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[No. 1.]

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ANNUAL REGISTER

OF THE

EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS

OF THE

Government of Massachusetts.

1868.

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## EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

NAME AND OFFICE.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in office.
Alexander H. Bullock, <i>Governor</i> , . . .	Worcester, .	Mar. 2, 1816,	Royalston, . .	Lawyer, . .	1866.
William Claflin, <i>Lieutenant-Governor</i> , . . .	Newton, .	Mar. 6, 1818,	Milford, . .	Merchant, . .	1866.
John S. Brayton, <i>Councillor</i> , District, 1, . . .	Fall River, .	Dec. 3, 1826,	Swansea, . .	Farmer, . .	1866.
Charles Endicott, " " 2, . . .	Canton, .	Oct. 28, 1822,	Canton, . .	Lawyer, . .	1851.
A. K. P. Welch, " " 3, . . .	Cambridge, .	Feb. 20, 1825,	Monmouth, Me., .	Printer, . .	1868.
Peter Harvey, " " 4, . . .	Boston, .	July 10, 1810,	Barnet, Vt., .	Merchant, . .	1868.
Roland G. Usher, " " 5, . . .	Lynn, .	Jan. 6, 1823,	Medford, . .	Mayor, . .	1868.
Thomas Talbot, " " 6, . . .	Billerica, .	Sept. 7, 1818,	Cambridge, N. Y.,	Manufacturer,	1865.
Charles Adams, Jr., " " 7, . . .	N. Brookfield,	Jan. 31, 1810,	Antrim, N. H., .	- -	1867.
Horatio G. Knight, " " 8, . . .	Easthampton,	Mar. 24, 1819,	Easthampton, .	Manufacturer,	1868.
Augustus G. Bullock, <i>Governor's Private Secretary</i> ,	Worcester, .	June 2, 1847,	Enfield, Conn., .	- -	1868.
Oliver Warner, <i>Secretary of State</i> , . . .	Northampton,	April 17, 1818,	Northampton, .	- -	1858.
C. W. Lovett, <i>1st Clerk</i> , . . .	Boston, .	Dec. 15, 1802,	Boston, . .	Clerk, . .	1855.
B. C. Piper, <i>2d Clerk</i> , . . .	Boston, .	Jan. 10, 1828,	Portsmouth, N. H.,	Clerk, . .	1867.
Jacob H. Loud, <i>Treasurer</i> , . . .	Plymouth, .	Feb. 5, 1802,	Hingham, . .	Lawyer, . .	1853.
D. H. Rogers, <i>1st Clerk</i> , . . .	Brookline, .	Aug. 2, 1815,	Alton, N. H., .	Clerk, . .	1852.
A. Harmon, <i>2d Clerk</i> , . . .	Malden, .	Sept. 23, 1808,	Scarboro', Me.,	Merchant, . .	1862.
Joshua Phippen, <i>Cashier</i> , . . .	Salem, .	Dec. 17, 1812,	Salem, . .	Merchant, . .	1862.

Stephen B. Smith, . . . . .	Lowell, . . . . .	Feb. 3, 1843,	Lowell, . . . . .	Clerk, . . . . .	1864.
David Wilder, <i>Allotment Commissioner</i> , . . . . .	Boston, . . . . .	April 19, 1809,	Leominster, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1862.
Henry S. Briggs, <i>Auditor</i> , . . . . .	Pittsfield, . . . . .	Aug. 1, 1824,	Lanesborough, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1866.
Julius L. Clarke, <i>1st Clerk</i> , . . . . .	W. Newton, . . . . .	Nov. 11, 1813,	Portland, Ct., . . . . .	Editor, . . . . .	1859.
Edward S. Davis, <i>2d Clerk</i> , . . . . .	Lynn, . . . . .	June 22, 1810,	Lynn, . . . . .	Accountant, . . . . .	1838.
∞ Charles Allen, <i>Attorney-General</i> , . . . . .	Boston, . . . . .	April 17, 1827,	Greenfield, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1867.
Col. John D. Washburn, <i>Aide-de-Camp, Gov. Staff</i> ,	Worcester, . . . . .	- -	- -	- -	-
Col. Charles L. Pierson, " " "	Salem, . . . . .	- -	- -	- -	-
Col. Henry S. Russell, " " "	Milton, . . . . .	- -	- -	- -	-
Col. Franklin Haven, Jr., " " "	Boston, . . . . .	- -	- -	- -	-
Maj. Gen. James A. Cunningham, <i>Adjutant and Inspector-General</i> , . . . . .	Gloucester, . . . . .	Nov. 27, 1830,	Boston, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1866.
Col. Nehemiah Brown, <i>Ass't Adjutant-General</i> , . . . . .	Boston, . . . . .	April 13, 1820,	Ipswich, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1853.
Brig. Gen. John H. Reed, <i>Quartermaster-General</i> ,	Boston, . . . . .	Aug. 3, 1827,	Boston, . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1861.
Col. Samuel E. Chamberlain, <i>Deputy Quartermaster-General</i> , . . . . .	Cambridge, . . . . .	Nov. 27, 1828,	Centre Har., N.H.,	Soldier, . . . . .	1866.
Brig. Gen. William J. Dale, <i>Surgeon-General</i> , . . . . .	Boston, . . . . .	Sept. 5, 1815,	Gloucester, . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1861.
Col. Anson P. Booker, <i>Assistant Surgeon-General</i> ,	Cambridge, . . . . .	Sept. 29, 1829,	Cambridge, . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1862.
William H. Porter, <i>Paymaster</i> , . . . . .	Lynn, . . . . .	Mar. 26, 1836,	Salem, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1866.
David S. Walker, <i>Messenger to Gov. and Council</i> ,	Cambridge, . . . . .	Mar. 17, 1839,	New York, N. Y.,	Clerk, . . . . .	1866.

## LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

## SENATE.

GEORGE O. BRASTOW, PRESIDENT.

DISTRICT.	Name.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
SUFFOLK COUNTY.						
First District, . . . .	Tracy P. Cheever, .	Chelsea, .	Mar. 28, 1824,	Marblehead, .	Lawyer, . . . .	*1862.
Second " . . . .	Alonzo M. Giles, .	Boston, .	Feb. 25, 1821,	Brookfield, N. H.,	Boston Gas Works,	*1861.
Third " . . . .	Augustus O. Allen, .	" . . . .	Dec. 21, 1830,	Gardiner, Me., .	Lawyer, . . . .	*1864.
Fourth " . . . .	A. M. McPhail, Jr., .	" . . . .	Feb. 28, 1817,	New Brunswick, .	Pianoforte Manuf.,	*1865.
Fifth " . . . .	Samuel D. Crane, .	" . . . .	June 14, 1816,	Boston, . . . .	Merchant, . . . .	1868.
Sixth " . . . .	Melville E. Ingalls, .	" . . . .	Sept. 6, 1842,	Harrison, Me., .	Lawyer, . . . .	1868.
ESSEX COUNTY.						
First District, . . . .	William Schouler, .	Lynn, . . . .	Dec. 31, 1814,	Renfrewshire, Scotland,	Editor, . . . .	*1843.
Second " . . . .	William Sutton, .	Peabody, .	July 26, 1800,	Salem, . . . .	Farmer and Manuf.,	*1832.
Third " . . . .	Moses T. Stevens, .	No. Andover, .	Oct. 10, 1825,	N. Andover, . . .	Manufacturer, . .	*1862.
Fourth " . . . .	Charles C. Dame, .	Newburyport, .	June 5, 1819,	Kittery, Me., . .	Lawyer, . . . .	1868.
Fifth " . . . .	J. Scott Todd, . .	Rowley, . .	July 6, 1828,	Rowley, . . . .	Merchant, . . . .	*1867.
MIDDLESEX COUNTY.						
First District, . . . .	O. H. P. Smith, . .	Charlestown, .	July 8, 1824,	Holderness, N. H.,	Expressman, . . .	1868.
Second " . . . .	George O. Brastow, .	Somerville, .	Sept. 8, 1811,	Wrentham, . . .	Trader, . . . .	*1849.
Third " . . . .	Knowlton S. Chaffee,	Cambridge, .	July 11, 1814,	Becket, . . . .	Merchant, . . . .	*1863.
Fourth " . . . .	Lee Claffin, . . .	Hopkinton, .	Nov. 19, 1791,	Hopkinton, . . .	Closing Business, .	*1836.
Fifth " . . . .	Daniel Needham, .	Groton, . . .	May 24, 1822,	Salem, . . . .	Lawyer, . . . .	*1867.

Sixth District, . . .	James Oliver, . . .	So. Reading, . . .	May 30 1820,	S. Reading, . . .	Farmer, . . .	*1856.
Seventh " . . .	Benj. F. Clark, . . .	N. Chelmsford, . . .	Feb. 23, 1808,	Lyndeboro', N. H.,	Clergyman, . . .	1868.
WORCESTER COUNTY.						
First District, . . .	Lucius W. Pond, . . .	Worcester, . . .	April 20, 1826,	Hubbardston, . . .	Man. of Machinery,	1866.
Second " . . .	Jonathan D. Wheeler,	Grafton, . . .	Aug. 4, 1806,	Barre, Vt., . . .	Cotton Manufact'r,	1868.
Third " . . .	Frederick D. Brown,	Webster, . . .	Sept. 5, 1824,	Sutton, . . .	Physician, . . .	*1863.
Fourth " . . .	John G. Mudge, . . .	Petersham, . . .	Mar. 26, 1823,	Winchester, N. H.,	Merchant, . . .	*1856.
Fifth " . . .	Francis B. Fay, . . .	Lancaster, . . .	June 12, 1793,	Southborough, . . .	Retired Merchant, .	*1830.
HAMPDEN COUNTY.						
First District, . . .	Henry Alexander, Jr.,	Springfield, . . .	Sept. 9, 1818,	Northfield, . . .	Banker, . . .	1865.
Second " . . .	Henry Fuller, . . .	Westfield, . . .	July 17, 1825,	Tolland, . . .	Lawyer, . . .	*1854.
BERKSHIRE AND HAMPSHIRE COUNTIES.						
Hampshire District, . . .	Edmund H. Sawyer, .	Easthampton, . . .	Nov. 16, 1821,	Newton, . . .	Manufacturer, . . .	*1866.
Berkshire & Hampshire Dis.,	Marshal Wilcox, . . .	Lee, . . .	Mar. 19, 1821,	Stockbridge, . . .	Lawyer, . . .	*1866.
Berkshire District, . . .	Sam'l W. Bowerman,	Pittsfield, . . .	May 10, 1822,	Adams, . . .	Lawyer, . . .	1860.
FRANKLIN COUNTY.						
Franklin District, . . .	Silas N. Brooks, . . .	Bernardston, . . .	Dec. 30, 1825,	Bernardston, . . .	Farmer, . . .	*1867.
NORFOLK AND PLYMOUTH COUNTIES.						
First Norfolk District, . . .	William Gaston, . . .	Roxbury, . . .	Oct. 3, 1820,	Killingly, Conn., . .	Lawyer, . . .	*1853.
Second " " . . .	George Penniman, . .	Milton, . . .	July 10, 1810,	Boston, . . .	- - -	1868.
Third " " . . .	Clark Partridge, . . .	Medway, . . .	April 1, 1809,	Medway, . . .	Boot & Shoe Manuf.,	*1852.
Norfolk and Plymouth Dis.,	Edward Avery, . . .	Braintree, . . .	Mar. 12, 1828,	Marblehead, . . .	Lawyer, . . .	*1867.
First Plymouth District, . .	Gershom B. Weston, .	Duxbury, . . .	Aug. 27, 1799,	Duxbury, . . .	Merchant, . . .	*1828.
Second " " . . .	Edward Crocker, . . .	N. Bridgewater, . .	Mar. 16, 1814,	N. Bridgewater, . .	Farmer, . . .	1868.

