

By Mr. Armstrong of Plymouth, petition of Francis P. Shea and others (selectmen) for the abolition of representative town government by limited town meetings in the town of Plymouth. TOWNS.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Two.

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE ABOLITION OF REPRESENTATIVE TOWN GOVERNMENT BY LIMITED TOWN MEETINGS IN THE TOWN OF PLYMOUTH.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The representative town government by limited
2 town meetings is hereby abolished in the town of Plymouth.

1 SECTION 2. This act shall be submitted to the voters of the
2 town of Plymouth at the biennial state election to be held in
3 the current year in the form of the following question which
4 shall be placed upon the official ballot to be used in said town
5 at said election: — “Shall an act passed by the general court in
6 the year nineteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled ‘An Act pro-
7 viding for the abolition of representative town government by
8 limited town meetings in the town of Plymouth’ be accepted?”
9 The provisions of this act shall take effect on January first,
10 nineteen hundred and sixty-three, if accepted by a majority of
11 the voters voting on the question.

1 SECTION 3. If the provisions of section two aforesaid are ac-
2 cepted as provided therein, upon the effective date indicated the
3 regular town meeting form of government shall be reinstated in
4 the town of Plymouth.

HOUSE

The Commission of Government

The Commission of Government was established by the Government of the United Kingdom in 1880 to investigate the administration of the Government of India.

The Commission was composed of three members, one of whom was to be appointed by the Government of India, and two by the Government of the United Kingdom.

The Commission was to report to the Government of the United Kingdom on the administration of the Government of India, and to recommend such measures as might be necessary for the improvement of the same.

The Commission was to have full powers to inquire into the administration of the Government of India, and to report thereon to the Government of the United Kingdom.

The Commission was to have access to all the papers and documents of the Government of India, and to all the officers and servants of the Government of India.