

SECTION 12. Said chapter 145 is hereby further amended by inserting after section 60 the following three sections: —

Section 60A. Any person owning a tenement within the definition of section two of chapter one hundred and forty-four of the General Laws and including tenements within the city of Boston and including rooming houses, who does not reside therein, shall file in writing with the city or town clerk in the city or town where any such structure may be found the name and address of an individual residing in such city or town to be his true and lawful attorney upon whom all lawful processes in any action or proceeding against him may be served. The owner of any such tenement which is posted for a code violation shall forthwith register his true name with the city or town clerk.

Section 60B. If any person fails to comply with the requirements of section sixty A he shall be deemed to have appointed said city or town clerk as his agent as above, and service upon any such clerk shall have the same force and effect as service upon such person's duly constituted appointee.

When legal process against any such person is served upon such clerk, a copy of said process shall also forthwith be sent by the plaintiff or his attorney to the defendant at his last known address or to the address last listed for the owner of said premises on the assessors list in said city or town.

Such copy shall be sent by registered mail with return receipt requested. The plaintiff's affidavit of compliance herewith, and the defendant's return receipt, if received by the plaintiff, shall be filed in the court where the case is pending or where the service was issued on or before the return day of the process or within such further time as the court may allow.

Section 60C. "Person", as used in sections sixty A and sixty B, shall include but not be restricted to any individual, or individuals, as tenants in common, joint tenants, tenants by the entirety or otherwise; any corporation or business trust; any trustee; any partnership; any receiver or trustee in bankruptcy; any tenant having a leasehold interest for a period in excess of ten years; any mortgagee in possession.

Approved September 8, 1966.

Chap. 708. AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE MASSACHUSETTS HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. *Definitions.* — As used in this act the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless a contrary intent is clearly indicated: —

(a) "earned surplus" shall have the same meaning as in generally accepted accounting standards;

(b) "FHA" shall mean the Federal Housing Administration, United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and any successor to its functions;

(c) "Secretary of housing and urban development" shall mean the principal executive officer of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(d) "low income persons or families" shall mean those persons and families whose annual income is less than the amount necessary to enable them to obtain and maintain decent, safe and sanitary housing without the expenditure of over twenty-five per cent of such income for basic shelter rent plus the additional cost, if any, of heat and hot water.

(e) "Annual income" shall mean a family's or person's gross annual income less such reasonable allowances for dependents (other than spouse) and for medical expenses as MHFA determines.

(f) "MHFA" shall mean the Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency; and

(g) "project" shall mean a number of dwelling units constructed or rehabilitated with the assistance of a mortgage loan from the MHFA.

SECTION 2. *Declaration of Public Necessity.* — It is hereby declared that as a result of public actions involving highways, public facilities and urban renewal programs, and as a result of the spread of slum conditions and blight to formerly sound neighborhoods, there now exists in many cities and towns in the commonwealth an acute shortage of decent, safe and sanitary housing available at low rentals which persons and families of low income, elderly persons and veterans who will be returning from Vietnam can afford. This shortage is inimical to the safety, health, morals and welfare of the residents of the commonwealth and the sound growth of the communities therein. The continued inadequacy of the supply of such housing inhibits the carrying out of needed slum clearance projects and results in the continued existence and proliferation of substandard and decadent housing, with all its attendant consequences of disease, crime, injuries, retardation of education, and high costs for municipal services, such as welfare, police and fire protection. This public exigency, emergency and distress has not been met in any way by private agencies. Private enterprise, without the assistance contemplated in this act, cannot achieve the construction of decent, safe and sanitary housing at rentals which persons and families of low income can afford in situations where permanent betterment of living conditions is to be hoped for. Moreover, experience has demonstrated that concentration of low income persons and families even in standard structures built with public subsidy does not eliminate undesirable social conditions and does not permanently eliminate slum conditions. It is therefore imperative that the cost of mortgage financing, which materially affects rental levels in units built by private enterprise be made lower so as to reduce rental levels for these low income persons and families, that the supply of housing for persons and families displaced by public action or natural disaster be increased, and that private enterprise be encouraged to build housing which will prevent the recurrence of slum conditions and assist in their permanent elimination by housing persons of varied economic means in the same projects and neighborhoods.

SECTION 3. *Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency.* — There is hereby created and placed in the department of commerce and development a body politic and corporate to be known as the Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency, which shall not be subject to the supervision or control of the department of commerce and development or of any department, commission, board, bureau or agency of the commonwealth except to the extent and in the manner provided in this act. The

MHFA is hereby constituted a public instrumentality and the exercise by the MHFA of the powers conferred by this act shall be deemed and held to be the performance of an essential governmental function.

The MHFA shall consist of the commissioner of commerce and development, and the commissioner of corporations and taxation, *ex officio*, and five persons to be appointed by the governor, of whom one shall be experienced in mortgage banking, one shall be trained in architecture or city or regional planning, and one shall be experienced in real estate transactions. The commissioner of commerce and development shall be the chairman. Each appointive member shall be appointed for a term of seven years, except that in making his initial appointments, the governor shall appoint three members to serve for terms of three, five and six years respectively, as he may designate. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any member shall be eligible for reappointment.

The MHFA shall annually elect one of its members as vice-chairman and a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member of the MHFA. The secretary-treasurer shall keep a record of the proceedings of the MHFA and shall be custodian of all books, documents, and papers filed with the MHFA and of its minute book and seal. He shall have authority to cause to be made copies of all minutes and other records and documents of the MHFA and to give certificates under the seal of the MHFA to the effect that such copies are true copies and all persons dealing with the MHFA may rely upon such certificates.

Four members of the MHFA shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of four members shall be necessary for any action taken by the MHFA. No vacancy in the membership of the MHFA shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the MHFA.

The members of the MHFA shall serve without compensation, but each member shall be reimbursed for his necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his official duties.

SECTION 4. *General Grant of Powers.* — The MHFA is hereby authorized to:

(a) Make first mortgage loans, including mortgages insured by the secretary of housing and urban development, to finance the building or rehabilitation of housing designed and planned to be available at low and moderate rentals for low income persons and families and others upon the terms set forth in section five.

(b) Adopt by-laws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business.

(c) Adopt an official seal.

(d) Sue and be sued in its own name.

(e) Make and execute contracts and all other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its power and functions.

(f) Acquire, hold and dispose of personal property for its corporate purposes.

(g) Enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal or state agency.

(h) Acquire real property, or an interest therein, by purchase or foreclosure, where such acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect any loan in which the agency has an interest; to sell, transfer and con-

vey any such property to a buyer and in the event such sale, transfer or conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, to lease such property to a tenant.

(i) Invest any funds held in reserves or sinking funds, or any funds not required for immediate disbursement, in such investments as may be lawful for fiduciaries in the commonwealth.

(j) Borrow money by the making of notes and the issuance of bonds and secure such bonds by the pledge of revenues, mortgages and notes of others.

(k) Employ an executive director and such other agents, employees, professional and business advisers as may from time to time be necessary in its judgment and to fix their compensation. The executive director, professional advisers and business advisers shall not be subject to the provision of chapter thirty-one or section nine A of chapter thirty.

(l) Appear in its own behalf before boards, commissions, departments or other agencies of government, municipal, state, or federal.

(m) Sell, at public or private sale, any mortgage or other obligation securing a mortgage loan, including sales of mortgages to the Federal National Mortgage Association, United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

(n) Procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, as may be necessary or desirable.

(o) Consent, subject to the provisions of any contract with note-holders or bondholders, whenever it deems it necessary or desirable in the fulfillment of the purposes of this act, to the modification, with respect to rate of interest, time of payment or any installment of principal or interest, or any other terms, of any mortgage, mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, contract or agreement of any kind to which the MHFA is a party.

(p) Make and publish rules and regulations respecting the grant of mortgage loans under this act, the regulation of borrowers, the delineation of general housing market areas and the setting of dependency and medical expense allowances.