\* House of Representatives.

DISTRICT.	Name.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
BRISTOL COUNTY.						
First District, . . . .	Harrison Tweed, . . . .	Taunton, . . . .	Feb. 17, 1806,	S. Reading, . . . .	Taunt'n Locomotive Wks,	*1852.
Second " . . . .	Robert C. Pitman, . . . .	New Bedford, . . . .	Mar. 16, 1825,	Newport, R. I., . . . .	Lawyer, . . . .	*1858.
Third " . . . .	S. Angier Chace, . . . .	Fall River, . . . .	Dec. 7, 1820,	Freetown, . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . .	*1865.
BARNSTABLE, NANTUCKET AND DUKES COUNTIES.						
Cape District, . . . .	Chester Snow, . . . .	Harwich, . . . .	Oct. 11, 1817,	Harwich, . . . .	- . . . .	1867.
Island " . . . .	Erasmus Gould, . . . .	Falmouth, . . . .	June 23, 1817,	Derby, Vt., . . . .	- . . . .	*1855.

\* House of Representatives.

## OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

NAME AND OFFICE.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	1st year in office.
Stephen N. Gifford, <i>Clerk</i> , . . . . .	Duxbury, . . . .	July 21, 1815,	Pembroke, . . . .	1858.
Benjamin C. Dean, <i>Assistant-Clerk</i> , . . . . .	Lowell, . . . .	March 8, 1843,	Lowell, . . . .	1866.
John Morrissey, <i>Sergeant-at-Arms to both branches</i> , . . . . .	Plymouth, . . . .	Sept. 22, 1818,	Boston, . . . .	1859.
Rev. Henry Morgan, <i>Chaplain</i> , . . . . .	Boston, . . . .	March 7, 1825,	Newtown, Conn., . . . .	1868.

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

HARVEY JEWELL, SPEAKER.

Districts.	Name of Representative.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
<b>SUFFOLK COUNTY.</b>						
No. 1, . . . . .	Dexter A. Tompkins,	Boston, . . .	Aug. 31, 1827,	Boston, . . . .	Teacher of Music, . .	1868.
	Hodgdon F. Buzzell,	" . . . . .	Dec. 18, 1834,	Monroe, Me., . . .	Machinist, . . . . .	1868.
	Sydney F. Whitehouse,	" . . . . .	April 15, 1822,	Minot, Me., . . .	Master Mason, . . . .	1868.
2, . . . . .	Dennis Cawley, Jr., .	" . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1836,	Ireland, . . . . .	Grocer, . . . . .	1868.
	John M. Tobin, . . .	" . . . . .	June 24, 1835,	Co. Kilkenny, Ireland,	Trader, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	Murdock Matheson, .	" . . . . .	Aug. 15, 1827,	Cape Breton, N. S.,	Clothing Dealer, . . .	1868.
	Charles R. Train, . .	" . . . . .	Oct. 18, 1817,	Framingham, . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1847.
	Thomas J. Gargan, . .	" . . . . .	Oct. 27, 1842,	Boston, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
4, . . . . .	James L. Locke, . . .	" . . . . .	May 14, 1832,	Epsom, N. H., . . .	Depot Master B. & L. R. R.,	1868.
	Hiram S. Shurtleff, .	" . . . . .	Aug. 23, 1841,	Boston, . . . . .	- . . . .	1867.
	Dexter S. King, . . .	" . . . . .	Aug. 16, 1806,	Leicester, . . . . .	- . . . .	1867.
5, . . . . .	Daniel H. Whitney, .	" . . . . .	Sept. 5, 1825,	Harvard, . . . . .	Treasurer, . . . . .	1868.
	Ellis W. Morton, . . .	" . . . . .	Oct. 8, 1840,	N. Bridgewater, . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
	John P. Ordway, . . .	" . . . . .	April 4, 1824,	Salem, . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1868.
6, . . . . .	Otis Rich, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Aug. 30, 1806,	Lynn, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1853.
	Harvey Jewell, . . .	" . . . . .	May 26, 1820,	Winchester, N. H.,	Lawyer, . . . . .	1861.
	Linus M. Child, . . .	" . . . . .	Mar. 14, 1835,	Southbridge, . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
7, . . . . .	John J. Smith, . . .	" . . . . .	- , 1820,	Richmond, Va., . .	Hair Dresser, . . . .	1868.
	Patrick A. Collins, . .	" . . . . .	Mar. 15, 1843,	Fermeoy, Co. Cork, Ireland,	Law Student, . . . .	1868.
	Charles H. Blanchard,	" . . . . .	Nov. 24, 1828,	Charlestown, . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
	Thomas J. Fay, . . .	" . . . . .	July 31, 1832,	Ireland, . . . . .	Trader, . . . . .	1867.

APPENDIX

Districts.	Name of Representative.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
<i>SUFFOLK Co.—Con.</i>						
No. 8, . . . . .	Noah M. Gaylord, . .	Boston, . . . .	Jan. 20, 1822,	Montgomery, Ohio,	Clergyman, . . . .	1867.
	P. Ambrose Young, . .	" . . . . .	Sept 11, 1824,	Boston, . . . . .	Apothecary, . . . .	1868.
9, . . . . .	Nathaniel C. Nash, . .	" . . . . .	April 6, 1804,	South Scituate, . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1858.
	Newell A. Thompson, .	" . . . . .	Dec. 20, 1808,	Uxbridge, . . . . .	Auction'r & Com. Mer.,	1852.
10, . . . . .	Edward H. Pierce, . .	" . . . . .	Nov. 21, 1841,	Stony Brook, L. I.,	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
	James A. Fox, . . . .	" . . . . .	Aug. 11, 1827,	Boston, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1867.
11, . . . . .	Noble H. Hill, . . . .	" . . . . .	Dec. 27, 1821,	Shoreham, Vt., . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
	George F. Williams, . .	" . . . . .	May 8, 1817,	Boston, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1855.
12, . . . . .	Charles W. Wilder, . .	" . . . . .	Jan. 16, 1819,	Westminster, . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
	Hubbard W. Tilton, . .	" . . . . .	July 6, 1835,	Newburyport, . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1867.
13, . . . . .	J. W. F. Willson, . . .	" . . . . .	Feb. 19, 1828,	Portsmouth, N. H.,	Apothecary, . . . .	1868.
	Henry Souther, . . . .	" . . . . .	May 6, 1810,	Hingham, . . . . .	Brewer and Maltster,	1863.
13, . . . . .	Samuel Freeman, . . .	Chelsea, . . . .	Mar. 17, 1830,	Limerick, Me., . .	Apothecary, . . . .	1868.
	Thomas H. Carruth, . .	" . . . . .	Sept. 25, 1810,	N. Brookfield, . .	Linseed Oil Manufac'r,	1868.
	Charles Bird, Jr., . . .	North Chelsea,	- 1829,	Watertown, . . . .	Wholes'e Confection'r,	1868.
<i>ESSEX COUNTY.</i>						
No. 1, . . . . .	J. R. Huntington, . . .	Amesbury, . . .	July 31, 1829,	Amesbury, . . . . .	Carriage Manufac'r, .	1868.
	James G. Tewksbury, . .	W. Newbury, . .	July 20, 1828,	W. Newbury, . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . .	1868.
2, . . . . .	Charles W. Chase, . . .	Haverhill, . . .	Mar. 17, 1822,	Haverhill, . . . . .	Shoe Manufacturer, . .	1868.
	Sam'l K. Towle, . . . .	" . . . . .	Aug. 11, 1829,	Parsonsfield, Me., .	Physician, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	John Perley, . . . . .	Bradford, . . . .	July 8, 1808,	Dunbarton, N. H., . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1863.
	Wm. H. P. Wright, . . .	Lawrence, . . . .	Feb. 18, 1828,	Lowell, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1867.
4, . . . . .	Albert Blood, . . . . .	" . . . . .	April 9, 1818,	Andover, . . . . .	Machinist, . . . . .	1867.
	John K. Tarbox, . . . .	" . . . . .	May 6, 1838,	Methuen, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
4, . . . . .	John A. Wiley, . . . .	No. Andover, . .	Feb. 1, 1825,	South Reading, . . .	Woollen Manufac'r, .	1868.

5,	Roscoe W. Gage,	Boxford,	Sept. 2, 1839,	Pelham, N. H.,	Trader,	1868.
6,	Geo W. Jackman, Jr.,	Newburyport,	Jan. 22, 1814,	New York, N. Y.,	Ship-builder,	1868.
	George W. Woodwell,	"	July 1, 1829,	Newburyport,	Farmer,	1867.
7,	Rufus Adams,	"	Mar. 31, 1829,	Newbury,	Grocer,	1867.
	Joseph Ross,	Ipswich,	Mar. 4, 1822,	Ipswich,	Bridge & Draw-build'r,	1858.
8,	Benjamin F. Cook,	Gloucester,	Jan. 1, 1833,	Boston,	Inspector of Customs,	1868.
	Josiah O. Friend,	"	Feb. 15, 1835,	Gloucester,	Trader,	1868.
9,	Leonard McKenzie,	Essex,	Jan. 29, 1815,	Essex,	Ship-builder,	1868.
	Moses Pool,	Rockport,	Aug. 26, 1815,	Rockport,	Mariner,	1862.
10,	Joseph Wilson,	Beverly,	Jan. 10, 1819,	Beverly,	Curled Hair Manuf'r,	1868.
	John Lee,	Manchester,	Dec. 6, 1813,	Manchester,	Farmer,	1847.
11,	Edwin Mudge,	Danvers,	Aug. 4, 1818,	Danvers,	Boot & Shoe Manuf'r,	1868.
12,	John W. Stevens,	So. Danvers,	Aug. 23, 1833,	South Danvers,	Tanner & Currier,	1867.
13,	George H. Peirson,	Salem,	June 16, 1816,	Salem,	Blacksmith,	1867.
	William H. Burbeck,	"	Sept. 14, 1822,	Boston,	Trader,	1868.
14,	Thomas S. Waters,	"	June 1, 1818,	Salem,	Machine Stitching,	1868.
15,	William B. Brown,	Marblehead,	Aug. 12, 1821,	Marblehead,	Tr' of Marginal Freight R. R.	1867.
	Stephen C. Felton,	"	Sept. 4, 1835,	"	Shoe Cutter,	1868.
16,	William W. Kellogg,	Lynn,	April 6, 1824,	Amherst,	Printer,	1868.
17,	William Howland,	"	Dec. 12, 1822,	Conway,	Lawyer,	1868.
18,	Eben N. Wardwell,	Swampscott,	July 27, 1825,	Swampscott,	Hotel Keeper,	1867.
19,	Benjamin Proctor,	Lynn,	May 14, 1811,	Salem,	Apothecary,	1868.
20,	Jacob P. Towne,	Topsfield,	Oct. 6, 1803,	Topsfield,	Farmer,	1868.
MIDDLESEX COUNTY.						
No. 1,	Thomas Cunningham,	Charlestown,	April 4, 1826,	Glasgow, Scotland,	Steam Engine Manuf.,	1868.
2,	Rufus A. White,	"	Sept. 4, 1840,	Wardsboro', Vt.,	Commission Merchant,	1867.
	William Sherburne,	"	Mar. 12, 1825,	Boston,	Patent Agent,	1868.
3,	Caleb Rand,	"	Nov. 7, 1817,	Charlestown,	Printer,	1868.
	George H. Long,	"	Aug. 15, 1842,	Lynn,	Insurance,	1868.

Districts.	Name of Representative.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.	
MIDDLESEX CO.— <i>Con.</i>							
No. 4, . . . . .	{	John A. Hughes, . . . . .	Somerville, . . . . .	Aug. 30, 1822,	Truro, . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1867.
		John Runey, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Oct. 7, 1814,	Charlestown, . . . . .	Earthen Ware Manuf., . . . . .	1868.
5, . . . . .	{	George P. Cox, . . . . .	Malden, . . . . .	Mar. 5, 1814,	Malden, . . . . .	Last Manufacturer, . . . . .	1857.
		James A. Hervey, . . . . .	Medford, . . . . .	Mar. 29, 1828,	Andover, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
6, . . . . .		Joseph S. Potter, . . . . .	Arlington, . . . . .	Feb. 8, 1822,	Baldwinsville, N. Y., . . . . .	—, . . . . .	1866.
7, . . . . .	{	Richard H. Dana, Jr., . . . . .	Cambridge, . . . . .	Aug. 1, 1815,	Cambridge, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1867.
		John Livermore, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Oct. 9, 1813,	" . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1852.
8, . . . . .	{	John McDuffie, . . . . .	Cambridgeport, . . . . .	Dec. 23, 1828,	" . . . . .	Postmaster, . . . . .	1868.
		Curtis Davis, . . . . .	Cambridge, . . . . .	Feb. 11, 1814,	Bradford, N. H., . . . . .	Soap Manufacturer, . . . . .	1868.
9, . . . . .		Anson P. Hooker, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Sept. 29, 1829,	Cambridge, . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1867.
10, . . . . .	{	George E. Allen, . . . . .	Newton, . . . . .	April 15, 1817,	Medfield, . . . . .	Teacher, . . . . .	1868.
		George E. Bridges, . . . . .	" . . . . .	July 11, 1827,	Watertown, . . . . .	R. R. Supplies, . . . . .	1868.
11, . . . . .		Henry M. Clarke, . . . . .	Belmont, . . . . .	Nov. 19, 1826,	Blandford, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1867.
12, . . . . .		Royal S. Warren, . . . . .	Waltham, . . . . .	Sept. 12, 1822,	Alstead, N. H., . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1868.
13, . . . . .		Willard Mann, . . . . .	Natick, . . . . .	Dec. 6, 1818,	Sherborn, . . . . .	Farmer & Mechanic, . . . . .	1868.
14, . . . . .		Francis E. Cushing, . . . . .	Holliston, . . . . .	April 6, 1825,	" . . . . .	Vinegar Manufact'r, . . . . .	1868.
15, . . . . .		William Seaver, . . . . .	Ashland, . . . . .	Sept. 23, 1806,	Medfield, . . . . .	Boot & Shoe Manuf'r, . . . . .	1868.
16, . . . . .		George Phipps, . . . . .	Framingham, . . . . .	April 13, 1802,	Framingham, . . . . .	Retired from business, . . . . .	1868.
17, . . . . .		Hugh R. Bean, . . . . .	Marlborough, . . . . .	June 16, 1820,	Holderness, N. H., . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1868.
18, . . . . .		Francis W. Warren, . . . . .	Stow, . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1819,	Stow, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
19, . . . . .		Willard Wheeler, . . . . .	Sudbury, . . . . .	Aug. 12, 1804,	Sudbury, . . . . .	—, . . . . .	1868.
20, . . . . .		Charles H. Fiske, . . . . .	Weston, . . . . .	Oct. 26, 1840,	Boston, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
21, . . . . .		John C. Blasdel, . . . . .	Lexington, . . . . .	May 6, 1809,	Portsmouth, N. H., . . . . .	Retired, (Commission,) . . . . .	1868.
22, . . . . .		David D. Hart, . . . . .	Woburn, . . . . .	Mar. 15, 1819,	North Reading, . . . . .	Expressman, . . . . .	1868.

No. 23,	{	Levi S. Gould, .	Melrose, .	Mar. 26, 1834,	Dixmont, Me., .	Accountant, . . .	1868.
24,	.	James F. Mansfield, .	So. Reading, .	Oct. 2, 1837,	South Reading, .	Trader, . . . . .	1867.
25,	.	Nathan P. Pratt, .	Reading, .	April 9, 1811,	Reading, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1855.
26,	.	Dudley Foster, .	Billerica, .	Nov. 15, 1809,	Billerica, . . . . .	—, . . . . .	1868.
27,	.	Benjamin J. Williams,	Lowell, .	Dec. 1, 1840,	Exeter, N. H., .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
28,	.	James B. Francis, .	" .	May, 18, 1815,	England, . . . . .	Civil Engineer, . . .	1868.
29,	.	Oliver W. Smith, .	" .	Jan. 1, 1828,	Exeter, N. H., .	Carpenter, . . . . .	1867.
30,	.	Josiah Gates, .	" .	Aug. 31, 1805,	Townsend, Vt., .	Leather Hose & Belting Man.,	1868.
31,	.	William McFarlin, .	" .	Aug. 20, 1804,	Lowell, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
32,	.	George W. Heywood,	Westford, .	- - - 1829,	Westford, . . . . .	Wood & Lumber, . . .	1868.
		Levi Wallace, .	Pepperell, .	Feb. 27, 1831,	Townsend, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
		Jonathan Pierce, .	Townsend, .	Oct. 17, 1815,	Townsend, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
<b>WORCESTER COUNTY.</b>							
No. 1,	.	Windsor N. White, .	Winchendon, .	Mar. 4, 1823,	W. Boylston, . . .	Manufacturer, . . . .	1860.
2,	.	Jeremiah A. Rich, .	Royalston, .	April 11, 1825,	Phillipston, . . .	Chaise Manufacturer,	1868.
3,	.	Charles Heywood, .	Gardner, .	Nov. 12, 1831,	Boston, . . . . .	Chair Manufacturer, .	1861.
4,	.	William Mixer, .	Hardwick, .	April 5, 1809,	Hardwick, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1854.
5,	.	J. Otis Hale, .	Hubbardston, .	April 2, 1831,	Barre, . . . . .	Lumberman, . . . . .	1868.
6,	.	George E. Towne, .	Fitchburg, .	Sept 2, 1829,	Fitchburg, . . . .	Chair Manufacturer, .	1868.
7,	.	Otis T. Ruggles, .	" .	Nov. 26, 1829,	Reading, . . . . .	R. R. Superintendent,	1868.
8,	.	Howard M. Lane, .	Leominster, .	Dec. 12, 1833,	Epping, N. H., .	Pianoforte Case Man.,	1868.
9,	.	Solomon H. Howe, .	Bolton, .	Nov. 29, 1821,	Berlin, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
10,	.	Charles W. Worcester,	Clinton, .	Aug. 23, 1808,	Princeton, . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . .	1868.
		Wallace McFarland, .	West Boylston, .	Feb. 1, 1825,	Hopkinton, . . . .	Boot Manufacturer, . .	1868.
		P. A. Beaman, .	Princeton, .	Jan. 24, 1819,	Princeton, . . . . .	Hotel Keeper, . . . .	1868.
		A. G. Walker, .	Worcester, .	Jan. 12, 1815,	Hopkinton, . . . .	Boot Manufacturer, . .	1868.
		Delano A. Goddard, .	" .	Aug. 27, 1831,	Worcester, . . . .	Editor, . . . . .	1862.
		Warren Williams, .	" .	July 2, 1811,	Woolwich, Me., .	Manufacturer, . . . .	1863.

