HOUSE No. 3697

By Mr. Lawton of Brockton, petition of Mark E. Lawton that provision be made for real property tax exemptions for certain minors, widows and widowers, and persons seventy years of age and over. Taxation.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eighty.

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR REAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS FOR CERTAIN MINORS, WIDOWS AND WIDOWERS, AND PERSONS SEVENTY YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 5 of chapter 59 of the General Laws is
 - hereby amended by striking out the seventeenth clause, as most
- 3 recently amended by section 1 of chapter 696 of the acts of 1973,
- 4 and inserting in place thereof the following clause: —
- 5 Seventeenth. Real estate of an applicant who meets the 6 requirements of this clause, but only to the first two thousand
- 7 dollars assessed value or that assessed value which would result in a
- 8 reduction of one hundred seventy-five dollars actual taxes due,
- 9 whichever would result in the greater reduction of actual taxes due.
- 10 In order to qualify, an applicant must
 - (1) be either

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- 12 (a) a widow or widower, or
- 13 (b) an unmarried minor, one of whose parents is deceased,
- 14 provided that during the year prior to the death of the deceased
- 15 parent, the deceased parent either was domiciled with the minor or
- 16 provided more than ten percent of the support of the minor;
- 17 (2) occupy the real estate as his or her domicile as of the statutory 18 assessment date;
- 19 (3) have had gross receipts from all sources whatsoever for the
- 20 calendar year preceding the statutory assessment date of less than
- 21 six thousand dollars plus one thousand dollars for each minor

22 dependent of the applicant; and

(4) have a whole estate, including equitable interests, of less than thirty-five thousand dollars, exclusive of household furnishings and property already exempt under the twelfth, twentieth, twenty-first, or thirty-fifth clauses of this section, and exclusive of any mortgage interest held by any person other than the applicant.

In computing gross receipts within the meaning of this clause, ordinary business expenses and losses, but not personal and family expenses, may be deducted.

If the real estate to be exempted is other than a single family residential building, then only that value of so much of the real estate as is occupied by the applicant as a domicile shall be exempted.

An exemption shall not be allowed for real estate which the assessor shall determine has been conveyed to the applicant to evade taxation. An applicant aggrieved by any such determination may appeal to the county commissioners or to the appellate tax board under the provisions of section sixty-four or sixty-five respectively.

If an applicant owns real estate jointly or as a tenant in common with any other person, an exemption shall not be allowed unless each joint tenant or tenant in common meets the requirement of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this clause, and unless the value of the real estate to be exempted is less than thirty-five thousand dollars exclusive of the value of any mortgage interest held by any person other than the applicant. If such applicant qualifies for an exemption under this clause, the applicant is entitled only to that proportion of the full exemption which the amount of his interest in the real estate bears to the whole.

50 in the real estate bears to the whole.
51 Where the whole estate of a qualifying applicant, as calculated 52 under the provisions of subdivision (4) of this clause, exceeds eight 53 thousand dollars, this exemption shall be borne by the common-54 wealth, and the state treasurer shall annually reimburse the city or 55 town for the amount of tax which otherwise would have been 56 collected.

SECTION 2. Section 5 of chapter 59 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out the forty-first clause, as most recently amended by section 1 of chapter 347 of the acts of 1974, and inserting in place thereof the following clause:—

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5 Forty-First.. Real estate of an applicant who meets the requirements of this clause, but only to the first four thousand dollars 6 assessed value or that assessed value which would result in a 7 reduction of three hundred fifty dollars actual taxes due, whichever 8 would result in the greater reduction of actual taxes due. 9

In order to qualify, an applicant must

(1) either be seventy years of age or, in the case of an applicant 11 who owns the real estate jointly or as a tenant in common with his 12 or her spouse, be married to a person seventy years of age or over; 13 14

(2) have been domiciled in the commonwealth for the preceding

15 ten years; 16

(3) either

(a) have owned and occupied real estate in the commonwealth as 17 his or her domicile for five years, or 18

(b) be a surviving spouse who inherits the real estate and who has 19 occupied such real estate or other real estate in the commonwealth 20 as his or her domicile for five years; 21

(4) occupy the real estate as his or her domicile as of the statutory

assessment date: 23

(5) have had gross receipts from all sources whatsoever for the 24 calendar year preceding the statutory assessment date of less than 25 26 six thousand dollars, or, if married, combined gross receipts with his or her spouse of less than seven thousand dollars; and 27

(6) have a whole estate, including equitable interests, but 28 exclusive of household furnishings and property already exempt 29 under the twelfth, twentieth, twenty-first, or thirty-fifth clauses of 30 this section, of less than forty-five thousand dollars, or, if married, a combined whole estate with his or her spouse of less than fifty 32 33 thousand dollars.

In computing gross receipts within the meaning of this clause, 34 ordinary business expenses and losses, but not personal and family 35 expenses, may be deducted. Any amount received under a 36 qualified retirement plan may be reduced by the minimum 37 retirement payment. For the purposes of this clause, an amount A 38 received under a qualified retirement plan shall mean an amount 39 received under the federal Social Security Act, under the federal 40 Railroad Retirement Act, or under any annuity, pension, or 41 retirement plan established for employees of the United States 42

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government, the government of the commonwealth, or the 43 government of any city, town, county, or special district. For the 44 purposes of this clause, the minimum retirement payment, which 45 shall be determined by the state tax commission, shall be 46 equivalent to the minimum payment then payable under the 47 federal Social Security Act to a retired worker seventy years of age 48 or over if the applicant is unmarried, or to a retired worker and 49 wife, both of whom are seventy years of age or over, if the applicant 50 is married. 51

In determining the total period of ownership for exemption under this clause, the time during which the real estate was owned by a husband or wife individually shall be added to the period during which such property was owned by said husband and wife jointly.

In the case of an applicant who owns real property jointly or as a tenant in common with his or her spouse, if either spouse qualifies under the provisions of this clause, they both shall qualify.

In the case of an applicant who owns real estate jointly or as a tenant in common with a person not his or her spouse, an exemption shall not be allowed unless each joint tenant or tenant in common meets the requirements of subdivisions (5) and (6) of this clause.

If the real estate to be exempted is other than a single family residential building, then only that value of so much of the real estate as is occupied by the applicant as a domicile shall be exempted.

If an applicant who is a joint tenant or tenant in common qualifies under the provisions of this clause, such applicant is entitled only to that proportion of the full exemption which his interest in the real estate bears to the whole.

Where a portion of the real estate is located within a municipality other than the municipality in which the applicant is 74 75 domiciled, and where the value of said property, or the taxes, as 76 assessed by the municipality in which such applicant is domiciled would result in his receiving less than the maximum exemption 77 provided by this clause, that part of the property of such applicant 78 within such other municipality shall be exempt to a value, or to an 79 80 amount of tax, sufficient to grant the applicant the total maximum exemption provided by the clause.

SECTION 3. If any provision of this act or application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall

3 not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter which

- 4 can be given effect without the invalid provision or application,
- 5 and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be 6 severable.
- 1 SECTION 4. The provisions of this chapter shall be applicable 2 to taxes levied for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, and 3 subsequent fiscal years.