(q) Do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and exercise the powers expressly given and granted in this act.

(r) Accept gifts or grants or loans of funds or property or financial or other aid from any federal or state agency or private fund.

SECTION 5. *Mortgage Loans.* — (a) *Purpose.* — The MHFA may make mortgage loans to sponsors of such multi-dwelling housing projects as in the judgment of the MHFA have promise of supplying well planned, well designed apartment units which will provide housing for low income persons or families in locations where there is a need for such housing. Such loans may include construction loans as well as permanent loans. Such projects may include ancillary commercial facilities to the extent permitted by the then applicable MHFA regulations. The MHFA shall make no mortgage loan under any of its powers unless the principal contractor files a certificate or certificates at such times in the course of construction or otherwise, as the MHFA may prescribe certifying that the laborers, teamsters, chauffeurs, and mechanics employed or to be employed on the project which is the subject of the mortgage loan have been paid or are to be paid the prevailing wages

of the locality where the project is located as determined by the commissioner of labor and industries under the authority of sections twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-seven B, twenty-seven C, and twenty-seven D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws. The provisions of section twenty-nine of said chapter one hundred and forty-nine shall apply to all construction and alteration projects which are the subject of a mortgage loan by the MHFA.

(b) *Eligible Mortgagor.* — The MHFA may make loans to individuals, joint ventures, partnerships, limited partnerships, trusts, corporations, cooperatives and condominiums, whether nonprofit or organized for profit.

(c) *Interest and Charges.* — The MHFA shall have authority to set from time to time the interest rates at which it shall make loans; provided, however, that the MHFA shall not charge interest at a rate higher than one quarter of one per cent in excess of the market yield to maturity on the bonds of the MHFA most recently sold, and shall charge interest at such lower rate as is consistent with making and keeping the MHFA self-supporting. In connection with the making of mortgage loans and commitments therefor, and in addition to such interest charges, the MHFA may make and collect such fees and charges, including but not limited to reimbursement of the MHFA's financing costs, service charges, insurance premiums and mortgage insurance premiums, as the MHFA determines to be reasonable.

(d) *Limited Profit.* — A mortgagor may not make distributions in any one year with respect to a project financed by the MHFA in excess of six per cent of the mortgagor's equity in such project. The mortgagor's equity in a project shall consist of the difference between the mortgage and the total project cost. "Total project cost" shall include construction costs including job overhead and a builder's and sponsor's profit and risk fee, architectural, engineering, legal and accounting costs, organizational expenses, land value, interest and financing charges paid during construction, the cost of landscaping and off-site improvements, whether or not such costs have been paid in cash or in a form other than cash. With respect to every project, the MHFA shall, pursuant to regulations adopted by it, establish the mortgagor's equity at the time of the making of the final mortgage advance and for purposes of this paragraph, that figure shall remain constant during the life of the MHFA's mortgage on such project.

(e) *Use of Nondistributed Profits.* — Whenever a mortgagor accumulates earned surplus in addition to such reserves for replacement as the MHFA may require in excess of ten per cent of the initial annual rent roll for the project, rents in the project shall be reduced to the extent necessary to lower the earned surplus accumulation to such ten per cent figure in the following fiscal year. Every ten years the mortgagor may seek the approval of the MHFA to an increase in the replacement reserves to the extent warranted, in the judgment of the MHFA, by increased price levels or unusual maintenance and repair requirements.

(f) *Amortization and Refinancing.* — The ratio of loan to project value and the amortization period of loans made under this act which are insured by FHA shall be governed by the FHA mortgage insurance commitment for each project concerned, but shall not exceed fifty years. In the case of a mortgage loan not insured by FHA, the ratio of loan to project value and the amortization period of loans shall be determined

in accordance with regulations formulated and published by the MHFA, but in no event shall such loan value ratio exceed ninety per cent of project cost as determined by the MHFA nor shall the amortization period exceed fifty years. A loan hereunder may be prepaid after a period of twenty years; provided, however, that nonprofit sponsors may prepay their loans prior to maturity only with the consent of MHFA. The MHFA shall grant such consent if it finds: (1) that it may reasonably be expected that the prepayment of the loan will not result in a material escalation of rents charged to tenants in the project; and (2) the need for low rental housing in the area concerned is no longer acute.