Districts.	Name of Representative.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
<b>WORCESTER CO.—<i>Con.</i></b>						
No. 11, . . . . .	Edward S. Stebbins, .	Worcester, .	Jan. 17, 1819,	Norwich, Vt., .	Brewer, . . . .	1868.
	James S. Woodworth,	" . . . . .	Oct. 10, 1805,	Warren, . . . .	Architect, . . .	1858.
	Prescott A. Thompson,	" . . . . .	June 18, 1825,	Killingly, Conn.,	Boot & Shoe Findings,	1868.
12, . . . . .	J. H. Wood, . . . .	Grafton, . . . .	Aug. 10, 1822,	Grafton, . . . .	Clothing Manufact'r,	1868.
13, . . . . .	Samuel Appleton, .	Southborough,	Nov. 25, 1841,	Boston, . . . .	Farmer, . . . .	1868.
14, . . . . .	William Knowlton, .	Upton, . . . . .	June 29, 1809,	" . . . . .	Straw Goods, . . .	1868.
15, . . . . .	Isaac H. Stearns, . .	Milford, . . . .	June 14, 1825,	Mansfield, . . .	Surgeon, . . . .	1868.
	Moses Farnum, . . .	Blackstone, . .	Jan. 21, 1826,	Blackstone, . . .	Cashier, . . . .	1868.
	Charles Wing, . . . .	Uxbridge, . . . .	Sept. 15, 1816,	Northbridge, . .	Hardware Dealer, .	1868.
16, . . . . .	Lament B. Corbin, . .	Oxford, . . . . .	Sept. 1, 1813,	Dudley, . . . . .	Boot & Shoe Manuf.,	1857.
	Silas Dunton, . . . .	Millbury, . . . .	April 9, 1818,	Millbury, . . . .	Merchant, . . . .	1868.
	William D. Jones, . .	Douglas, . . . .	Mar. 7, 1815,	Temple, Me., . .	Dealer in Lumber, .	1868.
17, . . . . .	Joseph H. Hathaway,	Charlton, . . . .	Nov. 19, 1812,	Sutton, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
	Lory S. Watson, . . .	Leicester, . . . .	May 4, 1814,	Spencer, . . . .	Card Manufacturer, .	1868.
18, . . . . .	Amasa C. Morse, . . .	Sturbridge, . . .	Oct. 24, 1833,	Southbridge, . .	Shoe Manufacturer, .	1868.
	Joseph B. Lombard, .	Warren, . . . . .	Nov. 16, 1817.	Warren, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1857.
<b>HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.</b>						
No. 1, . . . . .	William F. Arnold, . .	Northampton, . .	Sept. 20, 1815,	Enfield, . . . .	Merchant, . . . .	1858.
	Edward H. Lathrop, .	Huntington, . . .	Dec. 2, 1837,	Springfield, . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1868.
2, . . . . .	Richmond Kingman, .	Cummington, . . .	Jan. 2, 1821,	Cummington, . . .	Trader, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	Henry S. Porter, . . .	Hatfield, . . . . .	Dec. 24, 1821,	Hatfield, . . . . .	Farmer & Mill-owner,	1868.
4, . . . . .	Horace Ward, . . . .	Amherst, . . . . .	Sept. 3, 1819,	Belchertown, . . .	Market-man, &c., .	1868.
5, . . . . .	Philo Chapin, . . . .	Granby, . . . . .	Feb. 10, 1806,	Granby, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
6, . . . . .	Henry Bassett, . . . .	Ware, . . . . .	Aug. 20, 1820,	Hardwick, . . . .	Carpenter & Builder,	1868.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

No. 1, . . . . .	Joel B. Williams, . . . . .	Monson, . . . . .	Dec. 22, 1818,	N. Stonington, Ct.,	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
2, . . . . .	William R. Sessions, . . . . .	Wilbraham, . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1835,	S. Wilbraham, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	Charles L. Shaw, . . . . .	Springfield, . . . . .	Jan. 28, 1823,	Rutland, Vt., . . . . .	Builder & Contractor, . . . . .	1868.
4, . . . . .	Tilly Haynes, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Feb. 13, 1828,	Sudbury, . . . . .	General Business, . . . . .	1868.
5, . . . . .	George Walker, . . . . .	" . . . . .	April 1, 1824,	Peterboro', N. H., . . . . .	Bank President, . . . . .	*1858.
6, . . . . .	John Severson, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Dec. 16, 1832,	Albany Co., N. Y., . . . . .	Belt Manufacturer, . . . . .	1868.
7, . . . . .	Edwin N. Snow, . . . . .	Chicopee, . . . . .	Dec. 19, 1828,	N. Brookfield, . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1868.
8, . . . . .	Ezra H. Flagg, . . . . .	Holyoke, . . . . .	Nov. 1, 1823,	Boylston, . . . . .	Druggist, . . . . .	1868.
9, . . . . .	Ralph S. Brown, . . . . .	Granville, . . . . .	Dec. 25, 1828,	Granville, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
	Charles A. Fox, . . . . .	W. Springfield, . . . . .	Dec. 20, 1832,	W. Stockbridge, . . . . .	Miller, . . . . .	1868.
	William G. Bates, . . . . .	Westfield, . . . . .	Nov. 17, 1803,	Westfield, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1841.
	Thaddeus K. DeWolf, . . . . .	Chester, . . . . .	May 18, 1801,	Otis, . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1868.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

No. 1, . . . . .	John D. Flagg, . . . . .	N. Orange, . . . . .	Dec. 29, 1817,	N. Orange, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
2, . . . . .	Frederick W. Field, . . . . .	Leverett, . . . . .	Jan. 20, 1819,	Leverett, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	George W. Potter, . . . . .	Greenfield, . . . . .	Feb. 24, 1813,	Greenfield, . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1868.
4, . . . . .	Thomas J. Field, . . . . .	Northfield, . . . . .	Mar. 3, 1822,	Northfield, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
5, . . . . .	Henry S. Ranney, . . . . .	Ashfield, . . . . .	Mar. 5, 1817,	Ashfield, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1852.
	Samuel T. Field, . . . . .	Shelburne, . . . . .	April 20, 1820,	Hawley, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1855.
	Roger H. Leavitt, . . . . .	E. Charlemont, . . . . .	July 21, 1805,	Heath, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	*1866.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

No. 1, . . . . .	Fred. A. Morey, . . . . .	Williamstown, . . . . .	Oct. 21, 1840,	Williamstown, . . . . .	Clerk, . . . . .	1868.
2, . . . . .	Shepard Thayer, . . . . .	Adams, . . . . .	Aug. 16, 1827,	" . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1867.
3, . . . . .	Jonas A. Champney, . . . . .	Cheshire, . . . . .	Nov. 24, 1831,	Leominster, . . . . .	Machinist, . . . . .	1867.
4, . . . . .	Thomas F. Plunkett, . . . . .	Pittsfield, . . . . .	Dec. 3, 1804,	Lenox, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1834.
	Henry H. Cook, . . . . .	Richmond, . . . . .	Aug. 10, 1804,	" . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1839.
	Charles J. Kittredge, . . . . .	Hinsdale, . . . . .	April 1, 1818,	Hinsdale, . . . . .	Woolen Manufac'r, . . . . .	1868.

\* Senate.

Districts.	Name of Representative.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
<b>BERKSHIRE CO.—Con.</b>						
No. 5, . . . .	Mason Van Dusen, .	Stockbridge, .	Aug. 23, 1802,	Gt. Barrington, .	Tin & Stove Dealer, .	1868.
6, . . . .	Alanson Crittenden, .	Otis, . . . .	Mar. 23, 1814,	Otis, . . . .	House Builder, . .	1866.
7, . . . .	Edward A. Hulbert, .	Gt. Barrington, .	May 20, 1824,	Gt. Barrington, .	Farmer, . . . .	1868.
8, . . . .	Andrew J. Freeman,	New Marlboro',	Jan. 17, 1819,	New Marlborough,	Farmer, . . . .	1868.
<b>NORFOLK COUNTY.</b>						
No. 1, . . . .	John R. Bullard, .	Dedham, . . .	Mar. 3, 1846,	Brooklyn, N. Y., .	Lawyer, . . . .	1868.
2, . . . .	Charles A. Hewins, .	W. Roxbury, .	Jan. 4, 1822,	Dedham, . . . .	Merchant, . . . .	1868.
3, . . . .	William Seaver, .	Roxbury, . .	Mar. 17, 1818,	Roxbury, . . . .	Grocer, . . . .	1866.
	George M. Hobbs, .	" . . . .	April 11, 1827,	Waltham, . . . .	Lawyer, . . . .	1868.
4, . . . .	Isaac H. Meserve, .	" . . . .	June 21, 1813,	Barrington, N. H.,	Flour Dealer, . . .	1868.
	Charles Stanwood, .	" . . . .	Aug. 21, 1816,	Newburyport, . .	Supt. Water Works, .	1868.
5, . . . .	Edw'd H. R. Ruggles,	Dorchester, .	Dec. 8, 1800,	Montague, . . . .	Manuf. of Furniture, .	1848.
	John H. Robinson, .	" . . . .	Nov. 21, 1809,	Dorchester, . . .	Broker, . . . .	1868.
6, . . . .	John Quincy Adams,	Quincy, . . .	Sept. 22, 1833,	Boston, . . . .	Lawyer, . . . .	1866.
7, . . . .	E. Watson Arnold, .	Braintree, . .	Mar. 25, 1837,	Braintree, . . . .	Grocer, . . . .	1868.
8, . . . .	Alvah Raymond, Jr.,	Weymouth, . .	May 6, 1829,	Weymouth, . . . .	Provision Dealer, .	1868.
	Henry Newton, . .	" . . . .	Nov. 24, 1811,	Ticonderoga, N. Y.,	Boot & Shoe Manf., .	1868.
9, . . . .	Daniel Howard, . .	Randolph, . .	June 11, 1823,	Randolph, . . . .	Boot & Shoe Manf., .	1859.
10, . . . .	Orlando B. Crane, .	Stoughton, . .	Jan. 20, 1835,	E. Stoughton, . .	Grocer, . . . .	1868.
11, . . . .	James Capen,* . . .	Sharon, . . .	April 9, 1823,	Stoughton, . . . .	Farmer, . . . .	1868.
	Joseph Leavitt, . .	Canton, . . .	Aug. 5, 1802,	Meredith, N. H., .	Com. Mer. & Auction'r,	1868.
12, . . . .	Leander S. Daniels, .	Medway, . . .	May 8, 1834,	W. Medway, . . . .	Boot Manufacturer, .	1868.
	James T. Ford, . .	Wrentham, . .	Oct. 5, 1827,	Kingston, . . . .	Farmer, . . . .	1868.
13, . . . .	Henry E. Pond, . .	Franklin, . .	Sept. 24, 1823,	Dedham, . . . .	Inventor, . . . .	1868.

