

HOUSE No. 3222

Substituted by the House, on motion of Mr. Howard of Westminster, for a Bill regulating advertisements and contracts of schools offering civil service courses (House, No. 416, changed). January 31.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Two.

AN ACT REGULATING ADVERTISEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SCHOOLS OR PERSONS OFFERING CIVIL SERVICE COURSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Chapter 271 of the General Laws is hereby amended by in-
- 2 serting after section 47 the following section:—
- 3 *Section 48.* Any school or person offering courses in prepara-
- 4 tion for civil service examinations shall cause to be printed in
- 5 bold type on all its advertisements and circulars and all con-
- 6 tracts to be entered into with prospective students a statement
- 7 that disabled veterans who qualify for appointment must be
- 8 given preference for appointment over veterans and non-veterans
- 9 and that veterans must be given preference over non-veterans.
- 10 Whoever violates the provisions of this section shall be punished
- 11 by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars.

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HOUSE

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

ARTICLE I

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors in that State.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Senators in that State.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may, by Law, alter or change in any or all of those Things the Times, Places and Manner of holding such Elections, when they may be necessary.

Section 5. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at Noon on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law provide for another Day.

Section 6. The Congress shall have the sole Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Taxes and Duties shall be Uniform throughout the United States.

Section 7. All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments as on other Bills.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to issue Patents and Copyrights, to promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries; to grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations; to establish inferior Courts, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations; to declare War, to issue Letters of Marque and Reprisal, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations; to grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations; to grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations.