General Passaga, Commanding the 32d French Army Corps, congratulating Brigadier-General Peter E. Traub, commanding 51st Infantry Brigade, at the decoration, Manoncourt, France, June 11, 1918.

2d Lieutenant Daniel Willard, 102d Field Artillery, being decorated with the Croix de Guerre for conspicuous bravery. Manoncourt, France, June 11, 1918.
Infantry and Artillery Bands of the 26th Division playing the Star Spangled Banner and the Marseillaise. Meaux, France, July 4, 1918.
French Mothers Paying their Respects to the Sons of American Mothers on Memorial Day. Menil-la-Tour, France, June 3, 1918.

Bridge at Château-Thierry crossing the Marne, which was blown up by French and Americans in German advance on Paris, June 18, 1918. Château-Thierry, France.
Major-General Edwards, Commanding 26th Division, and Brigadier-General Traub, Commanding 51st Infantry Brigade, 26th Division, congratulating men in their command for excellent work. Decorating men for conspicuous bravery, June 11, 1918.

French Officer, Lieutenant P. Brousset, and Colonel Edward L. Logan.
Exterior of Hotel Lotti, Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors’ Information Bureau, Dr. Morton Prince in charge, Paris, France, June 24, 1918.

102d Field Artillery Band entertaining both the French Civilians and American Soldiers on a Sunday Afternoon. Trondes, France, June 23, 1918.
View of Damage done by Shell Fire directed on a Gun Position used by 103d Field Artillery. Brow of hill was the line of defense. Rambucourt and Beaumont on the horizon. Rambucourt, France, June 24, 1918.

Members of Battery B, 103d Field Artillery, examining Shell which proved to be a "Dud." The hole was caused by a shell exploding in dugout. Rambucourt, France, June 24, 1918.
Markers being made by Ordnance Unit of 101st Ammunition Train. Menil-la-Tour, France, June 24, 1918.

Vehicles being washed by Members of 104th Ambulance Corps and Company C 101st Supply Train, Menil-la-Tour, France, June 24, 1918.
General Pershing Congratulating Members of the Infantry, Engineers and Artillery and Medical Corps, who were decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross. 26th Division, La Ferté-sous-Jouarre, France, July 12, 1918.
French Civilian giving Members of Company M, 101st United States Infantry, Straw for Fresh, Clean Beds. Nanteuil-les-Meaux, France, July 1, 1918.

A Street Scene where Company A, 101st Military Police, were Billeted. Nanteuil-les-Meaux, France, July 1, 1918.

Members of Company I, 101st Infantry, washing up after a dusty Hike from the Train to their Billets. Nanteuil-les-Meaux, France, July 1, 1918.
Aeroplane Spotters, working in co-operation with observation balloon, 2d Balloon Squadron, Signal Corps.

The Market Place at La Ferté-sous-Jouarre when the Business of the Morning is at its Height. La Ferté, France, July 7, 1918.

Engineers of the 26th Division repairing one of the Bridges across the Marne which was destroyed to prevent the Boche from crossing. La Ferté-sous-Jouarre, France, July 8, 1918.
General John J. Pershing and Staff with Men Decorated with Distinguished Service Cross, Reviewing the Troops. 26th Division. La Ferté-sous-Jouarre, France, July 12, 1918.
Well Discovered and put to use by two Members of Company F, 101st United States Infantry, 26th Division, Nanteuil-les-Meux, France, July 11, 1918.

Soldiers of Machine Gun Company, 102d Infantry, 26th Division, having a bite to eat while entrenched along the roadside. In La Thielet, France, July 11, 1918.
Divisional Adjutant of the 26th Division and his Assistants, on the steps of their office, which is in a beautiful chateau. In front row, left to right: Major Steele; Major Stevens; Major King; 2d Lieutenant Campbell; 2d Lieutenant Boucher; 2d Lieutenant Boyer, Jr; Regiment Sergeant-Major Robbins; Regiment Sergeant-Major Sullivan; Battalion Sergeant-Major Petvin; Battalion Sergeant-Major Bodwell; Battalion Sergeant-Major Swain and Battalion Sergeant-Major Getter; Sergeants Moberg and McCarthy; Corporals Boomhower and Shaw; Privates Snyder, Dean, Daylor, Harrahy, Courtemanche, McDonald and Morin. La Ferté-sous-Jouarre, France, July 9, 1918.

Men of 1st Company, 102d Machine Gun Battalion, going over the top. Near Château-Thierry, France, July 20, 1918.
Signal Detachment of 103d Infantry, 26th Division, putting up Blinker Station at 4 a.m., at Torey, after its capture. Note pigeons in basket. Near Torey, France, July 17, 1918.

103d Infantry, 26th Division, consolidating their position at 5 a.m., after capture of Torey. Torey, France, July 17, 1918.
One of the Smith College Unit Girls ministering to the Wounded at Château-Thierry.

G 1 (Administration) and his Assistant working while the Troops are advancing. They work and work and work, and when they can they sleep and if very lucky sometimes eat, in the car.
102d Infantry, advancing towards Bouresches Woods during actual Action. Shells were bursting beyond brow of hill. Sergeant Eickleberry and Private Painter were wounded while marching at the end of this line. Torcy, France, July 17, 1918.

102d Machine Gun Men in Skirmish Line advancing towards the Front. Torcy, France, July 17, 1918.
Men of 1st Company, 102d Machine Gun Battalion, 26th Division, crossing machine gun swept field into machine gun positions, near Château-Thierry, France, July 19, 1918.
German Artillery shelling back of American Lines in order to keep Reinforcements from coming up. At Bouresches Woods, France, July 19, 1918.

Signal Corps Detachment, 102d Infantry, 26th Division, laying wires in machine gun swept field. Near Bouresches Woods, France, July 19, 1918.
103d Infantry, 26th Division, Attacking Bouresches Woods on the afternoon of July 20, 1918.
Pontoon Bridge, Château-Thierry, France, July 21, 1918.

American and French Soldiers Constructing Bridge across Marne River at Château-Thierry.
Captain Edwin H. Cooper of General Edwards' staff, formerly head of the United States Signal Corps Photographic Unit of the 26th Division that made the War Pictures in the Pictorial History of the 26th Division. Captain Cooper was cited three times for valor and General Edwards has recommended him for the Distinguished Service Cross and the Distinguished Service Medal. He is here standing before a French Café in Château-Thierry, being the first man to enter the town while it was being shelled, just after the Germans had evacuated, and where six months before he had been served with a wonderful dinner as the 26th Division passed through Château-Thierry on the way to enter the trenches at Chemin-des-Dames.

A Group of American Soldiers at the Entrance to the old Château, after which Château-Thierry gets its Name. This entrance and the château were constructed in the eleventh and twelfth centuries.
German Prisoners resting in Shelter of the Woods on way to Rear. Near Château-Thierry, France, July 19, 1918.

Men of Signal Corps Detachment, 102d Infantry, 26th Division, under Cover of Bush just before advancing to lay Wire. Near Château-Thierry, France, July 19, 1918.
Troops Passing Through the Town of Vaux, France, July 21, 1918.
An American Soldier, wearing a helmet of an officer of the Prussian Guards, smiling in a shell hole for the camera, Lucy, France, July 21, 1918.

A Red Cross Dugout near the Front Lines in the St. Mihiel Salient. The boys have their hands full of doughnuts, cigarettes and magazines.
Crucifix the only part of Church not destroyed. Lucy-le-Bocage, France, July 20, 1918.
Headquarters Troop, 26th Division. making Passageway for Trucks. Lucy-le-Bocage, France, July 20, 1918.

View of a ruined Church. Vaux, France, July 20, 1918.
Headquarters Troop, 26th Division, parading Street with their Mascot. Château-Thierry, France, July 21, 1918.

