no later than 24 hours before the filing deadline with the
Secretary of the Commonwealth (see calendar).

### Objections

#### Challenges

A candidate's nomination may be challenged by a registered voter of the district within
three days following the date for filing nomination papers with the Secretary of the
Commonwealth. Written objections to nominations are filed with the State Ballot
Law Commission at the Secretary of the Commonwealth's Elections Division. For
details see “Objections Before the State Ballot Law Commission,” a publication avail-
able from the Elections Division or The State Bookstore.

#### Reasons for Challenge

There are many reasons for a challenge. Past challenges have included: forged signa-
tures, candidate does not meet legal requirements, signers not registered voters.

#### Hearing

*When an objection is filed, the candidate receives notice in writing that a hearing
will be held before the State Ballot Law Commission. It is advisable to have a law-
yer present since the hearing often involves technical requirements. The Elections
Division can provide further information about the procedure.*

### Penalties

#### Penalties

The law provides for a penalty of not more than $50 for subscribing falsely to a
statement on a primary nomination paper. The act of falsely or willfully altering the
designation of the district after signatures have been certified, or for falsely making
or willfully altering, defacing, mutilating, destroying, suppressing or unlawfully sign-
ing, or filing a nomination paper is punishable by a fine of not more than $1000 or
imprisonment for not more than one year.
**Campaign Finance Activity**

| Reporting Contributions and Expenditures | The law requires that campaign expenses and contributions be reported by candidates seeking election at every level of government. The Director of Campaign and Political Finance is responsible for receiving and maintaining records for all candidates in the primaries and election, except candidates for federal office. Candidates for state office may obtain detailed information on reporting procedures and dates from the Director of Campaign and Political Finance, One Ashburton Place, Room 411, Boston, MA 02108, (617) 727-8352 or 1-800-462-OCPF. Candidates for federal office file with the Federal Election Commission, 999 E Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20463, 1-800-424-9530. |
| Keep Complete Records                  | All candidates and political committees must record money or other things of value received from all sources, and all expenditures and disbursements must be reported and detailed records kept. Laws relating to campaign contributions and expenses are quite detailed and explicit and must be followed carefully. |
Signature Check List

☐ Get signatures from ONE city or town ONLY on each nomination paper. Make certain that signers can vote for the candidate. Signatures from another city or town or across district lines will not be counted. District boundaries may be checked on the list of districts available from the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

☐ All signatures must be legible and written substantially as registered. The law allows a voter to insert or omit a middle name or initial and still have the signature deemed valid. Do not use nicknames or initials in place of full names. Married women should sign “Helen Smith” not “Mrs. John Smith.” It is wise to have a list of registered voters or a street listing with you to verify the exact form of registration. City and town clerks are required by law to make one copy of these available free to candidates. The law provides, that if the registrars can determine the identity of the voter from the form of the signature, the signature must be certified.

☐ Nominating petitions require the voter’s present address. Signers must use street addresses, not mailing addresses such as post office box numbers.

☐ If a voter signs incorrectly or makes any error, do not erase or make changes. Leave the incorrect line intact and ask the voter to sign again on the next line. An altered or illegible signature may be disallowed or challenged.

☐ To be certified on primary nomination papers, signers must be members of the candidate’s party or not enrolled in any party.

☐ Be sure to collect and submit more signatures than the required number because many may be disqualified.

Notes:
Candidate’s Check List

☐ Be certain you are a registered voter in the district from which you plan to run.

☐ Check the deadline for filing nomination papers for the office you seek in the calendar on page 4 and in the special section “Nomination Papers” on page 9.

☐ Review the election calendar on pages 4 and 5. Note the days and dates carefully; consider holidays.

☐ Obtain white nomination papers to run in the primary, or yellow, or beige to run as a non-party candidate in the election. Fill in the top portion of nomination papers carefully with name and address, office, district, party or political designation, etc., BEFORE you circulate the papers. Any nomination paper filed without this information will not be counted (gray areas on nomination papers).

☐ Be sure to sign the written acceptance line on a number of your nomination papers. For primary papers, fill in your statement of public offices you hold or have held if you wish to do so.

☐ Don’t miss the deadline date for submitting nomination papers to local registrars of voters or election commissioners for certification. The deadlines for candidates for statewide and federal office are later than those for candidates for other offices; check both sets of deadline dates carefully. Try to get papers to local registrars earlier than the deadline if possible.

☐ Submit more than the required number of signatures to your local registrars for certification. If many signatures are challenged or disallowed, you may fall short of the required number. Be sure the signatures are from the proper district and party, with the name and address properly filled in.

☐ If you have fewer than 10% above the number of signatures required for the office you seek, you may consider requesting a review by local registrars of signatures not certified.

☐ Pick up the certified papers from the local election officials and don’t miss the deadline for filing with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

☐ Be sure to file at least one paper with your certificate of enrollment or certificate of voter registration signed by at least three of your local registrars.

☐ Be sure to file the receipt from the State Ethics Commission (except candidates for federal office). Statewide candidates must file a receipt from the Office of Campaign and Political Finance.

☐ After the papers are filed you may wish to check the papers of other candidates to see if there is any reason for challenge.