No. 14, . . . . .	George K. Daniell, .	Needham, . . . . .	June 11, 1810,	Needham, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1857.
15, . . . . .	Thomas Parsons, .	Brookline, . . . . .	July 25, 1816,	Boston, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1858.
BRISTOL COUNTY.						
No. 1, . . . . .	Willard Blackinton, .	Attleborough, .	Oct. 26, 1800,	Attleborough, .	Machinist, . . . . .	1841.
2, . . . . .	Augustus Lane, .	Norton, . . . . .	Oct. 9, 1818,	Norton, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	John H. Swain, .	Easton, . . . . .	May 9, 1823,	Nantucket, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
4, . . . . .	Jeremy B. Dennett, .	Taunton, . . . . .	May 13, 1833,	Portsmouth, N. H.,	Britannia Worker, .	1867.
	Walter S. Sprague, .	" . . . . .	Dec. 12, 1835,	Marshfield, . . . . .	Machinist, . . . . .	1867.
5, . . . . .	Nathan S. Williams, .	" . . . . .	Jan. 4, 1829,	Raynham, . . . . .	Manufacturer, . . . . .	1867.
	William A. King, .	Rehoboth, . . . . .	Oct. 19, 1822,	Rehoboth, . . . . .	Machinist, . . . . .	1868.
6, . . . . .	Job M. Leonard, .	Somerset, . . . . .	Sept. 1, 1824,	Taunton, . . . . .	Merch't & Iron Man.,	1864.
	Abraham G. Hart, .	Fall River, . . . . .	Sept. 23, 1831,	Fall River, . . . . .	Machinist, . . . . .	1867.
7, . . . . .	Weaver Osborn, .	" . . . . .	May 23, 1815,	Tiverton, R. I., .	Blacksmith, . . . . .	1868.
	Iram Smith, . . . . .	" . . . . .	Oct. 26, 1807,	Hampden, Me., . . . . .	Trader, . . . . .	1839.
8, . . . . .	Ezra P. Brownell, .	Westport . . . . .	Aug. 10, 1819,	Westport, . . . . .	Farmer, . . . . .	1858.
9, . . . . .	William Barker, Jr., .	Dartmouth, . . . . .	Dec. 25, 1820,	Dartmouth, . . . . .	Auction'r & Dep. Sh'ff,	1868.
10, . . . . .	Oliver H. P. Brown, .	New Bedford, .	Aug. 13, 1813,	Little Compton, R.I.,	Retired Merchant, .	1867.
	Joseph W. Cornell, .	" . . . . .	April 16, 1810,	Newport, R. I., .	Boot & Shoe Manuf.,	1858.
11, . . . . .	James B. Wood, . . . . .	" . . . . .	May 11, 1809,	Dartmouth, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
	William H. Reynard, .	" . . . . .	Feb. 6, 1808,	N. Bedford, . . . . .	Mariner, . . . . .	1868.
12, . . . . .	Lewis S. Judd, . . . . .	Fairhaven, . . . . .	Aug. 19, 1827,	Chester, . . . . .	Merchant, . . . . .	1868.
PLYMOUTH COUNTY.						
No. 1, . . . . .	John Manson, . . . . .	Scituate, . . . . .	July -, 1805,	Scituate, . . . . .	Retired Shipmaster, .	1868.
2, . . . . .	David Cushing, 2d, .	Hingham, . . . . .	Nov. 30, 1813,	Hull, . . . . .	Lumber Dealer, . . . . .	1868.
3, . . . . .	Morton V. Bonney, .	W. Hanover, . .	Mar. 8, 1841,	Hanson, . . . . .	Trader, . . . . .	1868.
4, . . . . .	William Whiting, . .	Pembroke, . . . . .	Oct. 2, 1816,	Plymouth, . . . . .	Clergyman, . . . . .	1868.
5, . . . . .	Eden Wadsworth, . .	Duxbury, . . . . .	May 15, 1793,	Duxbury, . . . . .	Master Mariner, . . . . .	1868.
6, . . . . .	Charles H. Drew, . . .	Plymouth, . . . . .	Nov. 4, 1838,	Plymouth, . . . . .	Lawyer, . . . . .	1867.
	Josiah S. Hammond, .	Plympton, . . . . .	May 14, 1810,	Carver, . . . . .	Physician, . . . . .	1868.

\* Deceased. See Journal.

Districts.	Name of Representative.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Birth Place.	Occupation.	1st year in Leg.
<b>PLYMOUTH Co.—Con.</b>						
No. 7, . . . .	George Sanford, .	Wareham, .	June 13, 1830,	Dartmouth, .	Merchant, . . .	1868.
8, . . . .	Eleazer Richmond, .	Lakeville, .	Feb. 19, 1814,	Middleborough, .	Lumber Dealer, .	1868.
9, . . . .	Levi A. Abbott, .	Middleborough, .	April 19, 1824,	Beverly, . . .	Clergyman, . . .	1852.
10, . . . .	Simeon Perkins, .	Bridgewater, .	April 5, 1801,	Bridgewater, .	Mason, . . . .	1862.
11, . . . .	Charles C. Bixby, .	N. Bridgewater, .	Jan. 28, 1823,	Bridport, Vt., .	Apothecary, . . .	1868.
	Irving Bates, . .	E. Bridgewater, .	May 6, 1839,	E. Bridgewater, .	Shoe Manufacturer, .	1868.
12, . . . .	Walter B. Studley, .	Abington, .	Jan. 10, 1827,	Hanover, . . .	Watchmaker, . . .	1868.
	Dan Packard, . .	" . . . .	Jan. 25, 1831,	N. Bridgewater, .	Dry Goods, Jewelry, &c.,	1868.
<b>BARNSTABLE COUNTY.</b>						
No. 1, . . . .	Heman B. Chase, .	W. Yarmouth, .	Oct. 3, 1825,	W. Yarmouth, .	Merchant, . . .	1867.
	Alvah Holway, . .	Sandwich, . .	Aug. 28, 1809,	Sandwich, . . .	Merchant, . . .	1868.
	Lemuel B. Simmons, .	Barnstable, .	April 19, 1804,	Barnstable, . .	Master Mariner, .	1868.
2, . . . .	Samuel H. Gould, .	Brewster, . .	Dec. 19, 1814,	Ipswich, . . .	Physician, . . .	1868.
	Seth Crowell, . .	Dennis, . . .	Oct. 17, 1792,	Dennis, . . . .	Bank President, .	1835.
3, . . . .	Ensign B. Rogers, .	Orleans, . .	Feb. 22, 1825,	Orleans, . . .	Mast. Mar'ner, (retir'd.)	1868.
4, . . . .	Henry Shortle, . .	Provincetown, .	Oct. 15, 1834,	Matthews Co., Va.,	Dentist, . . . .	1864.
	John H. Bangs, . .	Eastham, . .	Nov. 22, 1829,	Eastham, . . .	Master Builder, .	1868.
<b>DUKES COUNTY.</b>						
No. 1, . . . .	Charles Bradley, .	Tisbury, . .	April 21, 1816,	Edgartown, . .	Merchant, . . .	1868.
<b>NANTUCKET COUNTY.</b>						
No. 1, . . . .	William H. Waitt, .	Nantucket, .	Feb. 9, 1819,	Nantucket, . .	Merchant, . . .	1867.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

NAME AND OFFICE.	Residence.	Date of Birth.	Native Place.	1st year in office.
William S. Robinson, <i>Clerk</i> , . . . . .	Malden, . . . . .	December 7, 1818,	Concord, . . . . .	1862.
William A. Crafts, <i>Assistant-Clerk</i> , . . . . .	Roxbury, . . . . .	October 28, 1819,	Roxbury, . . . . .	1859.
Rev. William R. Alger, <i>Chaplain</i> , . . . . .	Boston, . . . . .	December 28, 1822,	Freetown, . . . . .	1868.

## [ No. 2. ]

## THE OATH OF OFFICE.

[See page 2.]

I, (repeating your name,) do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the Constitution thereof. *So help me, God.*

I, do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as a Representative, according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth. *So help me, God.*

I, do solemnly swear, that I will support the Constitution of the United States. *So help me, God.*

## AFFIRMATION.

I, (repeating your name,) do solemnly affirm, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the Constitution thereof. *This I do, under the pains and penalties of perjury.*

I, do solemnly affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as a Representative, according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth. *This I do, under the pains and penalties of perjury.*

I, do solemnly affirm, that I will support the Constitution of the United States. *This I do, under the pains and penalties of perjury.*

[ No. 3. ]

## JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

## TWO BRANCHES.

**RULE 1.** List of Joint Standing Committees—No member of any committee to receive compensation for personal services during the session—No member of either House to act as counsel before any committee.

**RULE 2.** Committee on Hoosac Tunnel, &c., to visit Tunnel and Railroad, examine and report thereon.

**RULE 3.** Joint Committees; how they may report—How their reports shall be written.

**RULE 4.** Reports of Joint Committees may be recommitted by either House, except, &c.—All reports, after recommitment, to be made to the House which ordered the same.

**RULE 5.** Papers on their passage to be under the signature of the Clerks, except, &c.—Messages.

**RULE 6.** Engrossed bills and bills ordered to be engrossed.

**RULE 7.** Notice of bills rejected to be sent to the other branch.

**RULE 8.** Bills that have passed to be enacted.

**RULE 9.** Rule 6th, concerning bills, to be applied also to resolves.

**RULE 10.** Resolves proposing amendments to the Constitution.

**RULE 11.** President of the Senate to preside in Conventions—Conventions to be held in the Representatives' Chamber—Clerk of the Senate to be Clerk of.

**RULE 12.** An agreement to go into a Convention not to be altered or annulled, unless, &c.

**RULE 13.** Restriction as to business of Conventions.

**RULE 14.** Elections by joint ballot; time to be assigned therefor.

**RULE 15.** Committees of Conference; how composed, and their reports.

**RULE 16.** Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been given.

**RULE 17.** Concerning the printing and binding of Documents.

**RULE 1.** The following Joint Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.:

A Committee on Accounts;

A Committee on Agriculture;

A Committee on Banks and Banking;

A Committee on Claims;

A Committee on Education;

- A Committee on Federal Relations ;
- A Committee on the Fisheries ;
- A Committee on the Library ;
- A Committee on Manufactures ;
- A Committee on Mercantile Affairs ;
- A Committee on Insurance ;
- A Committee on Military Affairs ;
- A Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies ;
- A Committee on Prisons ;
- A Committee on Public Charitable Institutions ;
- A Committee on Public Lands ;
- A Committee on Railways and Canals ;
- A Committee on Horse Railways ;
- A Committee on Roads and Bridges ;
- A Committee on the State House ;
- A Committee on Towns ;
- A Committee on Harbors ; and
- A Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad ;

And each of said Committees shall consist of two on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House, except the Committee on Harbors and the Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad, which shall each consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and seven members on the part of the House ; and except the Committee on the Library, which by law, is to consist of three on the part of each House ; and no member of any committee shall receive compensation for personal services on such committee, during the session of the legislature. No member of either House shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature.

**RULE 2.** It shall be the duty of the Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad to visit the tunnel and railroad, examine into the condition and progress of the work, and to report fully the result of such examination.

**RULE 3.** The Joint Committees of the two Houses may report by bill, resolve or otherwise, to either House, at their discretion ; and all bills and resolves reported by them shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineation, on not less than a sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections or resolves.

**RULE 4.** Reports of Joint Committees may be recommitted to

the same committees at the pleasure of the House first acting thereon, without asking the concurrence of the other branch; and bills or resolves which have been previously acted on in one branch may be recommitted in the other without a concurrent vote, except when recommitted with instructions: *provided*, that, after such recommitment, reports shall, in all cases, be made to the branch which shall have ordered such recommitment.

RULE 5. All papers, while on their passage between the two Houses, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each House may direct.

RULE 6. After bills shall have passed both Houses to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two Houses, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and, when engrossed, the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the Committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same shall have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner be delivered to the Committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

RULE 7. If any bill, resolve, or order, originating in one branch, is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

RULE 8. After bills shall have passed both Houses to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall cause them to be laid before the Governor for his approbation, an indorsement being first made thereon by the Clerk of the House in which the same originated, certifying in which House the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the Journals by the Clerks respectively; and the Clerk of the Senate shall enter on the Journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

RULE 9. All resolves and other papers, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

RULE 10. All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution, shall have three several readings in each House, and the final question upon adopting the same shall be taken by yeas and nays.

RULE 11. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches; and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; and the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Conventions.

