

By Mr. Cohen of Newton, petition of David B. Cohen for legislation to regulate public disclosure by health insurers. Insurance.

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety-Three.

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AN ACT RELATIVE TO PUBLIC DISCLOSURE BY HEALTH INSURERS.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 175 of the General Laws, as appearing  
2 in the 1990 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after  
3 Section 2B the following new section: —

4 Section 2C. Disclosure by Health Insurers.

5 (a) Definitions. The following words, as used in this section,  
6 unless the context otherwise requires or a different meaning is  
7 specifically prescribed, shall have the following meanings: —

8 "Access", the insured's admittance to a health care system or  
9 to health care services within such health care system.

10 "Benefits", medical, surgical, or hospital services for which one  
11 is insured under a policy or contract of health insurance.

12 "Capitation", a method of payment for health care services  
13 whereby the provider is paid a fixed amount for each person  
14 served irrespective of services delivered.

15 "Commissioner", the commissioner of insurance.

16 "Derived economic disincentives", financial deterrents to an  
17 insured or a provider from using, performing, or ordering, or from  
18 not using, performing, or ordering, as the case may be, health care  
19 services, which deterrents are the implicit result of conditions  
20 imposed on a health care system by a policy or contract of health  
21 insurance.

22 "Derived economic incentives", financial incentives upon an  
23 insured or a provider to use, perform, or order, or not to use,  
24 perform, or order, as the case may be, health care services, which

25 incentives are the implicit result of conditions imposed on a health  
26 care system by a policy or contract of health insurance.

27 “Explicit economic disincentives”, financial deterrents to an  
28 insured or provider from using, performing, or ordering, or from  
29 not using, performing, or ordering, as the case may be, health care  
30 services, which deterrents are either stated or otherwise obvious  
31 from the terms of a policy or contract of health insurance.

32 “Explicit economic incentives”, financial incentives upon an  
33 insured or a provider to use, perform, or order, or not to use,  
34 perform or order, as the case may be, health care services, which  
35 incentives are either stated or otherwise obvious from the terms  
36 of a policy or contract of health insurance.

37 “Fee-for-service”, a method of reimbursement for health care  
38 services to a provider based on payment for each specific service  
39 rendered.

40 “Health care”, medical, surgical, or hospital services pertaining  
41 to the health of an insured.

42 “Health care system”, the institutional framework for the  
43 provision of health care services to an insured as set forth in a  
44 policy or contract of health insurance.

45 “Health insurance”, policies or contracts of insurance upon the  
46 health of individuals which provide medical, surgical, or hospital  
47 expense benefits whether on an indemnity, reimbursement,  
48 service, or prepaid basis, as described in General Laws Chap-  
49 ter 175, Section 47, Clause Sixth, Subdivision (d); or contracts  
50 to subscribers of hospital service corporations subject to General  
51 Laws, Chapter 176A, Section 6 or Section 8 or both; or contracts  
52 to subscribers of medical service corporations subject to General  
53 Laws, Chapter 176B, Section 4 or Section 6 or both; or contracts  
54 to subscribers or members of medical corporations subject to  
55 General Laws, Chapter 176C, Section 8; or policies of medical  
56 service corporations providing supplemental coverage to health  
57 insurance under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, to the  
58 extent permitted under federal law; or policies or contracts of  
59 insurance upon the health of individuals contained in benefit plans  
60 which are based upon the Employee Retirement Income Security  
61 Act of 1974, to the extent permitted under federal law; or policies  
62 or contracts to subscribers or members of health maintenance

63 organizations subject to General Laws, Chapter 176G; or  
64 contracts to subscribers of any other plan for the delivery of health  
65 care to an insured, such as the plan of a preferred provider  
66 organization, whether or not such plan is subject to statute or  
67 regulation apart from this section.

68 “Insured”, a person and his or her dependents covered under  
69 a policy or contract of health insurance.

70 “Insurer”, any individual, corporation, association, partner-  
71 ship, reciprocal exchange, interinsurer, Lloyds, fraternal benefit  
72 society, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation,  
73 health maintenance organization, or preferred provider  
74 organization, with whom a policy or contract of health insurance  
75 is made.

76 “Policy”, any policy, plan, certificate, contract, agreement,  
77 statement of coverage, evidence of coverage, rider or endorsement  
78 which provides health benefits or medical surgical or hospital  
79 expense benefits, whether on an indemnity, reimbursement,  
80 service or prepaid basis to the insured.

81 “Preferred Provider Organization”, an organization or  
82 association for the provision of health care services to a defined  
83 population of insureds on a fee-for-service basis at established  
84 fees, which may or may not be at discount, by a designated panel  
85 or providers who contract with an insurance carrier, employer  
86 and/or an insured for such purpose, pursuant to which contract  
87 such insured enjoys a choice among providers, although at a  
88 financial disincentive to such insured as to providers outside the  
89 designated panel.

90 “Primary Care Physician”, a physician licensed under General  
91 Laws, Chapter 112, such as a general practitioner, family  
92 practitioner, internist, obstetrician, gynecologist, or pediatrician,  
93 who has first contact care of an insured and assumes the overall  
94 coordination of the care of such insured’s medical problems.

95 “Provider”, a physician licensed under General Laws Chap-  
96 ter 112, a hospital, clinic, or other entity, person, partnership,  
97 corporation, or other organizational type which provides health  
98 care services to an insured.

99 “Specialist”, a physician who practices a medical or surgical  
100 specialty and who generally does not have initial contact with an  
101 insured in the delivery of health care services.

102 “Utilization”, the use of health care services by an insured under  
103 a policy or contract of health insurance.

104 “Utilization Control Mechanisms”, the mechanisms and  
105 conditions that control and/or restrict access or the use of health  
106 care services in a health care system.