American Supply Train passing through Lucy-le-Bocage, France, July 21, 1918.
Company F, 101st Engineers, unloading Furniture to put up in Headquarters in Lucy after Retreat of the Boche. Lucy-le-Bocage was headquarters for a few hours during Château-Thierry battle. Lucy-le-Bocage, France, July 21, 1918.

The Consolidated Water Works. This is one way the allied armies have in supplying the front-line soldiers with water. Time, 11 A.M., Headquarters 26th Division. Sommedieue, France, August 31, 1918.
The Town of Vaux laid in Ruins. Vaux, France, July 26, 1918.

Major-General Clarence R. Edwards in Front of German 210 Howitzer Captured by 26th Division, at Trugny, near Château-Thierry, July 22, 1918. Mery-sur-Marne, France.
Staying the Appetite of these Wounded Doughboys seems a good deal like pushing back the Sea with a Broom, but the Red Cross lady, unassisted, is undaunted. Recreation Hut, France.

This Building left by the Boches in their Retreat from Château-Thierry has been turned into an American Red Cross Canteen. The workers provided such comforts as smokes, chocolates, etc.
Loading Forage from Train to Wagon. Railhead, 26th Division, Nanteuil-sur-Marne, France, August 11, 1918.

Repairing the Trucks of 26th Division at Citry, after the advance in the Château-Thierry Sector. Citry, France, August 11, 1918.
Germans firing at American Observation Balloon, 26th Division Front, France, July 22, 1918.

Members of Engineers' Corps removing dead Americans after the Germans Retreated. Vaux, France, July 22, 1918.
Trenches Plainly Visible from this Artillery Observation Post not yet Discovered by the Enemy.

101st Ammunition Train passing through Vaux, where hand-to-hand fighting took place. Vaux, France, July 22, 1918.

Field Radio Station hastily constructed by members of Company A, 101st Field Signal Battalion, formerly 1st Field Signal Battalion, Massachusetts National Guard, during the advance of the Americans, Picardy Farm, France, July 22, 1918.
Piling up Shells Left by the Retreating Boche. The Headquarters of the 26th Division, Château-Thierry, Picardy Farm, France, July 22, 1918.

Major-General Clarence R. Edwards and Staff examining German 210 howitzer captured by 26th Division, at Trugny, near Château-Thierry, July 22, 1918, Mery-sur-Marne, France.
Panorama of Château-Thierry, West Side, July 27, 1918.
New Headquarters, 26th Division, showing Major-General Clarence R. Edwards and Chief of Staff Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan K. Major. Lucy, France, July 26, 1918.

Ruins of Château-Thierry, after the Huns had retreated, 26th Division. River Marne in background. Château-Thierry, France, July 27, 1918.
Members of 112th Ambulance Company, 26th Division, getting Water from Fountain in Château-Thierry, France, July 24, 1918.

Trench and Barricade used as Machine Gun Position by Germans in Street of Château-Thierry. Château-Thierry, France, July 24, 1918.
A Sign Near the German Front Lines. Top line reads, "By day pass only through the Trench." Lower line, "Go into the Trench." It is not known what K. T. K. meant, but the 26th Division men translated it, "Kick the Kaiser."

American Officer looking at the way the Germans had planted Trees to camouflage their 380 mm. Gun Emplacement. In the woods near Epieds, France, July 28, 1918.
A Gas Attack on the Trenches. Nothing spectacular from a Photographic Standpoint, but —

Guard at the Entrance to Cave on the Chemin-des-Dames, called La Pantheon. This Cave is sixty feet underground and can accommodate one thousand troops.
French and Americans looking over the Town of Château-Thierry, that was captured from the Germans. Château-Thierry, France, July 28, 1918.
Emplacement of 380 mm. German Gun in Woods east of Epieds, 26th Division. In Woods east of Epieds, France, July 23, 1918.

