

# HOUSE . . . . . No. 2014

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By Mr. Flaherty of Boston, petition of the Mass. Public Employees Council 41 and Michael F. Flaherty relative to vacations for certain state employees. Public Service.

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## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-Four.

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### AN ACT RELATIVE TO VACATION FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 Notwithstanding any provision of a general or special law to  
2 the contrary, employees of the commonwealth shall be granted  
3 vacation leave with compensation as follows: — For each month  
4 of service for less than twelve months service, one day's vacation  
5 per month of service. After the completion of one year of service  
6 through the fourth year of service, three week's vacation. After  
7 the completion of five years of service through the ninth year of  
8 service, four week's vacation. After the completion of ten years  
9 of service through the nineteenth year of service, five week's  
10 vacation. After the completion of twenty years of service and  
11 every year thereafter, six week's vacation.

to the House of Representatives, the Senate, and the President of the United States.

The Government of the United States

Article I, Section 1, Clause 1

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective Numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, (including bound Persons, (except those whose Services are in the House of Correction) three fifths of all other Persons, (except Indians not taxed) in each State. But no Representative shall contain more than thirty thousand Persons, and until 1840 one Representative shall not be less than twenty thousand Persons, and until 1850 one Representative shall not be less than thirty thousand Persons. And until 1860 the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.