(g) *Findings.* — Prior to making a loan commitment or loan under this act, the MHFA shall find (1) that low income persons and families can afford the adjusted rentals set for twenty-five per cent of the units in the proposed project on the basis of the use of not more than twenty-five per cent of annual income, (2) that there exists a shortage of decent, safe and sanitary housing at low rents available to persons and families of low income within the general housing market area to be served by the proposed project, (3) that private enterprise without the assistance contemplated by this act cannot supply such housing, and (4) that programs of public agencies within the general housing market area to be served by the project have accomplished or will accomplish within the next five years the elimination by demolition, condemnation, effective closing or compulsory repair or improvement of unsafe or unsanitary dwelling units situated within such market area substantially equal in number to the number of units to be provided by such project provided that the accomplishment of such elimination may be deferred beyond the five-year period in any general housing market area where there continues to be an acute shortage of decent, safe or sanitary housing available to persons and families of low income. Where more than one family is living in an unsafe or unsanitary dwelling unit, the elimination of such unit shall count as the elimination of units equal to the number of families accommodated therein. The finding as to the elimination of unsafe and unsanitary dwelling units need not be made in the case of any project located in a rural, nonfarm area, or of any project developed on the site of a substandard area or of any project undertaken within an urban renewal or land assembly and redevelopment area.

SECTION 6. *Rental Levels and Schedules.* — (a) The MHFA shall, pursuant to regulations adopted by it, make the following rental determinations for each housing unit located in a project to which MHFA has made a mortgage loan hereunder: (1) the market rate rental, which is the rental which would be appropriate if the project had been originally financed at then current market interest rates; (2) the below-market rate rental, which is the market rate rental adjusted for the extent to which the applicable MHFA loan interest rate is below such then current interest rates; and (3) the adjusted rental, which is the below-market rate rental, further adjusted downward at least ten per cent to make available units to low-income persons and families who could not otherwise rent units at the below-market rental without expending more than one-fourth of their annual income for such housing. These rental determinations may be reviewed and adjusted by MHFA from time to time.

(b) Subject only to the rights of FHA, if any, the rents to be charged for housing units which receive loans hereunder must be approved by the MHFA. In each project financed under this act not less than twenty-five per cent of the units in the project shall be rented at all times to low income persons or families at the adjusted rental. The remaining units not made available to such low income persons or families shall be made available at rentals not lower than the below-market rental for the unit and sufficiently high as determined by MHFA to achieve and maintain a fiscally sound project. Such determinations may be reviewed and adjusted by MHFA from time to time.

(c) All rentals received by the sponsor in excess of the below-market rental established for each unit shall be applied, pursuant to such regulations as the MHFA shall make and publish from time to time, to reduce rentals from the below-market rental to achieve and reduce adjusted rentals in the manner set forth in paragraph (e) of section five.

SECTION 7. *Tenants.* — (a) Prior to making a loan commitment under this act, the MHFA shall approve a tenant selection plan submitted by the applicant for such a loan. The MHFA shall make and publish regulations from time to time governing the terms of such tenant selection plans. Such plans shall include criteria for tenant selection which establish income limits for eligible tenants which may vary with the size and circumstances of the person or family. Such income limits shall be sufficiently flexible to avoid undue economic homogeneity among the tenants of a project, but for the purpose of initial selection, the annual income of the applicant shall not exceed five times the annual rental for the unit to be occupied. Tenant selection plans shall provide that as between applicants equally in need and eligible for occupancy of the unit, preference shall be given to persons displaced by public action or natural disaster, pursuant to such regulations as the department of commerce and development may formulate. Tenant selection plans shall also provide with respect to apartment units designated for rent at the adjusted rental that the housing authority in the city or town in which the project is located, or such other agency as the department of commerce and development may from time to time designate, shall have the right to designate tenants, who are otherwise eligible, for such units as they become available, either in the initial renting of the projects or as vacancies thereafter occur.