Emplacement of 380 mm. German Gun, showing Tracks used in bringing gun in and out. Germans succeeded in getting gun out in their retreat. In Woods east of Epieds, France, July 28, 1918.
Officers of Disbursing Office, 26th Division. Right, Captain Charles E. Scorer, Quartermaster Corps, National Guard, Disbursing Officer. Left, Lieutenant F. Patten, Quartermaster Corps. Nanteuil-sur-Marne, France, August 4, 1918.

View of the "Cootie" Machine of the 26th Division. The Thresh Steam Disinfector is shown on the banks of the Marne River. It travels under its own power and can be put in operation within an hour after reaching its destination. Saacy, France, August 10, 1918.
Captain Paul Taylor and Major J. W. Hyatt, Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Edwards, commanding 26th Division, inspecting guns captured from the Germans by the 26th Division. Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop, 26th Division, Villare, France, August 3, 1918.

Mechanics of Mobile Ordnance Repair Service, 26th Division, repairing Maxim Machine Guns captured from the Germans by the 26th Division. Villare, France, August 3, 1918.
Ruins of Château-Thierry After the Germans had Retreated. 26th Division. Château-Thierry, France, July 27, 1918.
An Aerodrome in France, showing Landing Field.

Resting along the Road in the Meuse-Argonne Sector.
The Town of Vaux, the extreme right of the 26th Division line at Château-Thierry, was held by the 101st Infantry. On the morning of the last German offensive, July 15, the Germans made an attack against this town and were defeated. Vaux, France, July 27, 1918.
Men From Front lined up to turn in their Clothing for Replacement and Disinfection at Disinfecting Plant No. 2, of the 26th Division. The men shown here are of Battery F, 102d Field Artillery, formerly 2d Regiment Field Artillery, Massachusetts National Guard, and New England Coast Artillery. Saacy, France, August 10, 1918.

Disinfecting Machine in Operation, 26th Division. The Thresh Steam-Driven Disinfector is shown here. One of the two steam vats is open. The wire basket containing the disinfected clothing is being removed from the open vat, in which it has been for about thirty minutes at a temperature of 238° F., at a pressure of from seven to ten pounds. Saacy, France, August 10, 1918.
Soldiers of the Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop, 26th Division, gathered around heavy and light Maxim Machine Guns and a 77 mm. captured from the Germans by the 26th Division. Dr. Morton Prince of Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors' Bureau, Paris, wearing German helmet. Villare, France, August 3, 1918.
German 77 mm. Gun at Salvage Dump of 26th Division. This gun was one of the many captured by the 26th Division at Château-Thierry. Lieutenant H. E. Sponsler, Officers' Reserve Corps, 20th Salvage Company (Quartermasters' Corps), is standing near the gun. Nanteuil-sur-Marne, France, August 15, 1918.

Empty German Shell found in the Woods east of Epieds near 380 mm. Gun Emplacement, France, July 28, 1918.
Standing: Lieutenant-Colonel William A. Alfonte, Signal Officer, 26th Division. Seated: Lieutenant-Colonel S. T. Mackall, G-2, 26th Division, Mery-sur-Marne, France, August 10, 1918.

Major Elon F. Tandy, Quartermasters' Corps, and Three of his Assistants. From left to right: Major O. G. Lagerquist, Quartermasters' Corps, Major Tandy, Quartermasters' Corps, Captain H. H. Wheelock, Quartermasters' Corps, and 1st Lieutenant M. B. Folsom, Quartermasters' Corps. Nanteuil-sur-Marne, France, August 11, 1918.
Left to right: Lieutenant-Colonel William A. Alfonte, Signal Officer, 26th Division; Miss Prescott of Boston, Young Men's Christian Association; Lieutenant-Colonel S. T. Mackall, G-2, 26th Division, and Lieutenant William Simpkins, Aide to Brigadier-General Shelton, 51st Brigade, 26th Division. Mery-sur-Marne, France, August 10, 1918.

