SENATE . . . No. 66

To accompany the petition of the Arkwright Club, by William F. Garcelon, secretary, for legislation relative to the hours of employment of women. Labor and Industries.

The Commonwealth of Wassachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-Seven.

An Act relative to Hours of Employment of Women.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Section fifty-six of chapter one hundred and
- 2 forty-nine of the General Laws as amended by
- 3 chapter two hundred and eighty of the acts of
- 4 nineteen hundred and twenty-one is hereby
- 5 amended by inserting after the word "week"
- 6 in the twenty-third line thereof the following: —
- 7 and except further that in manufacturing es-
- 8 tablishments engaged in the spinning or knitting
- 9 or weaving or finishing of cotton yarns or cotton
- 10 cloth fabrics including the bleaching, dyeing or
- 11 printing thereof the number of hours that
- 12 women may be employed in any one day may
- 13 exceed nine but not ten and in any week may
- 14 exceed forty-eight but not fifty-four, provided
- 15 that the total of such hours in any year shall not
- 16 exceed an average of forty-eight hours a week
- 17 for the whole year excluding Sundays and

18 holidays, — so as to read as follows: — Section 19 56. No child and no woman shall be employed 20 in laboring in any factory or workshop, or in 21 any manufacturing, mercantile, mechanical es-22 tablishment, telegraph office or telephone ex-23 change, or by any express or transportation 24 company, or in any laundry, hotel, manicuring 25 or hairdressing establishment, motion picture 26 theatre, or as an elevator operator, or as switch-27 board operator in a private exchange, more 28 than nine hours in any one day except that 29 hotel employees who are not employed in a 30 manufacturing, mercantile or mechanical estab-31 lishment connected with a hotel may be em-32 ployed more than nine but not more than ten 33 hours in any one day; and in no case shall 34 the hours of labor exceed forty-eight in a week, 35 except that in manufacturing establishments 36 where the employment is determined by the 37 department to be by seasons, the number of 38 such hours in any week may exceed forty-eight, 39 but not fifty-two, provided that the total 40 number of such hours in any year shall not 41 exceed an average of forty-eight hours a week 42 for the whole year, excluding Sundays and 43 holidays; and if any child or woman shall be 44 employed in more than one such place, the 45 total number of hours of such employment 46 shall not exceed forty-eight hours in any one 47 week; and except further that in manufacturing 48 establishments engaged in the spinning or knit-49 ting or weaving or finishing of cotton yarns of

50 cotton cloth fabrics including the bleaching, 51 dyeing or printing thereof the number of hours 52 that women may be employed in any one day 53 may exceed nine but not ten and in any week 54 may exceed forty-eight but not fifty-four, pro-55 vided that the total of such hours in any year 56 shall not exceed an average of forty-eight hours 57 a week for the whole year excluding Sundays 58 and holidays. Every employer, except those 59 hereinafter designated, shall post in a con-60 spicuous place in every room where such per-61 sons are employed a printed notice stating the 62 number of hours, work required of them on each 63 day of the week, the hours of beginning and 64 stopping work, and the hours when the time 65 allowed for meals begins and ends, or, in case 66 of mercantile establishments and of establish-67 ments exempted from sections ninety-nine and 68 one hundred, the time, if any, allowed for meals. 69 The employment of any such person at any 70 time other than as stated in said printed notice 71 shall be deemed a violation of this section 72 unless it appears that such employment was to 73 make up time lost on a previous day of the 74 same week in consequence of the stopping of 75 machinery upon which such person was em-76 ployed or dependent for employment; but no 77 stopping of machinery for less than thirty 78 consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime 79 employment, nor shall such overtime employ-80 ment be authorized until a written report of 81 the day and hour of its occurrence and its

82 duration is sent to the department, nor shall 83 such overtime employment be authorized be-84 cause of the stopping of machinery for the 85 celebration of any holiday. Every employer 86 engaged in furnishing public service, or in any 87 other kind of business in respect to which the 88 department shall find that public necessity or 89 convenience requires the employment of children 90 or women by shifts during different periods or 91 parts of the day, shall post in a conspicuous 92 place in every room where such persons are 93 employed a printed notice stating separately 94 the hours of employment for each shift or tour 95 of duty and the amount of time allowed for 96 meals. A list by name of the employees, 97 stating in which shift each is employed, shall 98 be kept on file at each place of employment for 99 inspection by employees and by officers charged 100 with the enforcement of the law. In cases of 101 extraordinary emergency or extraordinary public 102 requirement, this section shall not apply to 103 employers engaged in public service or in other 104 kinds of business in which shifts may be re-105 guired as hereinbefore stated; but in such 106 cases no employment in excess of the hours 107 hereby authorized shall be considered as legal-108 ized until a written report of the day and hour 109 of its occurrence and its duration is sent to 110 the department.