RULE 12. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

RULE 13. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

RULE 14. In all elections by joint ballot, a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

RULE 15. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each House, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each Committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected; but no other action shall be had, except through a new Committee of Conference.

RULE 16. All petitions referred to any committee without notice of their intended presentation having been given according to law, shall be reported back to the branch in which they were presented, with leave to withdraw, setting forth the cause.

RULE 17. The Committee on Printing shall act as a Joint Committee in cases requiring joint action; and as such may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the legislature, not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill, or other document, the number printed shall be eight hundred. Either branch, by special order, may direct a larger number than eight hundred copies to be printed, which order shall be referred to the Committee on Printing, who may report thereon at any time when the Orders of the Day are not under consideration. If the document does not exceed one hundred pages, or if the number of copies proposed to be printed does not exceed four thousand, the report shall be considered without debate, otherwise it shall lie over one day, at the request of any member, and be debatable.

Leave to report in print, shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

No binding or engraving shall be ordered, except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing accepted by the legislature.

Bills, reports, and other documents printed under the general order of either house, shall be distributed as follows, to wit: Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each clerk in either

branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned by the presiding officer; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Joint Committee.

## RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

### CHAPTER I.

#### *Of the Duties and Powers of the Speaker.*

**RULE 1.** To take the chair and call to order—On appearance of a quorum to proceed to business.

**RULE 2.** To preserve order—May speak to points of order and decide them, subject to appeal—Question on appeal to be first in order.

**RULE 3.** To declare all votes—If doubted, a return to be ordered.

**RULE 4.** To rise in addressing the House, but may read sitting.

**RULE 5.** May vote, in all cases.

**RULE 6.** Shall appoint Chairman of Committee of the Whole.

**RULE 7.** To order yeas and nays, if one-fifth require—Roll to be called alphabetically—Limitation as to voting.

**RULE 8.** Questions; order in which they shall be propounded.

**RULE 9.** Motions to be in possession of the House, after having been stated by the Speaker—May be withdrawn, except, &c.

**RULE 10.** Motions not to be received during debate, except, &c. Motion to *strike out* equivalent to *postpone indefinitely*.

**RULE 11.** Motions to adjourn always *first* in order—These and others, named in this Rule, to be decided without debate.

**RULE 12.** Previous question; proceedings on motion for.

**RULE 13.** Debate on the previous question allowed—Questions of order after motion for previous question, to be decided without debate, except, &c.—Limitation of debate on the previous question.

**RULE 14.** Motion to close debate at a specified time to be put before that time.

**RULE 15.** Speaker to name the member who has the floor if two rise at once.

**RULE 16.** Committees to be announced and appointed by the Speaker, unless, &c.

**RULE 17.** Speaker to have a right to name a member to take his place—Limitation of such right.

## CHAPTER II.

*Of the Duties, Rights, and Decorum of Members.*

- RULE 18. Seats not to be changed without leave.
- RULE 19. Desks, at sides of Speaker, how appropriated.
- RULE 20. Conduct of members during debate.
- RULE 21. No member to interrupt another, except, &c.
- RULE 22. Speaking; limitation, &c.
- RULE 23. Reconsideration; questions of.
- RULE 24. Bills, &c., to remain with the Clerk until right of reconsideration has expired, provided, &c.
- RULE 25. Committees; no member to be obliged to serve on more than two, nor as chairman of more than one.
- RULE 26. Rules to be observed by members during debate and while the House is in session.
- RULE 27. Proceedings with closed doors to be kept secret, until the removal of the injunction of secrecy.
- RULE 28. Absence at commencement of the session and during the session. Leave of absence to be inoperative, unless, &c.
- RULE 29. Breach of Rules and Orders; in case any member is guilty of.
- RULE 30. Private interests; members not to vote on questions where their private rights are concerned, distinct from public interests.
- RULE 31. Members to vote unless excused—Reasons to be given.
- RULE 32. Motions to be put in writing, if desired.
- RULE 33. Division of a question may be called for—Motions to strike out and insert.
- RULE 34. Motions and Reports may be committed and recommitted at the pleasure of the House.
- RULE 35. Amendments, foreign to the subject under consideration, not to be admitted.
- RULE 36. Unfinished business to have preference, in orders of the day, after motions for reconsideration.
- RULE 37. Altering, repealing and dispensing with rules.
- RULE 38. Proceedings when a vote is doubted.
- RULE 39. Priority of business, questions relating to, to be decided without debate.
- RULE 40. Questions of order to be entered on the journal, with the decisions thereon.
- RULE 41. Committees; questions of reference to, order of.
- RULE 42. Members to point out desired amendments when proposing an inquiry as to the expediency of amending an existing law.
- RULE 43. Strangers not to be admitted without leave.

## CHAPTER III.

*Of the Duties of Monitors.*

- RULE 44. Duty of Monitors.
- RULE 45. Monitors to inform the House if a member persists in transgressing the Rules.
- RULE 46. Oldest Monitor to call the House to order in absence of the Speaker, and to preside until, &c.

## CHAPTER IV.

*Of Petitions, Memorials, &c.*

- RULE 47. The presentation, reading, &c., of papers addressed to the House, except petitions, &c.

- RULE 48. The indorsement and reading of petitions, &c.  
 RULE 49. The presentation of petitions, &c.  
 RULE 50. Petitions referred without notice of presentation given according to law, to be reported back, with leave to withdraw.  
 RULE 51. Orders to be passed over for one day, if desired, &c.  
 RULE 52. Concerning applications for use of the Hall.

## CHAPTER V.

*Of Bills, Resolves and Grants.*

- RULE 53. The first reading of a bill.  
 RULE 54. No bill to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.  
 RULE 55. Bills, &c.; how to be written.  
 RULE 56. The introduction of bills—All bills to be committed, unless reported by a Committee—No rejected bill or order to be again introduced.  
 RULE 57. Speaker to give notice when sending up an engrossed bill.  
 RULE 58. Private bills—Individuals to be notified before the passage of bills affecting them.  
 RULE 59. Bills and resolves involving expenditure of money, to be referred to Committee on Finance.  
 RULE 60. Bills in third reading to be committed for examination.  
 RULE 61. Engrossed bills to be committed for examination—Bills reported as correctly engrossed not to be again read, unless desired.  
 RULE 62. Engrossed bills not to be amended.  
 RULE 63. Bills in third reading, and reports, to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day.  
 RULE 64. Amendments proposed by the Senate, and sent down for concurrence.

## CHAPTER VI.

*Of Committees, their Powers and Duties.*

- RULE 65. List of Standing Committees.  
 RULE 66. Elections by ballot; time to be assigned therefor.  
 RULE 67. In elections of Committees, who shall be Chairman.  
 RULE 68. Papers to be left with the Clerk on obtaining leave of absence.  
 RULE 69. Special Committees; limitation of time for reports of.  
 RULE 70. Committees; how they may report.  
 RULE 71. Rules of proceeding in Committee of the Whole.  
 RULE 72. Cushing's Manual, and Cushing's Law and Practice to govern when not inconsistent with Rules and Orders.

*Form of Indorsement of Petitions.*

## CHAPTER I.

*Of the Duties and Powers of the Speaker.*

- RULE 1. The Speaker shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the House was adjourned; shall call the members to order; and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business.

RULE 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House by motion regularly seconded; and no other business shall be in order till the question on the appeal shall have been decided.

RULE 3. He shall declare all votes; but if any member rises to doubt a vote, the Speaker shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without any further debate upon the question.

RULE 4. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

RULE 5. In all cases the Speaker may vote.

RULE 6. When the House shall determine to go into a Committee of the whole House, the Speaker shall appoint the member who shall take the chair.

RULE 7. On all questions and motions whatsoever, the Speaker shall take the sense of the House by yeas and nays, provided one-fifth of the members present shall so require, and the call for yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor of the House when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished.

RULE 8. He shall propound all questions, in the order in which they are moved, unless the subsequent motion be previous in its nature: except that, in naming sums and fixing times, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

RULE 9. After a motion is stated or read by the Speaker, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, and shall be disposed of by vote of the House; but the mover may withdraw it at any time before a decision or amendment, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it could be originally made.

RULE 10. When a question is under debate, the Speaker shall receive no motion, but to adjourn, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to close the debate at a specified time, to postpone to a time certain, to commit, to amend, to refer to the next General Court or to postpone indefinitely; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged: and a motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

RULE 11. He shall consider a motion to adjourn as always first in order; and that motion, and the motions to lay on the table, and to take from the table, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 12. He shall put the previous question in the following form: "*Shall the main question be now put?*"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended, until the previous question shall be decided. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

RULE 13. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. All questions of order, arising after a motion is made for the previous question, shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal, and, on such appeal, and on the previous question, no member shall be allowed to speak more than once without leave of the House.

RULE 14. A motion to close the debate at a specified time, shall be put not less than thirty minutes before the time stated.

RULE 15. When two or more members happen to rise at once, the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor.

RULE 16. All Committees shall be appointed and announced by the Speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House.

RULE 17. The Speaker shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond two days.

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## CHAPTER II.

### *Of the Duties, Rights and Decorum of Members.*

RULE 18. Every seat, which shall be drawn by any member, at the beginning of the session, shall be his seat during the year, unless he have leave of the Speaker to change it.

RULE 19. The desks on the right and left of the Speaker shall be appropriated to the use of the Clerk and the Committees on Bills.

RULE 20. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker, confine himself to the question under debate, avoid personality, and sit down when he has finished.

No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker.

RULE 21. No member speaking shall be interrupted by another, but by rising to call to order.

RULE 22. No member shall speak more than twice on one question, without first obtaining leave of the House; nor more than once, until the other members, who have not spoken, shall speak, if they desire it.

RULE 23. When a vote has passed, except on the previous question and on motions mentioned in Rule eleventh, it shall be in order for any member of the *majority* to move for a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall, (except in the last week of the session,) be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question be twice reconsidered: *provided, however,* that a motion to reconsider a vote, upon any incidental or subsidiary question, shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

RULE 24. Bills, resolves, and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, except petitions, orders of inquiry and orders of notice, shall remain in the possession of the Clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided,* that the operation of this Rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

RULE 25. No member shall be obliged to be on more than two Committees at the same time, nor Chairman of more than one.

RULE 26. No member shall be permitted to stand up to the interruption of another, while any member is speaking, or to pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the person speaking; nor shall any member be permitted to stand in the alleys or in the area in front of the chair, during the session of the House.

RULE 27. All proceedings of the House in secret session, and every matter relating to the same, shall be kept secret, until the House shall remove the injunction of secrecy.

RULE 28. Every member who neglects to give his attendance in the House for more than six days after the session commences, shall, on making his appearance therein, be held to render the reason of such neglect; and in case the reason assigned be deemed by the

House sufficient, such member shall be entitled to receive pay for his travel, and not otherwise; and no member shall be absent more than two days, without leave or excuse of the House.

RULE 29. When any member is guilty of a breach of either of the Rules and Orders of the House, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor, and shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse, till he has done so.

RULE 30. No member shall be permitted to vote, or serve on any Committee, in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 31. Every member present in the House when a question is put, where he is not excluded by interest, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reasons, excuse him. Any member desiring to be so excused on any question, shall make application to that effect before the House is divided, or before the calling of the yeas and nays; and such application shall be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons, and decided without debate.

RULE 32. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs.

RULE 33. Any member may call for the division of a question when the sense will admit of it. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall neither preclude amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 34. Motions and Reports may be committed, or recommended, at the pleasure of the House.

RULE 35. No motion or proposition, of a subject different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under color of amendment.

RULE 36. The unfinished business, in which the House was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions for reconsideration.

RULE 37. No Rule or Order of the House shall be dispensed with, altered, or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but Rules fifty-two and sixty shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

RULE 38. When a vote is doubted, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise and stand till they are counted.

RULE 39. All questions relating to the priority of business to be acted upon, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 40. Every question of order shall be noted by the Clerk, with the decision thereon, and inscribed at large on the journal.

RULE 41. When a motion is made to refer any subject, and different Committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:—a Standing Committee of the House—a Select Committee of the House—a Joint Standing Committee—a Joint Select Committee.

RULE 42. It shall be the duty of each member of the House who moves that any Standing Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law or laws, to point out the amendment, which he deems expedient, in writing, to accompany his motion, or to furnish a written statement thereof to such Committee, if by them required.

RULE 43. No person, other than members and officers of the legislature, shall be admitted within the bar of the House during its session, except by invitation of a member of the House, or by leave of the Speaker.

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### CHAPTER III.

#### *Of the Duties of Monitors.*

RULE 44. Two Monitors shall be appointed for each Division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the orders of the House, and, on demand of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective Divisions.

RULE 45. If any member transgress any of the Rules or Orders of the House, and persist therein after being notified thereof by any Monitor, it shall be the duty of such Monitor to give information thereof to the House.

RULE 46. If the Speaker is absent beyond the time designated in the seventeenth Rule, any Monitor present designated by the Clerk shall call the House to order, and preside until the Speaker assume his seat, or a Speaker *pro tem.* be chosen.

## CHAPTER IV.

*Of Petitions, Memorials, &c.*

RULE 47. All papers addressed to the House, except petitions, memorials and remonstrances, shall be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, shall be read by the Speaker, Clerk, or such other person as the Speaker may request, and be taken up in the order in which they were presented, unless the House otherwise directs.

RULE 48. Every member, presenting to the House a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument, and the reading of the same from the Chair shall in all instances be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the House.

RULE 49. All reports, petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and papers of a like nature, shall be presented during the first hour of each session of the House, and at no other time; and the Speaker shall call on the several Divisions, in regular succession, for such papers.

RULE 50. All petitions, referred to any committee without notice of their intended presentation having been given according to law, shall be reported back to the House with leave to withdraw.

RULE 51. Any Order proposed for adoption shall be passed over for that day without question, if any member of the House shall so request; and the same shall be considered and disposed of, on the succeeding day.

RULE 52. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted for any purpose unless by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

## CHAPTER V.

*Of Bills, Resolves, and Grants.*

RULE 53. The first reading of a bill shall be for information, and if opposition be made to it, the question shall be, "*Shall this bill be rejected?*" If no opposition be made, or if the question to reject be negatived, the bill shall go to its second reading without a question.

RULE 54. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without being read on three several days.

RULE 55. All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections or resolves.

RULE 56. No bill or resolve shall be introduced to the House, unless reported by a Committee, without having first been read for information only, and special leave thereupon granted; and, when thus introduced, such bill or resolve shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading. When any bill, resolve, order, petition, memorial or remonstrance, has been finally rejected, no other, substantially the same, shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session.

RULE 57. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be sent to the Senate, without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

RULE 58. No private act or resolve, affecting the character or property of any individual, shall pass the House, unless such individual be notified of its pendency.

RULE 59. All bills and resolves involving an expenditure of public money, shall, after their first reading, be referred in course to the Committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the Finances of the Commonwealth.

RULE 60. All bills and resolves in their third reading shall be committed to the Standing Committee on Bills in the Third Reading, to be by them examined, corrected, and reported to the House; but no change shall be made by them in the subject-matter of any bill or resolve, unless the same shall be reported to the House as an amendment.

RULE 61. All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the Standing Committee on Engrossed Bills, to be strictly examined; and if found truly and rightly engrossed, they shall so report to the House, and the same be passed to be enacted, without any further reading, unless, on motion of any member, a majority of the House shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

RULE 62. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

RULE 63. Bills and resolves in their third reading shall be made the order of the day, for the day next succeeding that on which leave was given to read them a third time; and all reports of committees, not by bill or resolve, whether joint or of this House, shall be made the order of the day for the day next succeeding that on which they have been read in this House, unless the House otherwise direct; and the Speaker shall order accordingly; and,

after entering on the Orders of the Day, they shall be disposed of in course.

RULE 64. All amendments, proposed by the Senate and sent back to the House for their concurrence, shall be committed to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee be composed of members of both branches.

## CHAPTER VI.

### *Of Committees, their Powers and Duties.*

RULE 65. The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the political year, viz. :—

- A Committee on the Judiciary ;
- A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery ;
- A Committee on Finance ;
- A Committee on Elections ;
- A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading ;
- A Committee on Engrossed Bills ;

And each of these Committees shall consist of seven members :

- A Committee on County Estimates ;
- A Committee on the Pay Roll ;
- A Committee on Leave of Absence ;
- A Committee on Public Buildings ;
- A Committee on Printing ;

And each of these Committees shall consist of five members.

RULE 66. In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

RULE 67. In all elections of Committees of the House, by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes, shall act as Chairman.

RULE 68. All papers in possession of any member obtaining leave of absence, shall be left by him with the Clerk.

RULE 69. All Committees, except the Standing Committees, having business referred to them, shall make report of their doings therein, within four days after such reference.

RULE 70. All Committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise.

RULE 71. The Rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed in a Committee of the whole House, so far as they may be applicable, except the Rule limiting the times of speaking ; but no member shall speak twice upon any question, until every member,

choosing to speak, shall have spoken. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order, and be decided without debate.

RULE 72. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and Cushing's Elements of Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies, shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules and Orders of the House, or the Joint Rules and Orders of the two branches of the legislature.

## [ No. 4. ]

[ See Journal, pages 410, 421, 455, 471, 525. ]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR ON THE SUBJECT OF THE BILL TO REGULATE THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS. ALSO, THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY, ACCEPTED BY THE HOUSE, RETURNING THE SAME TO HIS EXCELLENCY.

## MESSAGE.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, BOSTON, April 23, 1868.

*To the House of Representatives.*

I have the honor to inform the House of Representatives, in which it originated, that the bill entitled An Act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors has to-day become a law of the Commonwealth by its failure to receive the approval of the Governor within the limit of time prescribed by the Constitution.

Having publicly recognized in my annual message the judgment of the people as decisively favoring a change of policy in regard to the traffic in intoxicating drinks, I have no desire to thwart their will as expressed through a General Court elected on this specific issue. I am content that the responsibility for this legislation should rest where it has been placed by the deliberate action of my fellow-citizens; and to remit to them, as the tribunal of final resort, for their approval or reversal, the policy adopted by their immediate representatives.

But I am not content that the withholding my formal assent to this bill shall be construed as a tacit approval of its provisions, or as indifference to the important principles it involves. I desire, by this direct method, to place upon record my earnest conviction that the restrictions it provides are not in accordance with the measure of regulation demanded by the people of the Commonwealth.

I am not unaware that, by a summary and unconditional repeal of existing statutes, it imposes a heavy burden upon the treasury; and that, releasing convicted violators of law in large numbers from the penalties due to their offences, it makes no provision to exclude

them from the full privileges of the Act; while a violation of the Act itself not only works a forfeiture of these privileges, but subjects the offender to fine and imprisonment. And further, that it remits to the chances and vicissitudes of municipal action, at annual meetings, that grave and momentous authority of legislating for the whole people of the Commonwealth by their representatives in General Court assembled, which is our constitutional guaranty for the enactment of laws impartially affecting and restraining all.

While I am not insensible to these and other minor but yet serious objections, I feel that there is another, which, in the magnitude of the threatened evil, overshadows all. The fourth section of the bill throws open public bars and tipping houses in every quarter of the State. It leads into temptation the young and the weak; it spreads a snare for the stranger and the unwary. It replaces thrift with waste; and the peace of quiet neighborhoods with boisterous and reckless disorder. It is destructive to the influences of the family and the fireside; adverse to good morals; and repugnant to the religious sentiment of the community.

To a measure like this, which as a citizen I could not support, as the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth I cannot affix my signature in approval; and declining to return it with my objections, for the reasons I have given, I refer it to the judgment and the conscience of all the people of Massachusetts.

ALEXANDER H. BULLOCK.

REPORT.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, May 7, 1868.

The Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the Message of His Excellency the Governor, of April 23d, 1868, respecting the Act to regulate the sale of Intoxicating Liquors, having fully examined and considered the subject, submit the following Report:

The Committee find, that on the seventeenth day of April last, an "Act. to regulate the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," having passed to be enacted, was laid before His Excellency for his revisal, as required by the constitution. On the twenty-third of April His Excellency, by the message under consideration, informed the House that the bill has failed to receive his approval. He did not, however, return the bill to the House, with his objections thereto, that the legislature might consider and act upon the same, as pro-

vided in the constitution, but informed the House that he had held back the bill for more than five days, so that it had become a law. This was by virtue of another provision of the constitution, made "to prevent unnecessary delays."

The Committee find that it has not been the custom, where a bill becomes a law by virtue of the provision to prevent delays, for the Governor to communicate that fact to the legislature. The practice has always been for the secretary of the Commonwealth to certify the fact, and append the statement to the Act, when it is published.

His Excellency, in his message, after informing the House that the bill has failed to receive his approval, proceeds to state his objections thereto. He says: "I desire, by this direct method, to place upon record my earnest conviction that the restrictions it provides are not in accordance with the measure of regulation demanded by the people of the Commonwealth;" that "it imposes a heavy burden upon the treasury;" that it relieves large numbers from the penalties for their offences against the prohibitory law, and makes no provision for excluding them from the privileges of the license law, from which, in his opinion, they ought to be excluded.

Another objection of His Excellency is, that "it remits to the chances and vicissitudes of municipal action, at annual meetings, that grave and momentous authority of legislating for the whole people of the Commonwealth, by their representatives in general court assembled, which is our constitutional guaranty for the enactment of laws impartially affecting and restraining all."