Trucks at Railhead Receiving Food for Transport to Troops of the 26th Division. Nanteuil-sur-Marne, France, August 11, 1918.
The Men of the 26th Division starting on a long, but welcome, journey back home, and their little French friends bidding them a *bon voyage*. Mussy-sur-Seine, France, August 19, 1918.

Cleaning and Repairing and Painting Caissons of the 75 mm. Guns, which were used in the Battle of the Marne, and are being put in perfect condition for another drive on the Huns. Mussy-sur-Seine, France, August 26, 1918.
Quartermaster Sales' Commissary, 26th Division, showing Line of Customers, Nanteuil-sur-Marne, France, August 13, 1918.

Frank P. Sibley, Correspondent of the Boston *Globe*, bidding the men of the 26th Division who are going home as instructors, good-bye, and good luck. Mussy-sur-Seine, France, August 19, 1918.
Sommediene, Evacuated by the French in 1915, used as Headquarters of 26th Division, just before St. Mihiel offensive. Sommediene, France, August 31, 1918.
Company B, 101st Supply Train, 26th Division, unloading Bread for the 104th Infantry, 26th Division, to use en route to the front. Chatillon-sur-Seine, France, August 28, 1918.

Mess Sergeant of Headquarters Troops, 26th Division, issuing Travel Rations to the boys of Headquarters Troop for a long journey to the front. Chatillon, France, August 28, 1918.
Camouflaged Office of the Chief of Staff, 26th Division, showing Entrance to Dugout in Foreground. These Headquarters offices were only a few kilometers from the front and were subject to bombardment at all times. They had to be carefully concealed from the enemy avions. Track in foreground used for 14-inch naval guns. Sommedieue, France, August 31, 1918.

The Young Men's Christian Association Men with Headquarters, 26th Division, are always on hand ready to furnish sweets, means of amusement or a helping hand to the boys. A traveling canteen. Chatillon-sur-Seine, France, August 28, 1918.
Member of the 103d Infantry, 26th Division, guarding an old German Dugout in which a Mine or Trap is suspected, until the arrival of the "Mopping Up" Detail. St. Mihiel offensive. Bois-d'-Esparges, France, September 12, 1918.
Commanding General's Camouflaged Office. Headquarters, 26th Division. Sommedieue, France, August 31, 1918.
Signal Corps Photographer Private J. M. Liles, making pictures just after the 103d went over the top of the Boche first line after it had almost been destroyed by the American barrage. Bois-d'-Esparges, France, September 12, 1918.

Member of Photo Detachment, Signal Corps, holding end of tape laid by the 101st Engineers, 26th Division, to guide the infantry to place where the German wire entanglement had been cut. Boche trench and entanglement. Bois-d'-Esparges, France, September 12, 1918.
This Picture was taken in No Man's Land after the men of the 103d Infantry had gone over the top, and shows German prisoners carrying their own men, wounded by German shrapnel, to the American Lines.

First German Prisoners to be Captured by the 103d Infantry, 26th Infantry Division, in the St. Mihiel fight. On road in the Bois-d'-Hopital, St. Hippolyte, France, September 12, 1918.
The Family Wash House. This is where the soldiers of the 26th Division, stationed in this town, managed to keep clean. Rupt-en-Woevre, France, September 14, 1918.

Cook Barnacle of Battery E, 101st Regiment Field Artillery, formerly 1st Regiment Field Artillery, Massachusetts National Guard, 26th Division, serving a "quick lunch." Mouilly, France, September 14, 1918.
Company D, 101st Engineers, 26th Division, working on Road which was built in Eight Hours. Mouilly, France, 26th Division, September 15, 1918.
Battery D, 103d Regiment, Field Artillery, 26th Division, passing through Mouilly, on the way to the front. Mouilly, St. Mihiel Salient, France, September 14, 1918.

