

Accompanying the fourth recommendation of the Division of Personnel Administration (House, No. 126). Public Service.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-Nine.

AN ACT REDUCING THE LENGTH OF ELIGIBILITY UPON A LABOR SERVICE REGISTER TO TWO YEARS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 Section 28 of Chapter 31, of the General Laws is hereby amended
2 by striking out the first paragraph and inserting in place thereof the
3 following paragraphs: —

4 Except as provided in the last paragraph of this section, the names
5 of persons who apply for employment in the labor service of the
6 commonwealth and of the cities and towns shall be registered and
7 placed, in the order of the dates on which they file their applications,
8 on the registers for the titles for which they apply and qualify. The
9 name of any such person shall remain on such register for no more
10 than two years subject to a renewal of application pursuant to this
11 section. Such person shall continue to be eligible for appointment
12 from any such register and shall maintain his place on such register if
13 he renews his application during the six months immediately prior
14 to the expiration of his period of eligibility. Such continuing
15 eligibility shall have a duration of no more than two years after the
16 date of expiration of the original two year period. An application
17 filed later than such expiration date will not be accepted, and the
18 applicant who filed such late renewal will be required to file a new
19 application and will be placed on the register as of the new date of
20 registration.

The Constitution of the United States

Article I, Section 1, Clause 1

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 1. The legislative Power shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Senators of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law alter or add to the Rules and Regulations of the States relative to the Elections of Senators and Representatives.

Section 5. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at Noon on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law provide for the Day on which they shall assemble.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive Compensation for their Services, which shall be ascertained from Time to Time by the Congress.

Section 7. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to emit and put to Pass, and to receive and regulate the Value of Money, and to fix the Standard of Weights and Measures.