



# Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

## Substance Abuse Treatment Fact Sheet - FY 2007



*This fact sheet contains information on admissions to Substance abuse treatment reporting Chicopee as their city of residence. Admission data presented here were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2007.*

### Residents of the City of Chicopee

#### Characteristics of Admissions

In FY 2007, there were 106,684 admissions to substance abuse treatment programs statewide; 0.9% (957) of these admissions reported being from the City of Chicopee. 0.7% (7) of admissions from the Town of Barnstable were under 18 years of age. **Please note that these statistics represent admissions to treatment and not distinct individuals.** In FY 2007, admissions to substance abuse treatment services from the City of Chicopee reported the following characteristics:

- 68% were male and 32% were female.
- 48% were between the ages of 30-49.
- 86% were white non-Latino, 10% were black non-Latino, 2% were Latino, and 2% were other racial categories.
- 66% were never married, 14% were married, and 20% reported not to be married now.
- 27% had less than high school education, 53% completed high school, and 21% had more than high school education.
- 30% were employed.
- 5% were homeless.
- 36% had prior mental health treatment.

#### Primary Substance of Use

At admission clients identify a “primary drug” of use which is the substance for which they seek treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of reported primary drugs statewide with that for the City of Chicopee.

Table 1 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2007					
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack
City	44%	28%	4%	2%	6%
State	41%	36%	6%	4%	4%

#### Substances Used in Past Year

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions can report using more than one substance within the year. Therefore the sum of each cell may not equal the total.

Table 2 shows the frequency at which past year use was reported for all substances as well as that for intravenous drug use (IDU).

<b>Table 2</b>							
<b>Number of admissions Reporting Substance Used: FY 1997 – FY 2007</b>							
<b>City of Chicopee</b>							
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU
<b>FY '97</b>	860	727	194	169	128	177	100
<b>FY '98</b>	978	820	239	202	128	220	123
<b>FY '99</b>	951	762	274	229	172	319	208
<b>FY '00</b>	1,135	898	326	285	234	431	258
<b>FY '01</b>	1,076	815	324	255	197	406	259
<b>FY '02</b>	1,088	799	307	233	234	436	283
<b>FY '03</b>	1,087	752	284	248	229	382	231
<b>FY '04</b>	957	671	285	281	228	389	230
<b>FY '05</b>	987	722	311	330	255	409	273
<b>FY '07</b>	957	700	283	304	252	323	219

### Heroin and Injection Drug Use

Figure 1 below shows the proportional change in admission counts for the City of Chicopee and the proportional change in those admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use.