107 (b) Disclosures. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general  
108 or special law to the contrary, every policy or contract of health  
109 insurance delivered or issued for delivery to any person or entity  
110 in the Commonwealth shall have been on file for 30 days with  
111 the commissioner, unless before the expiration of said 30 days the  
112 commissioner shall have approved such policy or contract in  
113 writing as complying with this section. If within said 30 days the  
114 commissioner has not in writing approved or disapproved such  
115 policy or contract as being in compliance with this section, or as  
116 not being so in compliance, as the case may be, such policy or  
117 contract shall be deemed approved. Such policy or contract shall  
118 not be delivered or issued for delivery if the commissioner notifies  
119 the insurer in writing within said 30 days that in his opinion the  
120 form of said policy or contract does not comply with the  
121 provisions or this section, specifying the reasons for his opinion.  
122 However, any action or non-action of the commissioner as  
123 provided for in the preceding three sentences shall be subject to  
124 review by the Supreme Judicial Court, upon petition by the  
125 insurer or by any aggrieved insured, provider, or employer, and  
126 during any such review such policy or contract shall not be  
127 delivered or issued for delivery in the Commonwealth.

128 Every policy or contract of health insurance shall disclose in  
129 a clear, concise, complete, explicit, and understandable manner  
130 the following:

131 (1) the health care services and any other benefits to which the  
132 insured is entitled;

133 (2) the restrictions on the scope of health care services and any  
134 other benefits to be provided, including the non-covered services  
135 and an explanation of any utilization control mechanisms which  
136 may restrict the insured's access to health care services;

137 (3) the locations where, and the methods in which, health care  
138 services and any other benefits may be obtained;

139 (4) the financial management of the health care system  
140 including:

141 (a) the method of payment to providers, whether on a fee-for-  
142 service, capitation, salaried, or other basis; and

143 (b) the method of payment to specialists referred by primary  
144 care physicians; and

145 (c) the financial obligations and financial risks, which  
146 obligations and risks are either stated or implicit in such policy  
147 or contract, upon providers in performing health care services  
148 covered under such policy or contract, and in ordering or not  
149 ordering such services, as the case may be; and

150 (d) the number of providers in the health care system as of  
151 January first of the calendar year in which such policy or contract  
152 is to be delivered.

153 (5) the effect of the financial management of the health care  
154 system upon providers including:

155 (a) the explicit economic incentives and the derived economic  
156 incentives to utilize or not to utilize the health care system; and

157 (b) the explicit economic disincentives and the derived  
158 economic disincentives, to utilize or not to utilize the health care  
159 system; and

160 (c) the explicit economic incentives, the derived economic  
161 incentives, the explicit economic disincentives and the derived  
162 economic disincentives upon primary care physicians, to utilize  
163 or not to utilize the services of specialists or other health care  
164 services and procedures which are ancillary to those performed  
165 by primary care physicians.

166 (6) the effect of the financial management of the health care  
167 system upon the insured including:

168 (a) the explicit economic incentives, the derived economic  
169 incentives, the explicit economic disincentives, and the derived  
170 economic disincentives, to utilize or not to utilize the health care  
171 system, including, without limitation, utilization or non-utilization  
172 of designated provider of a preferred provider organization and  
173 utilization of out-patient services; and

174 (b) the financial risks upon an insured in his or her decision  
175 whether to utilize or not to utilize health care services covered by  
176 such policy or contract.

177 There shall accompany, or be attached to, every policy or  
178 contract of health insurance, as part of the form of such policy

179 or contract, a pamphlet or brochure containing in readable and  
180 understandable form, a short summary of the above disclosures.

181 Prior to contracting with an employer for the provision of  
182 health insurance to employees of said employer an insurer shall  
183 make available to said employer a sufficient number of copies of  
184 such brochure or pamphlet for the purpose of distributing same  
185 to each such employee and said employer shall give to such  
186 employees written and reasonably timely notice of such  
187 availability.

188 The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations as are  
189 necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. He shall also  
190 promulgate rules and regulations to require that, to the extent  
191 reasonably practicable and not otherwise prohibited by law, the  
192 advertising of policies or contracts of health insurance shall  
193 contain the disclosures required by this section.

194 Rules and regulations made pursuant to the authority of this  
195 section shall be adopted in accordance with the procedures of  
196 General Laws, Chapter 30A, Section 7.

1 SECTION 2. Section 14 of Chapter 176B of the General Laws,  
2 as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting in the third  
3 sentence after the word "chapter", the words, "or in General Laws,  
4 Chapter 175, Section 2C".

1 SECTION 3. Section 2 of Chapter 176G of the General Laws,  
2 as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting immediately after  
3 the words "Except as hereinafter provided in this chapter" the  
4 words: — or in General Laws, Chapter 175, Section 2C.



The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work done during the year. It is followed by a detailed account of the work done in each of the various departments and sections of the organization. The report concludes with a summary of the work done and a statement of the progress made during the year.

The second part of the report deals with the financial statement of the organization for the year. It shows the income and expenditure of the organization and the balance sheet at the end of the year. It also shows the progress of the work done during the year and the amount of money spent on each of the various departments and sections of the organization.

The third part of the report deals with the work done during the year in each of the various departments and sections of the organization. It shows the progress of the work done and the amount of money spent on each of the various departments and sections of the organization. It also shows the progress of the work done during the year and the amount of money spent on each of the various departments and sections of the organization.

The fourth part of the report deals with the work done during the year in each of the various departments and sections of the organization. It shows the progress of the work done and the amount of money spent on each of the various departments and sections of the organization. It also shows the progress of the work done during the year and the amount of money spent on each of the various departments and sections of the organization.