

HOUSE No. 3557

By Mr. Doyle of Boston, petition of Charles Robert Doyle and another that the Department of Public Works be authorized to pay assignees of relocation payments. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Seventy-Two.

**AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS TO
PAY ASSIGNEES OF RELOCATION PAYMENTS.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 Section 7J of chapter 81 of the General Laws, as most
2 recently amended by chapter 162 of the acts of 1967, is
3 hereby further amended by adding at the end thereof the
4 following sentence: —

5 A relocatee may with the approval of the department assign
6 relocation payments and moving expense payments due to him
7 and the department shall pay to said assignee all or any portion
8 of said relocation payments or moving expense payments which
9 have been lawfully assigned and which the department has
10 determined would have been lawfully due to such relocatee,
11 provided such assignments are for the department, obtaining a
12 loan for a downpayment or replacement housing.

By the Clerk of the House of Representatives
of the United States of America
this 1st day of January, 1907.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

Article I. Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for a Term of six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Senators of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 4. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Electors in each State, shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 5. The House of Representatives may determine the Rules and Proceedings of its own House, and may punish its Members for Disobedience of its Orders, for Disorderly Behaviour, and for Contumacious Refusal to obey its lawful Resolutions, and may, by a two thirds Vote, expel a Member.

Section 6. The Senate shall have the sole and exclusive Power of Impeachment, and the House of Representatives shall have the sole and exclusive Power of trying all Impeachments, when seated; and no Trial shall take Place without the Presence of a Majority of the Members present.

Section 7. The House of Representatives shall have the sole and exclusive Power of originating all Bills for raising Revenue; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments to any Bill passed by the House before he shall come to a Passage.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to fix the Standard of Weights and Measures, to coin Money, to regulate the Value thereof, and the Use of it, to provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the same, to coin Money, to regulate the Value thereof, and the Use of it, to provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the same, to coin Money, to regulate the Value thereof, and the Use of it, to provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the same.