

cial or an employee of said city, and that such goods and materials were delivered and actually received by said city or that such services were rendered to said city, or both.

SECTION 3. Any person who knowingly files a certificate required by section two which is false and who thereby receives payment for goods, materials or services which were not received by or rendered to said city shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars, or both.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

Approved April 8, 1949.

Chap. 152 AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING THE HOLDING OF TOWN MEETINGS.

Emergency preamble.

Whereas, The deferred operation of this act would tend to defeat its purpose, which in part is to make its provisions apply to town meetings in the current year, therefore it is hereby declared to be an emergency law, necessary for the immediate preservation of the public convenience.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

G. L. (Ter. Ed.), 39, § 10, etc., amended.

SECTION 1. Section 10 of chapter 39 of the General Laws, as most recently amended by chapter 182 of the acts of 1939, is hereby further amended by inserting after the third sentence the following:—The town meeting may be held in not more than two places; provided, that the two places are connected by means of a public address system and loud speakers so that the proceedings in both places may be heard and participated in by all the voters present in both places.

Town meeting may be held in more than one place under certain conditions.

G. L. (Ter. Ed.), 39, § 14, etc., amended.

SECTION 2. Section 14 of said chapter 39, as amended, is hereby further amended by adding at the end the following paragraph:—

Assistant moderator may be appointed to act as moderator under certain conditions.

If, as provided for in section ten, a town meeting is held in separate places equipped with a public address system and loud speaker facilities, the moderator may appoint an assistant moderator to preside at the place of meeting whereat the moderator is not present. The assistant moderator shall have all the powers vested by law in the moderator to preside at and regulate the proceedings in the meeting at which he presides except that he shall not recognize any citizen desiring to address the meeting except after first obtaining permission of the moderator.

Approved April 8, 1949.