

Certificates to be admitted as evidence.

certificate of said inspector and assayer, given under his hand and seal substantially in the form herein before set forth, shall be admitted as evidence on trials for the forfeiture of intoxicating liquors as to the composition and quality of the liquors to which it relates.

Penalty for tampering with samples, etc.

SECTION 4. Any person who shall tamper with samples of liquor taken as herein provided, or shall alter the statements made upon the forms or certificates aforesaid, shall be liable to the penalties provided in section eighteen of chapter one hundred of the Public Statutes.

Court may order analysis by other than the inspector.

SECTION 5. Any court or trial justice may cause liquors seized under the provisions of said chapter to be analyzed by a competent chemist other than said inspector and assayer of liquors, and the reasonable expense thereof, including a fee not exceeding five dollars for each analysis, shall be taxed, allowed and paid like other costs in criminal cases.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

Approved May 12, 1882.

Chap. 222 AN ACT IN RELATION TO ADVERTISING APPLICATIONS FOR LIQUOR LICENSES IN THE CITY OF BOSTON.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows :

Advertising applications for liquor licenses.

SECTION 1. Section six of chapter one hundred of the Public Statutes is amended by inserting after the words "printed therein," in the fourth line thereof, the words "and in the Charlestown, East Boston, South Boston, Roxbury, West Roxbury, Dorchester and Brighton Districts respectively in said city, in at least one weekly newspaper published in the district where the premises for which the license is asked are located, if there be any so published."

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

Approved May 12, 1882.

Chap. 223 AN ACT RELATING TO THE MAKING AND ENTERING OF DECREES OF DIVORCE.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows :

Decrees of divorce to be first made *nisi*, to become absolute after six months, without further notice.

SECTION 1. Section nineteen of chapter one hundred and forty-six of the Public Statutes is amended so as to read as follows: "Section 19. All decrees of divorce shall in the first instance be decrees *nisi*, to become absolute after the expiration of six months from the entry thereof, without further notice thereof by publication or otherwise, on application of either party to the court, or any justice thereof, in term time or vacation; and on such application