Denominating the above "serious objections," His Excellency proceeds to state another objection in these words: "I feel that there is another which, in the magnitude of the threatened evil, overshadows all." His Excellency then pronounces his opinion that the fourth section of the Act "leads into temptation the young and the weak, and spreads a snare for the stranger and the unwary. It replaces thrift with waste; and the peace of quiet neighborhoods with boisterous and reckless disorder. It is destructive to the influences of the family and the fireside; adverse to good morals, and repugnant to the religious sentiment of the community."

His Excellency concludes by saying of the Act, that it is one "which, as a citizen, I could not support; as the chief magistrate of the Commonwealth, I cannot affix my signature to in approval."

It is difficult to imagine more potent reasons for the disapproval of a bill than those above assigned by His Excellency. He denounces the Act as not conforming to the demands of the people

and as dangerous to good morals, to peace, to the sacred family relation and influences, and, finally, to religion itself; a law which, as a citizen, he cannot support, and to which, as chief magistrate, he cannot give his approval. Yet His Excellency has not returned the bill to the legislature, with his reasons for disapproval. On the contrary, he has voluntarily taken upon himself the sole responsibility of causing it to become a law just as it stood when presented to him, and has deprived the legislature of its constitutional privilege of hearing the objections of the Governor in season to take action upon the bill, and either reject it altogether or amend it, or pass it by the constitutional majority of two-thirds.

By voluntarily retaining a bill more than five days, the Governor is as much responsible for its becoming a law, in the very form in which it was presented to him, as if he had affixed to it his signature the moment it was placed in his hands. In each case, alike, the legislature is deprived of the opportunity of reconsidering and acting upon the bill, after receiving the benefit of his suggestions.

This anomalous and unprecedented situation of things calls upon the Committee to examine the subject in the light of the constitutional rights and duties of the people, the legislature and the executive.

By the constitution, the Governor is made a part of the legislative power, and has legislative functions assigned him, in the due execution of which the people have a deep interest. The people have provided a security to themselves against hasty and unwise legislation, by the general rule, that no bill shall become a law without the concurrence of two independent legislative houses and of the Governor. The approval of the houses is expressed by a vote of the majority of each, and that of the Governor by his signature. The express terms of the constitution are, (part II., chapter I., section 1, article 2 :) "No bill or resolve of the Senate or House of Representatives shall become a law and have force as such, until it shall have been laid before the Governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same."

Provision is then made for the only other alternative, viz., the Governor's having such objections to the bill that he is unwilling to sign it. The provision is this: "But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto in writing, to the Senate or House of Representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated, who

shall enter the objections sent down by the Governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve."

In the opinion of the Committee, these two modes are the only modes in which the Governor can properly deal with a bill laid before him for his revisal, where he has, as he had in this case, full time for its examination.

There is a provision of the constitution to protect the legislature against the effect of delays on the part of the Governor, whether accidental or intentional. It is in the following words: "And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the Governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law."

The Committee are clear in the opinion that this provision was not intended to afford to the Governor a third constitutional mode of discharging his duties as a part of the legislative power. It was intended only to prevent the will of the legislature being defeated by a Governor's keeping back a bill indefinitely, without discharging his constitutional duty of either approving or disapproving it, officially. That we are right in our view of the Governor's relations towards bills presented to him, we are assured by many considerations.

It is of the greatest importance that a law which all citizens are bound to obey, should go forth with the highest possible sanctions. The sanctions provided by the constitution are, the vote of the two houses and the signature of the Governor. This accounts for the first provision of the constitution. The second is made to meet the case of the Governor having objections so strong that he cannot affix his signature of approval. For such a contingency there is but one course provided, and that is clearly marked out, and rests upon the strongest reasons. It is not intended that in case of his disapproval the bill shall perish, but it is provided that the legislature may have an opportunity to amend it, and so secure the concurrence of the Governor. This is a valuable privilege of the people and of the legislature. To secure it, the constitution requires the Governor, if his objections are such that he cannot sign the bill, to return it to the legislature, not simply with a statement of his disapproval, but with his reasons therefor, that the legislature may have the benefit of the same; and in writing, that there may be no mistake or misunderstanding. It then becomes the duty of the legislature to reconsider the same, in the light of the Governor's objections. This privilege or opportunity of the legislature we

consider a sacred right in them and in the people they represent; and we consider it an equally sacred duty of the Governor to give the legislature that opportunity, before the bill shall have passed beyond the control of both, by the mere operation of time. The reasons for this are, that it is important that an Act should be made as perfect as possible by interchange of opinion, and that, if possible, it shall go the people with the sanction of the Governor's approval. A further reason is, that the constitution has provided a substitute for the Governor's signature, in a vote of two-thirds of each branch of the legislature. It is supposed that such a vote will present to the people, who are to obey the law, a sanction equivalent to the Governor's signature. But this vote of two-thirds can be obtained only in one way, viz.: by the Governor's returning the bill to the legislature before it shall become a law by lapse of time. It is, moreover, an essential prerequisite that the legislature shall have had the Governor's objections in writing before they shall proceed to the vote. The significance of this vote of two-thirds is not only in its numbers, but in the fact that it is made after a consideration of the Governor's objections. If we apply these principles and reasons to the present case, we find that the Governor has voluntarily, by withholding the bill more than five days, caused it to become a law without the advantage of the sanction of his signature; that he has deprived the legislature of the opportunity, if it should think fit, of revising the law so as to obtain his sanction; and of the further opportunity, in case it should not choose to amend the bill, of sending it forth to the people, with the sanction of a two-thirds vote of each branch, given after having heard the Governor's objections; and we further find that in addition to causing the bill to become a law, without the advantage of either of these sanctions, or a chance for obtaining them, His Excellency has by this message, sent the bill out to the public, whose obedience to it he, as executive, is required to enforce, with the stigma not only of his declared disapproval, but of his severest official and personal denunciations.

We are constrained, therefore, to report to the House, that in the unanimous opinion of the Committee, the course taken by His Excellency with reference to this bill, has no warrant of the constitution, and operates a very serious injury to the rights of the people and the legislature, and to the authority and dignity of the laws.

Our attention is now called to the legal nature of this message, and to the disposal to be made of it by the House.

There have been instances, where a Governor, after approving a

bill, has sent a message to the legislature explaining his approval, as where, at the end of a session, he has not had full time for consideration, or where he has, or thinks he might have, some objections to it, which are not sufficient to justify his returning the bill, but which he still wishes to place upon record. Although we doubt the propriety and utility of such a course, unless in some very special case, yet it has not the injurious effects of the course taken in the present instance; for, in the supposed case, the Act goes to the public with the sanction of the Governor's signature, the force of which will not be much diminished by any message of explanations.

The Committee find that it is also the custom for Governors to send messages to the legislature, calling its attention to subjects, which in their opinion may require legislation. The annual message is sent to both houses, in convention. Special messages of this description, sent for convenience to one house, and most frequently to the Senate, make some reference almost always in form, and always by implication, to the entire legislative body. In examining this message, we find that it is addressed to the House of Representatives only, and for the assigned reason that the bill originated in that House, as if the message had been a veto message. It nowhere refers to the entire legislative body, and makes no recommendations of legislation. Viewing the message in every light, we are persuaded that it is not and was not intended to be a message to the legislative body through the House of Representatives, recommending legislation, or communicating facts from the executive for the use of the legislative department.

We can see in it only an act of anomalous character; a denunciation of a bill which His Excellency took the sole responsibility of making into a law, before that branch of the legislature which passed it by a very large majority; the last step in a course attended by the evils we have endeavored to set forth, and which it is of the greatest importance we should prevent being drawn into a precedent.

His Excellency has stated some reasons why, disapproving the bill as he does, and refusing to sign it, he yet did not return it to the House with his objections. These deserve our serious consideration. They are contained in the following paragraph of his message:—

“Having publicly recognized, in my annual message, the judgment of the people, as decisively favoring a change of policy in regard to the traffic in intoxicating drinks, I have no desire to thwart their will as

expressed through a general court, elected on this specific issue. I am content that the responsibility for this legislation should rest where it has been placed by the deliberate action of my fellow-citizens; and to remit to them, as the tribunal of final resort, for their approval or reversal, the policy adopted by their immediate representatives."

Undoubtedly, the people did, at the late election, by a decisive majority, favor a change of policy, from a system of prohibition to a system of licenses. It is equally undoubted, that the elections did not determine the specific form or the details of the license system to be adopted. This is no where better expressed than in His Excellency's annual message: "After ample consideration and free discussion, they have expressed at the ballot-box, their emphatic disapproval of the prohibitory law, so-called, with its present penalties and methods of enforcement. Precisely what policy shall be adopted in its stead, they have not so distinctly intimated." As His Excellency further suggests, in his annual message, they necessarily left to the legislative power, the specific character and details of the new system. But in so doing, the people did not and could not relieve the Governor from his share in the exercise of that legislative power. This law, like all others, was to be made within the constitution. This law, like all others, was to be laid before the Governor for his revisal; and for this law as for all others, the people still required his revision and the responsibility, on his part, of either giving it his sanction by his signature, or returning it to the legislature, with his objections, that they might amend it so as to secure his approval, or be able to send it forth with the equivalent sanction of a two-thirds vote, had after a knowledge of his objections. We can see nothing in the late elections, that in the slightest degree relieves the Governor from the obligation to perform his duties, as a part of the legislative power, in respect to this Act, or as he suggests in the paragraph cited from this message, to throw the responsibility for this legislation upon the two houses solely; or in any novel and peculiar manner, to remit our action to the judgment of the people, securing himself from responsibility. His only mode of throwing the responsibility from himself upon the two houses would have been to return the bill to them with his objections.

We cannot see, therefore, that the reasons assigned by His Excellency are such, as in the discharge of our constitutional duty, we can defer to.

The remaining question is,—what disposal the House shall make

of the message? As the message is directed to the House only, and suggests no legislation, and communicates no facts for the use of the entire legislature, we do not think it necessary, or proper, to communicate it to the Senate or to seek any joint action upon it. The responsibility for its disposal lies with the House. We have not thought fit, in this Report to enter into any discussion of the soundness of the objections made by His Excellency to the statute. As he has by his course, deprived the House of the opportunities of reconsidering the bill in the light of his objections, we do not see that there is any mode in which the House can profitably or properly employ itself in a consideration of their merits.

With the views we entertain of the injurious and unwarranted course taken by the Governor with this Act, of which course this message is a part; and unable to see any reason, founded in law or sound policy, why this message should have been addressed to this House; and feeling that a decisive step on our part is necessary to prevent the course taken by His Excellency in this instance from passing into a precedent in some future case of conflicting opinions, we take the responsibility of advising the House to return the message to His Excellency, with a respectful statement of the reasons for so doing.

Per order,

RICH'D H. DANA, JR., *Chairman.*

