

# HOUSE . . . . . No. 858

By Mr. Dolan of Ipswich, petition of John F. Dolan for legislation to establish an assistance program within the Council for the Aging for local programs in cities and towns. State Administration.

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Five.

### AN ACT ESTABLISHING AN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM WITHIN THE COUNCIL FOR THE AGING FOR LOCAL PROGRAMS IN CITIES AND TOWNS.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 6 of the General Laws is hereby amended  
2 by adding after section 73 the following new section:—  
3 *Section 73A.* The council for the aging shall establish a pro-  
4 gram to assist the cities and towns, which have established local  
5 councils for the aging under the provisions of section eight B of  
6 chapter forty, in the development and maintenance of programs  
7 and projects of local councils for the aging. Said council may,  
8 from funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of this sec-  
9 tion, reimburse any city or town for funds expended by it in  
10 the development and maintenance of their local programs and  
11 projects for the aged, in accordance with the provisions of  
12 clause Forty-nine of section five of chapter forty, but in no event  
13 shall the total of such reimbursement to any city or town exceed  
14 fifty per cent of the annual appropriation of any such city or  
15 town, and there shall be no reimbursement until all such pro-  
16 grams and projects are approved subject to any rules and regu-  
17 lations which may be required by the council for the aging under  
18 the provisions of section seventy-three of chapter six.

1 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

The Constitution of the United States

As amended by the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, and Nineteenth Amendments

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: AS AMENDED BY THE THIRTEENTH, FOURTEENTH, FIFTEENTH, AND NINETEENTH AMENDMENTS.

WE THE PEOPLE of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do hereby adopt this Constitution for the United States of America.

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for a Term of six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Senators of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 4. The Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 5. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at noon on the 3d day of January, but they may adjourn from time to time, and may by Law change the Day on which they shall assemble.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Clerks of both Houses, when they shall be actually in the Service of their respective Houses, shall, in addition to their other Incomes, have certain Privileges and Immunities.

Section 7. No Senator or Representative shall, during the Time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil Office under the Authority of the United States.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to punish Counterfeiting of Securities and current Coin, to establish Post Offices and Post Roads, to promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries; to grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, to regulate the Militia, to provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, to suppress Insurrections, and to repel Invasions; to provide and organize an Army, to provide and organize a Navy, to make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces, to exercise exclusive Legislation over all Districts which may be erected by the Congress, to exercise exclusive Legislation over all Cases respecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, to exercise Power over all Cases of Impeachment.

Section 9. The Migration or Importation of Persons, any Time, may be regulated by Congress, but the Tax or Duty thereon shall not exceed Ten Dollars per Head.