(b) Once each year tenants whose annual incomes subsequently increase to the point where such incomes exceed six times the rental then being charged for the unit occupied shall have the rental for that unit increased to a figure (not in excess of the market rate rental) which will equal one sixth of the tenant's then net annual income.

SECTION 8. *Issuance of Bonds and Notes.* — (a) The MHFA shall have power and is hereby authorized from time to time to issue its negotiable bonds and notes in such principal amount as, in the opinion of the MHFA, shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its corporate purposes, including the making of mortgage loans, the payment of interest on bonds and notes of the agency, establishment of reserves to secure such bonds and notes, and all other expenditures of the MHFA incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its corporate purposes and powers. The MHFA shall have power, from time to time, to issue renewal notes, to issue bonds to pay notes and

whenever it deems refunding expedient to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded have or have not matured, and to issue bonds partly to refund bonds then outstanding and partly for any other purpose. The refunding bonds shall be sold and the proceeds applied to the purchase, redemption or payment of the bonds to be refunded.

(b) The notes and bonds shall be authorized by resolution of the members, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times, in the case of any such note, or any renewals thereof, not exceeding five years from the date of issue of such original note, and in the case of any such bond not exceeding fifty years from the date of issue, as such resolution or resolutions may provide. The notes and bonds shall bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon or registered, carry such registration privileges, contain such terms and provisions relating to, but not limited to, pledges of the MHFA's assets, setting aside of reserves, limitations on additional notes and bonds, and such other matters as may affect the security or protection of the notes and bonds, be executed in such manner, be payable in such medium of payment, at such place or places and be subject to such terms of redemption as such resolution or resolutions may provide. The notes and bonds of the MHFA may be sold at public or private sale, at such price or prices as the MHFA shall determine. No notes or bonds of the MHFA shall be sold by the MHFA at private sale, however, unless such sale and the terms thereof have been approved by the treasurer and receiver-general.

(c) Neither the members of the MHFA nor any person executing the notes or bonds shall be liable personally on the notes or bonds or be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

(d) The MHFA, subject to such agreement with noteholders or bondholders as may then exist, shall have power out of any funds available therefor to purchase its notes or bonds, which shall thereupon be cancelled, at a price not exceeding (1) if the notes or bonds are then redeemable, the redemption price then applicable plus accrued interest to the next interest payment date thereupon, or (2) if the notes or bonds are not then redeemable, the redemption price applicable on the first date after such purchase upon which the notes or bonds become subject to redemption plus accrued interest to such date.

SECTION 9. *Credit of Commonwealth or any Subdivision Thereof Not Pledged.* — Bonds and notes issued under the provisions of this act shall not be deemed to constitute a debt of the commonwealth or of any political subdivision thereof or a pledge of the faith and credit of the commonwealth or of any such political subdivision, but such bonds and notes shall be payable solely from the proceeds of mortgage loans made under this act, reserve funds created therefor by the MHFA, and any mortgage insurance contracts pertaining thereto. All such bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a statement to the effect that neither the MHFA nor the commonwealth nor any political subdivision thereof shall be obligated to pay the same or the interest thereon except from such proceeds, reserve fund or mortgage insurance contracts and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on such bonds.

All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act shall be payable solely from funds provided under the authority of this act and no liability or obligation shall be incurred by the MHFA hereunder beyond the extent to which moneys shall have been provided under the provisions of this act.

SECTION 10. *Trust Agreement.* — In the discretion of the MHFA bonds and notes issued by it shall be secured by a trust agreement by and between the MHFA and a trustee, which may be any trust company or bank within the commonwealth having the powers of a trust company. Either the resolution providing for the issuance of bonds and notes or such trust agreement may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the MHFA in relation to the custody, safeguarding and application of all moneys.

