

HOUSE No. 1808

By Mr. Boeko of Billerica, petition of Stanley J. Boeko and James J. Long that the Metropolitan District Commission be authorized to discharge additional surplus water into the Sudbury River. Metropolitan Affairs.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Six.

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COMMISSION TO DISCHARGE ADDITIONAL SURPLUS WATER INTO THE SUDBURY RIVER.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 When, in the opinion of the metropolitan district commis-
2 sion, hereinafter called the commission, sufficient water is
3 available in the reservoirs of the metropolitan water district,
4 the commission is hereby authorized to release water from its
5 Sudbury reservoir system into the Sudbury river for the pur-
6 pose of increasing the flow of the Concord river at Billerica
7 during periods of low river flows. The maximum flow to be re-
8 leased under this act, together with that released under the
9 provisions of section three of chapter five hundred and fifty-
10 seven of the acts of the year one thousand nine hundred and
11 forty-seven, shall not exceed thirty million gallons in any cal-
12 endar day.

13 The amounts of water so released under this act shall be in
14 such amounts and for such periods of time as requested in writ-
15 ing by the town of Billerica subject to the approval of the com-
16 mission, the department of public health and the water re-
17 sources commission; and the water so released shall be paid for
18 by the town of Billerica at a price to be agreed upon by the
19 commission and the town prior to the release of any water un-
20 der the provisions of this act.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

Article I, Section 1

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Senators of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law alter or add to the Rules and Regulations therefor.

Section 5. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at noon on the 3d day of January, but they may adjourn from time to time, and may hold a special Session in any State, at the Call of the President; and the Congress may determine the Rules of its Proceedings.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, which shall be ascertained from Time to Time by the Congress.

Section 7. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to emit and put to Pass, and to regulate the Value of Money, the Coinage and the Use of Bank Notes, and to regulate the Value of Money, the Coinage and the Use of Bank Notes, and to regulate the Value of Money, the Coinage and the Use of Bank Notes.