
By Mr. Curtiss of Sheffield, petition of Sidney Q. Curtiss that provision be made for life tenure for Frank Rawson, incumbent of the office of road superintendent of the town of Richmond. Local Affairs.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Eight.

AN ACT PROVIDING LIFE TENURE FOR FRANK RAWSON, INCUMBENT OF THE OFFICE OF ROAD SUPERINTENDENT OF THE TOWN OF RICHMOND.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The tenure of office of Frank Rawson,
2 incumbent, of the office of road superintendent of the town
3 of Richmond, shall, upon the effective date of this act, be
4 unlimited, but he may be removed therefrom for cause after
5 hearing in the manner provided by section forty-three of
6 chapter thirty-one of the General Laws.

1 SECTION 2. This act shall be submitted for acceptance to
2 the voters of the town of Richmond at an annual town
3 meeting to be held no later than the year nineteen hundred
4 and sixty-nine in the form of the following question which
5 shall be placed upon the official ballot to be used for the
6 election of town officers at said meeting:—"Shall an act
7 passed by the General Court in the year nineteen hundred
8 and sixty-seven, entitled 'An Act providing life tenure for
9 Frank Rawson, incumbent of the office of road superinten-
10 dent of the town of Richmond', be accepted?" If a majority
11 of the votes in answer to said question is in the affirmative,
12 this act shall thereupon take full effect, but not otherwise.

It is the duty of every citizen to support the laws of the State and to pay the taxes thereon.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE

Article I. Section 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Representatives.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law alter such Regulations except as to the Places of Elections.

Section 5. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at Noon on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law alter the same.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive for their Services a Compensation, which shall be ascertained by Law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all Cases, except Cases of Impeachment, be privileged from Arrest during their Attendance in Congress or in going to or from the same, and from any Arrest for Debts, which may be contracted before their Entry into the Service of the United States.

Section 7. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to emit and put out the Money of the United States, to regulate the Value thereof, to fix the Standard of Weights and Measures, to define and punish Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to punish Counterfeiting the Money of the United States, to coin Money, to regulate the Value thereof, to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to emit and put out the Money of the United States, to fix the Standard of Weights and Measures, to define and punish Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to punish Counterfeiting the Money of the United States.