

HOUSE No. 1456

By Mr. Feeney of Boston, petition of Anna M. Conroy for establishing the office of principal law clerk in the Division of Employment Security. Civil Service.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fifty-Nine.

AN ACT RELATIVE TO THE STATUS OF THE POSITION OF PRINCIPAL
LAW CLERK, DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 The incumbent on requisition #70846Z, division of employ-
2 ment security, shall be considered to be permanently employed
3 under General Laws, chapter thirty-one, in the position of
4 principal law clerk, division of employment security, without
5 being required to pass a qualifying examination or serving a
6 probationary period. Said position of principal law clerk, divi-
7 sion of employment security, shall be placed in Job Group 13,
8 effective July first, nineteen hundred and fifty-nine.

If the House of Representatives shall have passed any bill or resolution which shall be reported to the Senate, and the Senate shall have passed any bill or resolution which shall be reported to the House, and the two Houses shall have passed the same in the same sense, the same shall have the force and effect of a law.

ARTICLE III

Section 1

The judicial power shall extend to all cases of law or equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States; to all cases affecting ambassadors, consuls and vice consuls of foreign nations; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to disputes between two or more States, between two or more States and citizens of another State, between two or more States and citizens of the same State, and between citizens of different States, except cases affecting consuls or vice consuls of foreign nations, in which the States shall be parties. In all the above cases, save those affecting consuls or vice consuls of foreign nations, the United States shall, if a party, be one of the parties. In cases affecting consuls or vice consuls of foreign nations, the United States shall, if a party, be one of the parties, and the States shall be parties. In all the above cases, the United States shall, if a party, be one of the parties, and the States shall be parties. In all the above cases, the United States shall, if a party, be one of the parties, and the States shall be parties.