Lieutenant Lannigan, Supply Officer of the 102d Field Artillery, formerly 2d Regiment Field Artillery, Massachusetts National Guard, 26th Division, in a ten-minute office en route to Germany. Mouilly, France, September 14, 1918.
A Combat Wagon shortly after being struck by a Shell killing Driver and all but one Horse.

A Hun who got too familiar with a Shell.
Street Scene showing the Crowded Condition of the Street during the Height of Action. Supplies were being rushed up to keep the 26th Division on the move. Mouilly, France, September 14, 1918.

Gun of the 103d Regiment Field Artillery, Battery D, 26th Division, on way to the front. Ravine-de-France, France, September 14, 1918.
View of Hindenburg Street, but now changed by the boys of the 26th Division to Washington Street. Note burned buildings in background. Hattonville-en-Woevre, France, September 15, 1918.

General Cole at the Entrance of his Headquarters. This building was German artillery headquarters a short time before, now occupied by General Cole and his staff. Department of Meuse, September 15, 1918.
Members of Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry, 26th Division, looking over a captured 77 mm. gun. France, September 13, 1918.

Anti-Aircraft Machine Gun Positions which protected Observation Balloon of Company B, 2d Balloon Squadron, Signal Corps, from enemy planes. Forêt-de-la-Reine, France, 1918.
Major-General Clarence R. Edwards, Commanding 26th Division, and Major-General Hunter Liggett, Commanding 1st Army Corps, A. E. F., 1st Pursuit Camp, Aviation Field, Toul, France, May 13, 1918.

Brigadier-General Aultman, 51st Brigade Field Artillery, 26th Division, Boucq, France, May 11, 1918.
Temporary Headquarters, Company G, 104th Infantry, 2d Battalion, 26th Division, showing German machine gun just captured by the boys of this company. Wadonville-en-Woevre, France, September 15, 1918.

Group of eight French Civilians, also M. Maurice Piette; M. Catusse, Prefect de la Meuse, discussing Evacuation of Germans. These civilians lived four years under the Germans and were set free when the 26th Division advanced and captured the town. These French officers are sent to care for the civilians set free by the Allied Troops. Note: The first French paper she had seen in four years. Hattonville-en-Woevre, France, September 15, 1918.
American Doughboys with their Protégés. These Children had been under German Guidance. St. Mihiel Salient.
Military Police Regulating Traffic During the American Drive on Rheims, St. Mihiel Salient.

Refugees in Town Deep in the St. Mihiel Salient in Front of their Devastated Homes.
Members of the 101st Field Signal Battalion, formerly 1st Massachusetts Field Signal Battalion, singing Hymns at Services conducted by Chaplain John H. Creighton in front of ruined church; part of steeple used as pulpit. Verdun, Meuse, France, October 18, 1918.
Repatriated after the 26th Division had passed through the St. Mihiel Salient.

Free Again After Four Years. Refugees in the street of Essey in the St. Mihiel Salient, delivered from the Germans in the American advance. These villagers took shelter in cellars during the fighting. In the foreground American supply train going forward.
One of the Many Ways the Enemy Destroys. Remains of a supply house shortly after the Hun had found that it was impossible to hold the town. Bois-de-Thillot, France, September 13, 1918.

Signal Station with Radio Sets and Dynamo, which was partially destroyed by the Germans in the hurried rush from the 26th Division. Bois-des-Têtes, near Longeau Ferme, France, September 13, 1918.
Stretcher Bearer of the 102d Ambulance Corps, 26th Division, attaching American stretcher to a captured German stretcher carrier about three kilometers behind the German front line. Ravine-des-Feuilles, near St. Remy, France, September 13, 1918.

Battery E, 102d Field Artillery, 26th Division, camouflaged as a protection from hostile planes while they rest. Longeuse Ferme, France, September 13, 1918.
Members of Company D, 101st Infantry, formerly 9th Massachusetts Infantry and detachments from 5th and 6th Massachusetts Infantry, 26th Division, describing their feelings when shell dropped that made the hole they are sitting in. Near Samogneux, Meuse, France, October 19, 1918.