It shall be lawful for any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the commonwealth to act as depository of the proceeds of bonds and notes or of revenues and to furnish such indemnifying bonds or to pledge such securities as may be required by the MHFA. Such trust agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the bondholders and noteholders and of the trustee, and may restrict the individual right of action by bondholders and noteholders. In addition to the foregoing, such trust agreement may contain such other provision as the MHFA may deem reasonable and proper for the security of the bondholders and noteholders. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of such trust agreement may be treated as a part of the cost of the operation of the MHFA.

SECTION 11. *Advisory Committee.* — To assist the MHFA in the discharge of its duties, the governor shall appoint from among interested citizens of the commonwealth an advisory committee of fifteen persons, including persons with experience or training in urban renewal, building, social work, mortgage financing, the municipal bond market, architecture, land use planning, and municipal government. It shall be the role of the advisory committee to assist the MHFA and its staff in formulating policies and procedures dealing with site selection, tenant selection, rent levels, design objectives, and such other questions relevant to the MHFA's underlying goal of providing housing for low income families and attaining balanced, attractive communities.

Members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation. They shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter thirty-one or chapter two hundred and sixty-eight A.

SECTION 12. *Bonds and Notes Tax Exempt.* — The creation of the MHFA is in all respects for the benefit of the people of the commonwealth and for the improvement of their health, safety, welfare, comfort and security, and its purposes are public purposes and the MHFA will be performing an essential governmental function. The commonwealth covenants with the purchasers and all subsequent holders and transferees of the notes and bonds issued by the MHFA, in consideration of the acceptance of any payment for the notes and bonds, that the notes and bonds of the MHFA, issued pursuant to this act and the income therefrom shall at all times be free from taxation.

SECTION 13. *Bonds and Notes Eligible for Investment.* — Bonds and notes issued under the provisions of this act are hereby made securities

in which all public officers and public bodies of the commonwealth and its political subdivisions, all insurance companies, trust companies in their commercial departments and within the limits set by section forty of chapter one hundred and seventy-two of the General Laws, banking associations, investment companies, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the commonwealth may properly and legally invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging to them, and such bonds and notes are hereby made obligations which may properly and legally be made eligible for the investment of savings deposits and the income thereof in the manner provided by section fifty of chapter one hundred and sixty-eight. Such bonds and notes are hereby made securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any state or municipal officer or any agency or political subdivision of the commonwealth for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the commonwealth now or may hereafter be authorized by law.

SECTION 14. *Annual Report.* — The MHFA shall annually submit to the governor, the chairman of the senate ways and means committee, the chairman of the house ways and means committee, the commissioner of administration and finance, and the comptroller within ninety days after the end of its fiscal year, a complete and detailed report setting forth: (a) its operations and accomplishments; (b) its receipts and expenditures during such fiscal year in accordance with the categories and classifications established by the MHFA for its operating and capital outlay purposes; (c) its assets and liabilities at the end of its fiscal year, including a schedule of its mortgage loans and commitments and the status of reserve, special, or other funds, and (d) a schedule of its bonds and notes outstanding at the end of its fiscal year, together with a statement of the amounts redeemed and incurred during such fiscal year.

SECTION 15. *Inspection of Books and Records.* — The books and records of the MHFA shall be subject to an annual audit by the auditor of the commonwealth.

SECTION 16. *Liberal Construction.* — This act, being necessary for the welfare of the commonwealth and its inhabitants, shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes thereof.

SECTION 17. *Severability.* — The provisions of this act are severable, and if any of its provisions shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions. *Approved September 8, 1966.*

Chap. 709. AN ACT IN ADDITION TO THE GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT MAKING APPROPRIATIONS TO SUPPLEMENT CERTAIN ITEMS CONTAINED THEREIN, AND FOR CERTAIN NEW ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. To provide for supplementing certain items in the general appropriation act and for certain new activities and projects, the sums set forth in section two for the several purposes and subject to the con-