

# HOUSE . . . . No. 1284

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By Mr. Wisniowski of Chicopee (by request), petition of Matthew Zawidowski that the city of Chicopee be authorized to increase the membership of its board of aldermen and to change the method of electing said aldermen. Cities.

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## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fifty-Five.

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE CITY OF CHICOPEE TO INCREASE THE MEMBERSHIP OF ITS BOARD OF ALDERMEN AND TO CHANGE THE METHOD OF ELECTING SUCH ALDERMEN.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. The board of aldermen of the city of  
2 Chicopee shall consist of eleven members, of whom two  
3 shall be elected by the qualified voters of the entire  
4 city and one shall be elected from each ward by the  
5 qualified voters of such ward. In case any alderman  
6 shall remove to another ward in the city subsequent to  
7 his election, such removal shall not disqualify him from  
8 performing the duties of his office during the term for  
9 which he was elected.

1 SECTION 2. So much of chapter two hundred and  
2 thirty-nine of the acts of eighteen hundred and ninety-  
3 seven, and acts in amendment thereof or in addition  
4 thereto, as is inconsistent with any provision of this act,  
5 is hereby repealed.

1 SECTION 3. This act shall take full effect upon its ac-  
2 ceptance, by a vote of the board of aldermen of the city  
3 of Chicopee, but not otherwise.

Be it remembered that on the 12th day of March 1884  
 I, the Clerk of the House of Representatives, have caused to be printed  
 the following report of the Committee on the subject of the  
 proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States  
 and the report of the Committee on the subject of the  
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## THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

As amended by the several Amendments thereto

As printed by the Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1884.

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Section 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch in that State.

Section 3. The Senate shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for a Term of six Years; and they shall hold their Offices until their Successors be chosen.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law alter or change the Time, Places or Manner of holding such Elections, except as to the Places of Senators.

Section 5. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at Noon on the 3d day of January; but they may adjourn to other Days within the same Session, and may from Time to Time adjourn to other Cities.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive Compensation for their Services, as well as Allowances for Expenses actually incurred by them in the Discharge of their Duties, such Allowances to include Travel Expenses, and such other Expenses as may be necessary to enable them to discharge their Duties in that behalf.

Section 7. No Senator or Representative shall receive any other Emolument from the United States, or any State, during the Time for which he shall be elected.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to fix the Standard of Weights and Measures, to coin Money, to regulate the Value of Money, to define Counterfeiting, to punish Counterfeiting, to define Piracy and Felonies on the high Seas, to define Offenses against the Law of Nations, to declare War, to grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, to raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money for that Purpose shall be for a longer Term than two Years; to raise and support Navies, to make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces, to exercise exclusive Legislation over all Districts which may be erected by the Congress, to exercise exclusive Legislation over all Territory which may be acquired by the United States, to exercise Power over all Federal Lands, to constitute Tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court, to define and punish Offenses against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Offenses against the United States, and to define and punish Offenses against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Offenses against the United States, and to define and punish Offenses against the Law of Nations.