

HOUSE No. 1562

By Mr. Morrill of Haverhill, petition of Leo J. Ryan that attendance and welfare officers be authorized to provide food, clothing and temporary care for children who may be in want. Public Welfare.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-Five.

An Act authorizing Attendance and Welfare Officers to provide Food, Clothing or Temporary Care for all Children in Want.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 Chapter one hundred and nineteen of the General
2 Laws is hereby amended by striking out section
3 fifty, as appearing in the Tercentenary edition, and
4 inserting in place thereof the following:—
5 *Section 50.* Where such children are found with
6 or without parents or guardians, or in charge of
7 such parents or guardians as such officers deem
8 unfit to care for children by reason of mental
9 incapacity, dissolute habits or poverty, they shall
10 provide food or clothing, or for the temporary care
11 of such children until proceedings may be had
12 against them, if necessary, under sections forty-two
13 to forty-seven, inclusive.

The Commission on Government

The Commission on Government was organized on July 1, 1955, to study the structure and functions of the Federal Government. It was composed of representatives from various branches of the Government, including the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches, as well as representatives from the States and the private sector.

The Commission's mandate was to identify areas of overlap and inefficiency in the Federal Government and to propose reforms to improve the effectiveness of the Government's operations. The Commission held numerous public hearings and received extensive input from interested parties.

Key findings of the Commission include the need for a more unified executive branch, the consolidation of overlapping agencies, and the strengthening of the legislative process. The Commission's report, released in 1956, provided a comprehensive blueprint for the restructuring of the Federal Government.

The Commission's work has had a significant impact on the development of the modern Federal Government, leading to the creation of the Executive Order 11811 and the subsequent reorganization of the Federal Executive Branch.