

HOUSE No. 1970

By Mr. Quinn of Boston, petition of Dean C. Cushing that certain trainees be allowed an opportunity to participate in pilot training programs being conducted by trade associations or labor unions. Commerce and Labor.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixty-Eight.

AN ACT TO PROMOTE JOB GROWTH IN MASSACHUSETTS BY ALLOWING CERTAIN TRAINEES AN OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN PILOT TRAINING PROGRAMS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 Section 9 of chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby
2 amended by striking out the first paragraph and substituting
3 the following:—

4 *Section 9. Special Certificates Authorizing Employment at*
5 *Lower Wages.*—For any occupation within the scope of the
6 minimum fair wage law, the commissioner may cause to be is-
7 sued to an employer of any learner, or trade association or
8 labor union conducting approved training programs for its
9 members, or of an employee under an approved apprentice
10 training program, or of an employee whose earning capacity
11 is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury,
12 or of an employee who is certified by the Massachusetts re-
13 habilitation commission as a handicapped person, a special
14 certificate authorizing employment at such wages, less than
15 the established minimum fair wage rates, and for such period
16 of time, as shall be fixed by the commissioner and stated in the
17 certificate.

It is the duty of the Government to provide for the support of the public schools, and to see that the same are properly managed and conducted.

The Government of the State

The Government of the State is divided into three branches, the Executive, the Legislative, and the Judicial.

The Executive branch is vested in the Governor, who is elected by the people for a term of four years. He is the chief executive officer of the State, and is responsible for the execution of the laws.

The Legislative branch is vested in the General Assembly, which consists of the Senate and the House of Representatives. It is the power of the Legislature to make laws, and to appropriate the public funds.

The Judicial branch is vested in the Supreme Court, which is composed of five Justices. It is the power of the Supreme Court to interpret the laws, and to determine the constitutionality of the same.

The Governor is elected by the people for a term of four years, and is eligible for re-election. He is the chief executive officer of the State, and is responsible for the execution of the laws.

The General Assembly is composed of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The Senate is composed of twenty members, and the House of Representatives is composed of thirty members. They are elected by the people for a term of two years.

The Supreme Court is composed of five Justices, who are elected by the people for a term of six years. It is the power of the Supreme Court to interpret the laws, and to determine the constitutionality of the same.

The Governor is the chief executive officer of the State, and is responsible for the execution of the laws. He is elected by the people for a term of four years, and is eligible for re-election.